

WARMER
WEATHER FORECAST
FOR FORT WAYNE
AND VICINITY.
THUNDERSTORMS TONIGHT
OR TUESDAY; WARMER
TONIGHT.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

ESTABLISHED 1833.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 14, 1913.

16 PAGES—DAILY, 1 CENT.
SATURDAY, 5 CENTS.

Result
ALL ANSWERS TO ONE LITTLE AD
SENTINEL
WANT ADS
BRING THEM

SEEK WAY TO AVERT GREAT RAIL STRIKE

Representatives of Roads and Employes
Discuss Situation in White
House Conference.

NEWLANDS BILL MAY PAVE THE WAY

Washington, July 14.—Whether a strike of trainmen and conductors of the eastern railroads may be averted was the subject of a conference at the white house today between President Wilson and representatives of the employees of the railroads concerned.

President Wilson, Secretary Wilson, Chairman Newlands, of the senate interstate commerce committee; Chairman Clayton, of the house judiciary committee, and republican leader Mann, representing the government; President Samuel R. Bee, of the Pennsylvania Railroad; George W. Stevens, of the Chesapeake and Ohio; W. C. Brown, of the New York Central lines, and Frank Trumbull, chairman of the board of the Chesapeake and Ohio, representing the railroads; Presidents A. B. Garretson, of the Order of Railway Conductors, and W. G. Lee, of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, represented the employes.

Seth Low, president of the Civic Federation, which has endorsed the Newlands bill for amending the Erdman act to provide arbitration of railroad wage disputes in a manner satisfactory to the railroad men, also was expected to take part in the conference.

Concerns Two Bills.
Today's conference between the railroad men and the president concerns chiefly two bills pending in congress for amendment of the Erdman act providing means for arbitration of wage disputes. It is understood that both the brotherhoods and the railroads are satisfied with the Newlands bill already passed by the senate, but that the Clayton bill, introduced in the house, largely at the instance of Secretary Wilson, is not so satisfactory. The latter proposes that the secretary of labor should be included as one of the official mediators. There has been considerable objection to that feature. Chairman Clayton, of the house judiciary committee, who was one of the participants in the white house conference, declared there was no disposition to press his bill against the Newlands bill if it was apparent that both the railroads and their employes favored the Newlands measure. Acceptance by the house of the Newlands bill, as passed the senate, which also has been approved by the Civic Federation, would undoubtedly remove the possibility of a strike.

Mass of Documents.
President Wilson, on his arrival from Cornish, N. H., had before him a pile of documents on the situation which he said he would examine before the conference.

While the president has taken no stand in the matter, he let it be known that he did not regard as a serious obstacle the opposition of the board of mediation, though he felt that it was a most important question. With the exception of the threatened strike, the president had little pressing business before him and prepared to devote practically the entire day to the situation.

The unions are willing to meet the railroads in an effort to settle all differences by means of arbitration under the Newlands amendments to the Erdman act, according to the announcement of A. B. Garretson and W. G. Lee, heads of the railway trainmen who are here to attend the white house conference. The announcement of the railway managers, who said, was a complete reversal of

their previous declaration not to arbitrate.

ROADS REPLY TO ULTIMATUM.
Willing to Arbitrate Issue Under Newlands Bill Provisions.

New York, July 14.—The eastern railroads involved in the wage controversy with the trainmen and conductors issued a statement this afternoon through the conference committee of managers saying that they were willing to arbitrate the questions at issue under the provisions of the Newlands bill now before congress, but were still unwilling to proceed under the Erdman act. This is the roads' reply to the ultimatum submitted by the unions yesterday.

The statement says that the committee's policy has never changed, that it has consistently refused "to be coerced through threats of strikes into paying railroad employes wages out of all proportion to the duties performed. The managers have been consistent in contending that the Erdman act does not protect the interest of all parties concerned."

"Should the Newlands bill be enacted into law the committee will, of course, be willing to submit to arbitration by a board provided in the Newlands bill to deal with all questions of rates of pay and working conditions of conductors and trainmen."

The reply is addressed to Messrs. Lee and Garretson, heads of the trainmen and conductors' organizations, respectively, and signed by Elisha Lee, chairman.

Look Toward Washington.
Labor leaders and railroad heads looked toward Washington today, hopeful of a favorable outcome of the conference with President Wilson, through which officers of the National Civic Federation, railroad representatives and officers of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Order of Railway Conductors were to seek a solution of the crisis involving the demand for higher wages by 200,000 men on forty-five eastern roads. The roads having refused to arbitrate under the Erdman act in its present form, and the employes having refused to modify their demands, apparently the only compromise possible lay in alteration of the law by increasing the number of arbitrators from three to six, thus removing the railroads' chief objection to the act.

With a strike authorized by an overwhelming majority and ratified by general committees of both unions, Presidents Lee and Garretson of the trainmen and conductors, respectively, were authorized last night to defer calling a walkout pending the outcome of the Washington conference. Both left for Washington last night. In New York today there was to be a meeting of the managers' conference committee at which yesterday's decision by the unions was to be submitted.

KILLED AT OIL WELL.
Lyons, Ind., July 14.—Wayne Davidson, son of George Davidson, a merchant of this place, was killed today while working at the oil well of Wondersly & Watson, near here. Three other men were severely injured.

HOW NOTED ACTRESS, POPULAR IN FORT WAYNE, SPENDS HER VACATION.



MISS JULIA MARLOWE (Mrs. E. H. SOUTHERN) ON A PLEASURE YACHT JUST OFF HER LONG ISLAND SUMMER HOME, WHERE SHE IS "RESTING UP."

And Now Must We Pass an Ordinance to Make 'Em STOP Ringing 'Em?

IF I HAD ONLY A KNOWED
WHAT SPORT IT WAS TO
SEE 'EM JUMP SIDWAYS,
I'D A GOT A BELL LONG
AGO



TO CAMPAIGN FOR ALFALFA

Unique Effort Gets Under
Way at Paulding, O.,
Tomorrow.

WILL COVER COUNTY

(Special to The Sentinel.)
Paulding, O., July 14.—Leaving this city tomorrow morning in seventy-five automobiles, workers will formally launch the Paulding county alfalfa campaign. It will extend over three days during which every section of the county will be covered in the effort to promote the cultivation of alfalfa in this territory.

Eight stops are to be made daily, and at each of these skilled experts will talk upon the subject of alfalfa cultivation. The speakers are C. H. Allen, Toledo; P. D. Hadden, Chicago; Hon. A. P. Saunders, secretary Ohio state board of agriculture; Prof. A. R. Graham and Prof. A. G. McCall, of Ohio university, and Charles McIntyre, manager of the Ohio counties experiment farms at Wooster.

The campaign is being made under the auspices of the Paulding Commercial club, and it will be the most pretentious effort of its kind ever undertaken in the state. The local committee in charge includes J. R. Ross as chairman and C. L. Stephens as secretary.

CONFIRMS EARLY TALE OF HORROR

Indescribable Outrages by
Bulgarians as They
Flee Seres.

PILLAGE, BURN, SLAY

Saloniki, July 14.—The sacking and burning of the town of Seres by the defeated Bulgarian army and the accompanying outrages on women and atrocities on men were fully confirmed today in a dispatch from a well known Greek correspondent.

The retreating Bulgarian soldiers, he telegraphed, opened a cannonade with four field guns from a hill above the town on Friday. At the same time bands of Bulgarian soldiers, led by their officers, scoured the streets, first pillaging the stores and houses and then driving them with petroleum and setting them alight and the greater part of the town was burning.

The soldiers were accompanied by the notorious revolutionary column, Yankoff, who, with other former officers of the Bulgarian army, was very active in Macedonia in 1903. Even the foreign consulates in Seres were not spared, according to the correspondent.

The Austro-Hungarian consular offices were plundered and burned. Vice Consul George C. Zlatko being carried off by the marauders, but subsequently ransomed. The Italian consulate also was sacked, but the consul bought off the incendiaries.

(Continued on Page 5, Column 2.)

FIRE FOLLOWS AIRSHIP PLUNGE

Charred Bodies of Airmen
Found Under Wreck-
age of Aeroplane.

WERE PINNED DOWN

Versailles, France, July 14.—The charred wreckage of an aeroplane, with the incinerated bodies of two aviators lying in the ashes, was found this morning on the railroad from Paris to Granville.

The dead flying men were recognized as a man named Perin, who was experimenting with a new monoplane of his own invention, and his son, who had accompanied him as mechanic. Their aeroplane capsized from an unknown cause at a height of 150 feet. It fell with a crash to the ground and the violence of the impact caused the fuel tank to explode. Pinned beneath the motor, the aviators were unable to extricate themselves and were burned to death.

GERMAN AIRMAN KILLED.

Muchhausen, Germany, July 14.—A young German aviator named Dietrichs, was killed here today. While landing he brought his aeroplane too abruptly to earth, it overturned and he was killed beneath the motor.

PASSENGERS ARE DRIVEN OFF CARS

Wild Disorder Marks Street
Railway Strike at Lexington, Ky.

APPEAL FOR MILITIA

Lexington, Ky., July 14.—Wildest disorder marked the attempt of the Kentucky Traction company to operate cars with strike-breakers today and as a result an appeal has been made for state troops. The new men were pulled off the cars as soon as they reached the heart of the city. The car was filled with passengers but every one was ejected by the strikers. Another car was burned on the tracks and the company abandoned its efforts by 8 o'clock. A score of arrests were made while a number of strike breakers and deputy sheriffs were badly beaten.

Frank Douglas, secretary to Governor McCreary, is in the city and has asked the governor to send troops to guard the cars and strike breakers. Circuit Judge Kerr has also been asked to call out the Lexington military company to take charge of the situation and suppress the rioting.

The men struck on Saturday for higher wages and recognition of their newly formed union.

SMOOT SENDS IN HIS SUBSTITUTE

Lowest Wool Schedule Ever
Submitted by Any Republican Member.

BOARD'S REPORT BASE

Washington, July 14.—Senator Smoot, republican member of the finance committee, introduced today a substitute for the wool schedule of the Underwood-Simmons bill proposing rates based directly upon the report of the tariff board and adopting in each grade the lowest rate. The schedule is lower than that introduced last year by Senator Penrose as a substitute for the Underwood wool bill and is the lowest of all wool schedules ever introduced by a republican senator. As a substitute for free raw wool, the smoot schedule divides raw wool into three grades and establishes rates ranging from 7 to 18 cents per pound. Class one wools, made of 10 cents per pound if secured and 15 cents per pound on cleaned content, if imported in the grease, include Merino wools imported usually from Buenos Ayres, New Zealand, Egypt, Austria, Cape of Good Hope, Russia, Great Britain, Morocco, down coming wools and Canadian long wools.

(Continued on Page 5, Column 2.)

HAD TRIED TO GIVE 'EM AWAY

Mulhall Denies That He
Peddled N. A. M. Documents for Profit.

SOUGHT TO DO A PUBLIC SERVICE

Former Lobbyist Declares
He Did Not Want Money
for Exposure.

Washington, July 14. Martin M. Mulhall, self-styled lobbyist for ten years for the National Association of Manufacturers interrupted the senate lobby investigation today to reply to what he declared were personal attacks upon his character and his purpose in the expose in which he became the central figure of the lobby inquiry.

He denied that he had tried to sell the great mass of papers and letters which were recently published, and which are now in the hands of the senate committee. Later he said, he proposed to introduce witnesses and letters to show that he had been engaged for months in "trying to give away" the great file of correspondence which has brought officers of the National Association of Manufacturers and labor leaders and congressmen into prominence.

Didn't Want Money.

Mulhall's statement was made in connection with his request that he be allowed to read a letter he had written May 4, 1913, to Thornton Maywell, editor of Hearst's Magazine, asking him to have William E. Hearst make the mass of letters public through his publications. This letter reiterated former statements that the writer did not want money, but wanted to get his lobbying documents published "as a service to the public."

"I have attempted for the past two months to give them away," Mulhall told the committee. "I never had in mind the questions of the money I would receive for them."

Could Have Gotten More.

"But you did sell them later to the New York World," asked Senator Reed. "I did not sell them," said Mulhall. "I fell into the hands of a gentleman named Barry, who came to look at the letters for Mr. Hearst. I have learned since that he is what is known as a newspaper tipster. The letters were given to the New York World, but later Mr. Barry came and wanted me to break the contract with the World, saying he could get \$150,000 for the letters from the National Association of Manufacturers. I said the letters were not for sale; that the National Association of Manufacturers did not have money enough to buy them; that I had no proposition of blackmail in connection with them."

At this point Mulhall's statement was interrupted by the committee. He said he wanted Editor Maxwell and Louis Schold, of the New York World, and other witnesses called in his behalf. Mr. Schold is already under subpoena by the committee.

House Committee Halted.

The house committee appointed to investigate the Mulhall charge was unable to proceed today, owing to monopolization of the witness by the senate, and is considering taking a recess for two weeks.

It was reported shortly before the committee resumed examination of the witness that the manufacturers' organization had a large number of letters which it was proposed to hand to the committee for use in its cross examination. These letters were said to be of value.

(Continued on Page 5, Column 1.)

SEEKING NOW TO FIX BLAME

For Trolley Collision in
Which 12 Were Killed
and 250 Injured.

FRIGHTFUL WRECK NEAR LOS ANGELES

Curve in Tracks Hid Stationary Cars from Oncoming Train.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 14. Investigation was begun today to fix the blame for the Pacific electric accident last night at Vineyard station, where twenty persons were killed and nearly 250 injured. The curve in the tracks of the Venice short line at the place is held partly responsible for the failure of the motorman to see the stationary cars with which his train collided. The motorman was missing today. His body was not found in the debris, although it was thought certain that he had been killed.

Carroll Bartholomew, conductor of the last car of the stationary train, said he made an effort to "dig down" the approaching cars, but that the motorman failed to observe his signals. Stories of the accident related by passengers on the two trains differ widely and much difficulty will be experienced in reaching the truth. The crash came so suddenly that only those on the rear car of the standing train had any warning.

Curve Obscured View.

With the crash of wood and metal and the cries of passengers the motor car of the last train drove into the rear of the center train. The motorman of the moving train had given full speed. A curve had prevented his seeing the standing cars.

The rear of the stationary train was filled to capacity and the aisles were crowded with passengers. The seats were shifted as a deck of cards by the impact. Those who stood were crushed against each other into the far end of the car. The lights went out. Arthur Hill, a sailor from the torpedo boat Plant Jones, carried out eight bodies, including that of a woman gripping an infant's body in her arms.

Few of the Christian Endeavor delegates were in the trains. The headquarters of the Toronto delegation of 125 in number that none of the Canadian visitors were in the wreck. Practically all of those killed and injured were residents of Los Angeles and suburbs.

Helen Hane, of Escondido, Mich., was reported today as probably fatally injured. Her body was crushed.

C. B. Craig and his wife, of Detroit were internally injured and their condition is serious. Of the dead, four men remained unidentified early today, two Japanese and two white.

The Known Dead.

The known dead:
Miss Edna Patter, Ollie W. Axley, San Francisco; Miss Veronica Miller, Los Angeles; Merle Evans, Los Angeles; William Taylor, John Barnham and Edward Murr, addresses unknown. P. B. Forrester, motorman of the wrecked train, missing.

The names of few of the injured were known early today. It was thought virtually all were from Los Angeles or vicinity.

While no formal statements have been issued by railroad officials, they are inclined to place the blame for the accident on Forrester, the motorman, and the conductor of the stationary train lacking Forrester's story, no clear account of what happened has been obtainable as yet.

When the Firemen Went Fishing

WHEN a fireman gets a little lull, he lies himself far away from scenes of possible conflagration. A place in a boat out in the middle of a lake is just about as contrastly a place as could be desired. Therefore, the other day, a party consisting of Assistant Fire Chief George Jasper, Lieutenant Theodore Wadka, and Firemen Sellers and Veight, when they got a day off, started forthwith to Long lake for a fishing event.

In order to put in a full day, they were ready to start at about 1:30 in the morning, and at that hour all three, with a driver, piled into an automobile and whizzed out of town toward the north. It was dark, of course, and the coolness of the air of the early morning was of the kind which caused Huckelberry Finn, at a similar hour, to remark that it "smelled late." The stillness of the streets and the quietness of the farm yards was broken only by the whizz of the machine as it sped past and disappeared in the darkness beyond. Soon they were approaching the plant of the Fort Wayne Brick and Tile Co., north of town—Ed Miller's place—and right there the machine proceeded to refuse to whizz any more. It stopped. The driver got out and looked it over. It didn't take him long to find that there was no gasoline in the tank. It was then 2 o'clock. From that time forward they made a house-to-house canvass of the territory for a mile in either direction seeking for gasoline. The whole countryside was finally awakened, and when the dawn approached, the seekers, one by one, came in to report. Luckily, one of them found a small supply at a farm house. This was just a little after 5 o'clock. All of the party, excepting Mr. Jasper, had reported. No-



Sitting on a pile of brick.

body had seen the assistant chief. Here was a new alarm, and a fresh expedition was formed to find him. At about 5:30 he was discovered. "We found him," explained Mr. Sellers, "sitting on a pile of brick at the brick yard, sound asleep, with his fishing rod in his hand. It was a shame to wake him up, too, because he was catching a good deal more in his dreamland lake than all of us together and that was at Long lake."

Reed Shoe Co.

The Best Shoe Bargains in Town
Are Being Offered in

Reed Shoe Company's July Clearance Sale

Prices That Will Actually Surprise You

It will more than pay you to attend this

Great Clearance Sale of
High-Grade Shoes and
Oxfords for Men, Women
and Children

Big Lots—Women's
\$3.50 and \$4.00 Ox-
ford Ties and Pumps
in Patents, Suedes,
Satin, Velvet and
Dull Leathers... **\$2.95**
Sale Price...

Big Lots—Women's
\$4.50 and \$5.00 Low
Shoes in Patent,
Suedes, Satins and
Dull Leathers... **\$1.79**
Sale Price...

Big Lots—Misses' \$2.50 and \$3.00 Strap Pumps in
Patents, Velvets and Dull Leathers. **\$1.59**
Sale Price

Big Lots—Men's \$3.50
and \$4.00 Tan, Russia
and Gun Metal But-
ton and Blucher Ox-
fords. Sale **\$2.45**
Price

Big Lots—Boys' \$2.50
and \$3.00 Oxford Ties
in Patent and Gun
Metal Calf. **\$1.19**
Sale Price

NO APPROVALS—NO CHARGES DURING SALE.

Reed Shoe Comp'y

716-718 Calhoun Street

The Leading Shoe Dealers

BRYAN'S SALARY WILL NOT REACH

Declares He is Forced Back
on Lecture Platform to
Meet Expenses.

PAY IS INADEQUATE

Ashville, N. C., July 14.—During the delivery of a paid Chautauqua lecture at Hendersonville, near here, yesterday, William Jennings Bryan, secretary of state, defended his position on the lecture platform, asserting that he was forced to lecture in order to meet his legitimate expenses. Afterward Mr. Bryan wrote out a statement on the subject for the newspaper men present, as follows:

"As this is my first Chautauqua lecture since becoming a member of the cabinet, it may not be out of place to say that I find it necessary to lecture in order to supplement the salary which I receive from the government, the salary not being sufficient to cover my expenses."

"As I have lectured for eighteen years, this method of adding to my in-

come is the most natural one to which to turn, and I regard it as extremely legitimate.

"I know of no better audience than the Chautauqua audience. I did not think it improper to go from the Chautauqua platform into a presidential race, and, if I had been elected president, I should have thought it no stepping down to return to the Chautauqua platform."

"These meetings enable me to keep in touch with the people. I know of no better opportunity than they offer to present a message worth presenting to those to whom it is worth while to present a message."

Several thousand people heard Mr. Bryan.

CONFIRMS EARLY TALE OF HORROR

(Continued from Page 1)

The bank of Athens, the Oriental bank, the Palace of the Metropolitan, the great synagogues, all the schools, the tobacco warehouses of the American, Austrian and German companies and the hospitals were burned after they had been pillaged.

The American Tobacco company alone suffered to the extent of \$1,000,000. Many people were crucified, hanged to pieces or burned alive by the maddened Bulgarians, who committed incredible outrages on women of all ages, many of whom died from the effects.

The condition of those who escaped is lamentable. Rich merchants are dead from hunger, while wretched mothers are trying to find covering and food for their naked and starving children.

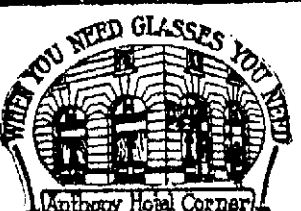
The situation is desperate as all the pharmacies are burned down and there is a total lack of medicine for the sick and bandages for the injured. The Greek authorities in Saloniki are rushing foodstuffs, clothing and medicines to the stricken town.

RATTLESNAKE BABY'S TOY.

Child Carries Reptile Into House, But Escapes Harm.

Bellevue, Fla., July 14.—J. H. Maxwell, Jr., 2-year-old son of J. H. Maxwell, of this place, is alive and playing just as usual despite the fact that he had as a playmate for a few minutes a rattlesnake which he picked up in the yard of his father's home. The little fellow came running into the house with the snake in his hand, laughing at his find. The snake was wriggling and attempting to strike him when his father seized and killed it.

C. W. Moore and E. W. Mitchell, painters at the Pennsylvania shops, are at Pleasant Lake for a week's outing.



ROGERS' EYESIGHT SPECIALIST

LEGAL RATE LOANS

2 PER CENT PER MONTH

We loan \$5 to \$100 and from one to twelve months' time. We have not changed our plan of long time and easy payments, which has become so popular with the borrowing public. On the other hand we have lowered our rates to conform to the new law, under which we operate and are licensed and bonded to the state of Indiana.

We loan on household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, fixtures, etc., without removal. Mail or phone applications receive prompt attention.

FORT WAYNE LOAN CO.
ESTABLISHED 1895.
Room 2, 2d Floor 706 Calhoun St.
Home Phone 833, Fort Wayne, Ind.

SON OF BEAUTIFUL INDIAN GIRL AND "SQUAW MAN" AT LAST COMES INTO HIS OWN.



ALICE, THE DAUGHTER OF WAH-TELA, AND HER UNCLE, "RUNS-WITH-THE-WIND."

Wounded Knee, S. D., July 14.—An old romance of the reservation, back in the days of the tolerant frontier and the open range, has just come to light. And the son of a famous "squaw man" and a beautiful Indian girl has at last come into his heritage.

Ben Tibbets was a Philadelphia horse car driver who enlisted when Lincoln first called for troops, served through the war, and then went with Gen. Sheridan to Montana. After several years' service against the Indians he left the army and drifted onto the Pine Ridge reservation in South Dakota.

Tibbets now had considerable property gained in trade with the Indians. Then he met Alice, the beautiful half-breed daughter of Wah-tela, who was a full-blooded Sioux, and of "Ecceby the French," who was descended from an old "voyageur."

Alice was 18, and had inherited her father's good looks. She was living on Clay Creek with her mother, Wah-tela, and Wah-tela's latest consort, Nicolas

Janise, representative of the American Fur Co. in the Black Hills.

Those were days of easy unions. White men bought and sold squaws, in Indian fashion.

Tibbets bought—not Alice, but her mother, Wah-tela, paying Janise many head of cattle and horses. And Alice came with her mother.

For several years the family kept together. The three lived a life partly Indian and partly civilized. The Tibbets brand became known from Canada to Texas, and he was the wealthiest "squaw man" on the Dakota plain. And Alice became the belle of the reservation.

There was another beautiful half-breed on the reservation, Emily Janise, who was bright and spoke English French and Sioux.

Tibbets married her, forsaking Wah-tela. And about the same time Alice, courted by cowboys, soldiers and officials, married a commissary department clerk named George White, and went to live with him in government quarters.

Then came the tragedy of the beautiful half-breed girl. Five months after the wedding she gave birth to a baby boy. Everybody talked. Some of his associates twitted White about it. He loved the girl, but could not stand the shame of it and deserted her, a broken-hearted man.

Tibbets then came forward, got Alice to go back with her baby to old Wah-tela, and gave Wah-tela \$50 in cash and 100 head of cattle to care for them.

Tibbets would have taken the baby into his own home, but his wife Emily hated the boy and threatened to kill him. Wah-tela hid him several days in the brush through fear. Alice did not long afterwards.

The boy grew up on the reservation, went to the government school, married and prospered in a modest way. His parentage was always in doubt, though he called himself William White Tibbets.

A year ago Tibbets died, and his wife Emily followed him. He left an estate of \$50,000 in money and numberless cattle and horses still running on the reservation.

The obvious heir was a half-breed girl that Tibbets and Emily had adopted. But William White Tibbets, son of Alice White, asserted his claim, and a Pennington-co. circuit court jury at Rapid City has just declared him to be the natural son of Ben Tibbets "constructively adopted" by him and co-heir to his name and estate.

FEDERAL COURTS TO GET THE MEN

Police Willing to Surrender
Men Held for Robbing
Cars.

ALSO AFTER FULLER

If United States Attorney Charles W. Miller feels that the federal government can secure the conviction of Clarence S. Storer, Walter J. Malone, Albert C. Ginter and James Underwood, held by the local police on a charge of robbing express cars on the Pennsylvania road, the men will be turned over to the government officials tomorrow. The police officers and Capt. Stoll and his men from the Pennsylvania police force have agreed to this and Commissioner Thomas J. Logan has written Mr. Miller asking him for advice.

In event this is done new arrests will be made and the men will have informal hearings before Mr. Logan, who will fix their bonds, and if they can not give surety they will be taken to Indianapolis if the usual custom is followed.

Also After James Fuller.

Mr. Logan is in receipt today of a letter from Mr. Miller in which he asks him to ascertain whether or not there is good prospect of convicting James Fuller, alias Roy Bates, in the Allen circuit court.

Mr. Miller says that the United States government is anxious to get hold of Fuller and that if there is a failure to convict here or the evidence appears weak he will have an affidavit taken against him and send him to Cleveland where he is wanted for an infraction of the federal laws.

WANTED—Ten girls, 17 to 18 years of age. Good pay and steady work. Apply at Lamp Works, Holman St.

HUNT FOR PENAL FARM SITE.

State Commission Sends Out Letters Giving Specifications.

Indianapolis, July 14.—The Indiana State Farm commission, appointed by Governor Ralston, as provided in an act of 1913, to select a site for a penal farm, is sending out requests for information concerning available sites. A tract of not less than 500 acres is desired. An appropriation of \$50,000 has been made for its purchase. The law specifies that the land selected must have natural resources and advantages for various forms of husbandry, fruit growing, stock raising, brick making and the preparation of road and paving material. It must also have good railroad, drainage and water facilities. No donations or other inducements will be considered in the selection of the land, and no site will be considered that lacks any of the specified requirements. W. H. Hart, secretary of the committee, with offices in the Lombard block, Indianapolis, has charge of the correspondence.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE O. R. C. AND B. R. T.

There will be a joint special meeting held in Unity hall, Tuesday, July 15, 1913, at 2 p. m. and 8 p. m. C. F. MATOTT, C. F. FISSEL.

HEAVY BOND FOR A CHECK WRITER

Earl E. Newell is Regarded as Dangerous Man With Pen.

SHOT WHILE RUNNING

Earl E. Newell, a young man who proved his facility with the pen by several check operations on which he raised various sums of money in Fort Wayne, was bound over to the grand jury when his case was called in the city court this morning. Judge Mungovan fixed Newell's bond at \$2,000.

Attorney Thomas E. Moorhead, counsel for Newell, wanted to enter a plea of nolo contendere and throw his client on the mercy of the court, but the offense charged is a felony and the city court had no jurisdiction to dispose of the case and preliminary examination was waived.

The specific offense charged was the uttering of a worthless check on which Newell got \$25 from Dan Clemens, proprietor of the Alt Heidelberg hotel and cafe. The check was written on an Indianapolis bank. Similar operations for various sums had been carried on by Newell at the Wayne hotel, Helme Brothers, haberdashers, and John Helme, camp, saloonist. The police believe Newell has cashed checks to the amount of over \$200 in this city.

Shot While Fleeing.

Newell has been in town for some time and being a flashy fellow with amiable qualities and a readiness to spend money, made friends easily. He is a son of Henry Newell, a well to do and respectable citizen of Garrett, Ind. Newell slipped away from the Wayne hotel, leaving a bill unpaid and officers were looking for him because his check operations had come under suspicion. Sergeant L. O. Crawley found him early Sunday morning in a club with companions having a good time. Newell was allowed to walk with the sergeant to the police station instead of being taken over in the wagon, and when they reached headquarters he made a dash for liberty. Crawley started in pursuit, but Newell was fleet and the officer fired his revolver, the bullet grazing the fugitive's thigh and inflicting a painful, though not serious flesh wound. Captain Rundell, Motorcycle Officer Eisen and Prosecutor Stephen A. Callahan, who were in the station, heard the shot and joined the pursuit. Capt. Rundell found Newell in a stairway on East Washington street, near the home of A. L. Riegel. Newell surrendered himself without further trouble and was locked up.

Sergeant Crawley says he did not fire with the intention of hitting Newell and thinks the bullet must have glanced from the pavement and struck the fleeing man.

Newell's father came here to render what assistance he could to his son and may procure his release on bond. Prosecutor Callahan says he will resist reduction of the bond of \$2,000.

Parents Much Shocked.

Mr. Newell was keenly sensible of his son's disgrace and stated that the young man's mother was completely prostrated at her home in Garrett.

DENIES HIS GUILT; NOT HORSETHIEF

Frank Miller Says He Did Not Steal Animal at Huntington.

IS TAKEN AT DELPHOS

The man giving his name as Frank Miller, age 23, who was arrested at Delphos, Ohio, Saturday, and taken to Huntington on a charge of being the robber who stole a horse from Frank Lovell, formerly of Fort Wayne, but now of Huntington, denies that he is the man who took the horse. He also denies that he robbed the barn of J. M. Denny, living a short distance from Fort Wayne on the Huntington road, of a set of double harness. The man says his name is not Frank Miller, but that a man of that name stole the horse and the harness and gave them into his possession. The real Frank Miller, he says, is his father, whom he says is a member of a well organized gang of horse thieves.

MILITANT ONES DEFY THE COURTS

Mrs. Pankhurst and Miss Kenney Are Landed in Jail Once More.

CAUGHT AFTER CHASE

London, July 14.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and Miss Annie Kenney, two of the militant suffragette leaders, defied the government and courts this afternoon by appearing at the weekly meeting of the Women's Social and Political union. Miss Kenney was arrested during the uproar caused by a clash between the police and sympathizers with the suffragettes.

After the meeting Mrs. Pankhurst evaded the officers but she was captured later in the day by a detective who saw her leave the place in a taxicab and pursued her in another. The two vehicles engaged in a wild race through the crowded streets but the fugitive militant was at length run down and taken to jail.

Mrs. Pankhurst said she had come to the meeting against her doctor's order but if she was well enough to be tortured in prison by Reginald McKenna, the home secretary, she was also well enough to attend a meeting of her comrades. Holding up two of her licenses under the "cat and mouse" act, Miss Kenney asked for bids for them and they were sold by auction for \$30 each.

TAKEN OUT IN ROWBOATS.

Passengers P. escaped from Marooned Pennsylvanian Train in Ohio.

Marionetta, O., July 14.—Thirty-five passengers on a north-bound Pennsylvania passenger train marooned at Strasburgville, near here, were rescued this afternoon when trainmen and farmers cut open the top of the coaches and carried the passengers out in rowboats. Reports this afternoon were that the waters, greatly swollen by the freshet in the Muskingum river, were receding and that trains in this vicinity would move regularly within a few hours.

JOINT SUNDAY AND CIRCUS AFTERMATH

Judge Mungovan Cleans Up
Record-Breaking Monday Docket.

NEWS OF THE POLICE

As a joint aftermath of circus day and Sunday Judge Mungovan in the city court today faced a record-breaking Monday morning docket and save for two or three necessary continuances made a clean-up. Fifteen drunks, almost thirty vagabonds and loiterers and persons arrested for larceny, forgery, disorderly conduct, wife desertion and assault and battery made up the docket. Some of the vags and loiterers were of a job lot picked up Thursday night and Friday and continued until today to keep them out of the way during the stay of the circus Saturday. The police station had a terrible congestion over Sunday and Sunday night until the city court relieved it today. Most of the delinquents were turned loose and warned to find work or the way out of town.

Forfeited His Bond.

Louis Larson, who said he was the son of a wealthy man at Lima, Ohio, when booked for loitering, was arrested Saturday night at the Nickel Plate depot, where his hand was found exploring another man's pocket. He had been having a taste of high life with a pair of lively chicks who frequent the cheaper cafes. After his arrest he employed Attorney Thomas G. Moorhead and put up a cash bond for his appearance today. When his case was called he failed to appear, although his attorney was on hand, and a fine was imposed that wiped out his bond and left nothing for his "mouthpiece."

Was With Gang of "Dips."

James Connolly, a colored man, was caught in the net at the show grounds Saturday evening when he interfered with Police Captain Rundell, who with some of his men were breaking up a "flying wedge" of pickpockets attempting to operate in the crowd as the show grounds were being cleared. Connolly put up a fight and had to be maced before he submitted. He was fined \$5 and costs, which he paid.

Was Insolent to an Officer.

Henry Richter, on duty as an assistant watchman at the East Wayne Knitting mills Saturday night used foul language to Officer Goodrich when the police came to the mill office with three fellows he had picked up early Sunday morning on the show grounds. Officer Goodrich testified that Richter's talk was unrespectable. Part of it Richter admitted. He had counsel in court, and the charge of resisting an officer was changed to disorderly conduct, upon conviction of which he was fined \$15 and costs.

Other Cases Disposed Of.

Byron Cook, a vag arrested by Officer Spillner, had been foul-mouthed and begging, and got fifteen days.

Whitely (Ed) Lauer, arrested for stealing three bottles of beer from the sidewalk in front of the Berghoff brewery, was given \$1 and costs and one day in jail and went over to serve all of it.

Thomas Lynch, drunk, drew eleven days; John Sloan, loiterer, eleven days; John Crosscut, loiterer, eleven days; John Haley, drunk, who was doing a dance in Grand street, eleven days; John Eckles, who had been "drunk since the flood," according to Officer Spillner's testimony, eleven days.

Judge Mungovan told Jim Mass, an Indian with the weakness of his race for firewater, that his smile was worth \$15 and let him go.

The case of Charles Fickel, charged with wife desertion and arrested at Bryan, Ohio, a few days ago, was continued to July 22.

Charles Delvarder, held for loitering, will have a hearing next Thursday. He was arrested by Officer Goodrich.

Other drunks, vagabonds and loiterers were turned loose.

NOTES OF THE POLICE.

After working hard all day Saturday selling "redhots" near the circus grounds, Henry Carpenter stretched himself out in his tent for a nap. When he awoke he found that a pocket that had contained \$12, the proceeds of his merchandising in winemost, had been cut out and his money stolen.

When they were pointed out to Sergeant Gallentine Saturday night, two young fellows who had been trying to sell an automobile tire to Brosius & Brosius, on East Columbia street, took to their heels and beat the officer in a foot race. The men explained at the store that they had taken the tire from the circus because they had been discharged without being paid their wages.

J. F. Ellison, a hostler, reports to the police that while he was sleeping in a barn at 1721 Calhoun street someone cut his watch loose from a leather fob and took the timepiece and at the same time made way with \$5 cash.

Miss Linda Ponce, 212 West Wayne street, reports that while she was absent from home watching the circus parade Saturday her home was entered and \$12 taken. A gold watch and other jewelry on her dressing stand from which the money was taken the thief did not molest.

Mrs. Hannah M. Rhodes, 826 East Wayne street, tells the police that she was flim-flamed out of \$30 by two colored men who accosted her near the court house Saturday afternoon and told her they had just found a purse containing a \$100 and a \$50 bill. They offered to divide if change could be made. Mrs. Rhodes had \$5 in hand and \$25 in the bank and she gave the five and a check. The men were not on hand to meet the colored woman at 6 o'clock as they had agreed and she complained to the police, who told her that her part in the game was also criminal if the money had really been found.

Morris Crumb is mourning the loss of \$65 which he imprudently displayed in the Riegel cigar store at the transfer corner Sunday afternoon just before he started for Robison park. A little later he discovered that his money had been taken while he jostled with the crowd, around the park cars. Crumb is a farmer living south of the city.

Yardmaster C. F. Malcolm, of the Washburn, is sick and off duty and Night Yardmaster Harry Frost has charge of the yards in the meantime.

LEWIS' ATTIRE TURNS THE TIDE.

Garb of Illinois Senator
Turns Ball Game Tide to
Democrats.

WAS A GREAT CONTEST

Washington, July 14.—When Senator James Hamilton Lewis, resplendent in blue coat with pencil stripes, white trousers, shoes and socks, wandered aimlessly down the third base line of the American league ball park here Saturday, the turning point of the ball game being played between the democratic and republican lawmakers in congress was reached.

Senator Lewis chose the psychological moment to wander into the field, starting just as Representative Eugene X. Kinkead, of New Jersey, connected with the ball for a bounder which went in the direction of Representative Richard W. Austin, of Tennessee, who was essaying to play left field for the republicans.

The game, which was being played for the benefit of the Washington Playgrounds association, at that time stood four for the democrats and two for the republicans. The democrats had three lawmakers on the bags, after two had "fanned" at the tempting curves of Representative Thomas C. Patten, of New York. Representative Austin came gracefully toward the bounding sphere, while Representative Kinkead lumbered slowly in the direction of first base. He should have been an easy out.

But Representative Austin sighted Senator Lewis at the moment he stooped to grab the ball, and Senator Lewis in all his glory was too much for the genial member from Tennessee. He collapsed and fell full length to the ground, amid the laughter of the crowd, while Representatives Thomas J. Scully, of New Jersey; Walter Elder, of Louisiana, and James T. McDermott, of Chicago, ambled across the plate in front of Representative Kinkead, whose lightly hit ball rolled to the fence and went for a home run for the gent from New Jersey.

When the game was called on account of rain the score stood: Democrats, 29; Republicans, 4; Washington Playgrounds association, \$700.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire in this manner to extend our heartfelt thanks to our friends and neighbors, also the local order of Linemen and to the Rev. Evans and choir who so kindly assisted us during the sickness and death of our beloved son and brother, Harry Crowl.

PARENTS AND BROTHERS.

WANTED—Ten girls, 17 to 18 years of age. Good pay and steady work. Apply at Lamp Works, Holman St.

14-16-19

\$12 Is the Lowest Price

at which you can buy an accurate, showable watch. At any price less than that, something essential must be sacrificed.

THE \$12 ELGIN IS A REAL WATCH

Remarkable factory economies enables the Elgin people to turn out such an accurate timekeeper for \$12.

For Either Ladies or Men.

Franklin and Kerber

816 CALHOUN ST.

ESTABLISHED 1863

\$5 TO \$100

LOWER COST OF LOANS

The cost on all loans was reduced by us and will continue in force until further notice. While our rates before were quite low, we have again made a material reduction.

We would like to have you get acquainted with us and our equitable manner of doing business.

We are surprisingly different from the ordinary loan company you hear and read about. Confidential, private and courteous attention always.

If you own furniture, a piano or other chattels or have regular employment we make you a loan on your own note.

Indiana Loan Co.

211-212 Shoaff Bldg., 2nd Floor

Estab. 1895. Home Phone 995

A Man-to-Man Question

Do you spend your money without making comparisons?

Many men right in this city have stopped my customers, admired the suit they wore, then said: "You know, I paid \$25 for this suit I have on, and if you only paid \$15.00 for yours, I believe I got 'stung'—but he wasn't 'stung'—he simply BOUGHT WITHOUT MAKING COMPARISONS—paid his clothier \$10.00 more profit than I ask you to pay for garments of the VERY SAME QUALITY.

\$10-\$15-\$20

will buy a Suit in my store that will stand the most rigid comparison with any \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00 or \$30.00 garment in Fort Wayne.

Just Right Clothes
Theo. J. Israel
1011 CALHOUN ST.

NEWS OF FORT WAYNE'S NEIGHBORS

THIS HOUSE HOODOO TO MARRIED LIFE

Secret Domicile Has Caused Wreck of Cunnubial Craft as Court Records Show.

Amber, Ind., July 14.—There is a house on North Johnson street, Garrett, that seems to be hoodooed. Four married people who have occupied it have seen their matrimonial crafts wrecked on the premises and the place has witnessed all kinds of troubles.

The last fated couple was Earl Brown and his wife, Nellie. Mrs. Brown was formerly the wife of a railroad car porter at Port Clinton, O., and one day her husband was killed in an accident. To recompense her she was given a sum of money. She was young and the needs of widowhood did not become her and one day she met Earl and, it is said, that a wedding followed the first meeting. They came to Garrett and made their home with Brown's mother. The hoodooed house in that neighborhood was offered for sale and last spring she gave her husband the money to buy it.

Her story of the troubles commenced in the purchase of the house. Instead of having the deed in his wife's name he became a part owner of the property. Brown did nothing, she claims, and they lived on the money she got from her first husband. Mrs. Brown finally concluded to buy a span of horses so as to give her husband something to do. Brown tired of the work, sold one of the horses and gave his mother the money, and when the wife demanded the money he left her and went to his mother's house. In the meanwhile her mother came to live with her and the two mothers-in-law were on hand to promote domestic affairs.

When Brown left, his wife saw the end of life's sweet dream and picked up her goods to ship them to Port Clinton. Brown hated to see the other horse go so he began legal proceedings and here is where the lawyers took a hand. Link & Atkinson were retained by the wife and an attempt at settlement failed and Prosecutor Smith appeared on the scene. A warrant for wife desertion and Brown, with his attorney, W. W. Sharpless, appeared before Justice Green and asked to have the case continued until July 25, and perhaps at that time Brown will tell his side of the story.

PONIES HAD TO BE SHOT.

Decatur, Ind., July 14.—When a team of fine ponies belonging to Homer Reynolds, of Bryant, were driven over a bridge both animals were so badly injured in a fall that both had to be shot. Mr. Reynolds had been in Decatur to supply his butter customers. Near the home of Alvin Acker one of the ponies was taken with a dizzy spell which caused it to fall and which was probably the cause of the accident. Mr. Reynolds had nearly reached his home and was crossing a culvert bridge when the horse was again taken ill. In his efforts to control the horse, Mr. Reynolds was thrown out of the rig. The animal reeled off the bridge, dragging its driving mate off the floor and onto a pile of stones and rubbish below.

GOES BACK TO PRISON.

Warsaw, Ind., July 14.—Miss Ada Bentfrew, of Syracuse, is again in the Indiana Woman's prison and will resume a two to fourteen years' sentence, from which she was paroled a short time ago. She had been sentenced for complicity in the robbery of a Syracuse hardware store, but was paroled and went to Elkhart to work. There she fell again into bad ways and her employer's name was associated with her own.

ROMANCE BEGAN IN A PICTURE SHOW

Bride of W. R. Krauss, Formerly Musician in a "Movie" Theater at Peru, Where They First Met.

Hartford City, Ind., July 14.—Back of the marriage of W. R. Krauss, of this city, is a little romance that had its beginning in Peru where Krauss for a time was engaged in the operation of a moving picture show.

His bride, Miss Maude H. Bledsoe, was the piano player, and out of their acquaintance in a business way came mutual admiration, followed by courtship and betrothal. Then came Krauss' suit for divorce from the wife, serving a five sentence for the confessed murder of his daughter. At the time the suit was brought Krauss denied that he intended to remarry, but nevertheless that is believed to have been the object of the suit, for it was soon after he met Miss Bledsoe that the action for a divorce was begun.

The bride is a former Peru girl, her parents residing in the east part of that city, and removed to Fort Wayne about four years ago. Krauss conducted the picture show on West Third street, Peru, and Miss Bledsoe was for some time the piano player at his theater. While in Peru Mr. Krauss was often seen in the company of Miss Bledsoe, who is a decided blonde, and it was then remarked they were quite spongy. Krauss was not divorced from his second wife until about two years ago, the case being tried in the Grant circuit court and attracting unusual attention throughout this part of Indiana. Krauss is quite wealthy.

PIONEER MERCHANT DEAD.

Kendallville, Ind., July 14.—Julius Lang, Kendallville's oldest merchant, a man who had been identified with the commercial circles of the city for almost half a century, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. F. L. Bluhm. Death came after an illness of three months' duration, the direct cause being a complication of diseases incident to senility. Julius Lang was born February 1, 1825, at Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany. He attended school in his native village until the age of fourteen years, then entering an apprenticeship to learn shoemaking. This business he followed a lifetime. He became a proficient workman and followed his trade at various places in his native country until 1849, when, with a party of emigrants, he came to the United States, where he found employment in Brooklyn. In 1851 he engaged in the manufacture of boots and shoes upon his own responsibility. He disposed of his business in 1866, and came to Kendallville, where he had since resided with the exception of four years when he was county treasurer and resided at Albion.

SURVIVES TERRIFIC SHOCK.

Wabash, Ind., July 14.—Martin Jennings, employed by the Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction company, received a shock from a 33,000 volt current of electricity and lives to tell how it felt. He was working near a transformer in a sub-station and, turning a moment to speak to a fellow employee, brought his hand in contact with a high tension wire. He was badly burned. His condition is yet serious, it is said at the hospital here.

COW INJURES SMALL BOY.

Decatur, Ind., July 14.—While leading a cow to pasture, Clarence, twelve-year-old son of Sheriff T. J. Durkin, got under the animal's hoofs and had his leg broken.

KILLED ON WABASH TRACK.

John Durr and Wife, of Edon, Ind., Are Hit By Locomotive.

Butler, Ind., July 14.—While having their attention fixed on a fire in a hay field along the Wabash track near Arcite, northeast of here, John Durr, aged 60, and his wife, aged 55, were instantly killed by a Wabash train which they did not see approaching as they drove upon the track. The passenger train was running at high speed and struck the wagon in which the couple were riding amidships and completely wrecked it. The bodies were hurled one hundred feet and were badly mangled. The train was stopped and the remains of the victims of the accident taken to Edgerton, Ohio. Durr and his wife were widely known and highly respectable people of their neighborhood.

LIGHTNING DESTROYS BARN.

Decatur, Ind., July 14.—Lightning struck the barn of Harvey Lammiman, a farmer residing in the south part of Washington township, and started a fire that totally destroyed the building together with all its contents. In a moment after the building was struck it was a mass of flames and nothing could be done to save either the building or its contents. Mr. Lammiman was in his house at the time and at once hastened to the barn, but in the short time intervening the whole interior had become ignited and the flames were leaping furiously through every part of it.

In the barn Mr. Lammiman had his team and when he arrived the horses were kicking and making a great noise, but when he opened the barn door, so dense was the smoke that he could not see them and rescue was impossible. In a few minutes they were dead and their bodies cremated in the ruins of the building.

The barn was filled with new hay just put in it, one load still on a wagon. All machinery in the barn was also destroyed.

THE BLAST WENT OFF.

Ashley, Ind., July 14.—George Blackman, aged 27, received fatal injuries when a dynamite blast placed in a post hole went off while he was bending over it to see why the charge had failed to explode at the time expected. Blackman's injuries were frightful. His eyes were torn from their sockets and large shreds of flesh were blasted from his face and breast. Blackman was employed by the Indiana Utilities company, which is engaged in constructing a telephone line from Angola to Ashley and the rocky nature of the soil had made it necessary to use dynamite to blast pole holes.

SUCCEEDS LATE REV. REHL.

Ossian, Ind., July 14.—Superintendent J. A. Beatty, of the Fort Wayne district of the Northern Indiana Methodist Episcopal conference, has just announced the appointment of Rev. J. Orr Powell to the pastorate of the Ossian M. E. church to succeed the late Rev. L. B. Rehl, who was killed by a fall from a cherry tree at Napoleon, Ohio, a few days ago. The appointment will enter upon his pastorate July 27. He is from the Southern Indiana conference, a graduate of DePauw university and is 35 years old.

ADAMS COUNTY GAINED.

Decatur, Ind., July 14.—Adams county paid into the school funds of the state the sum of \$13,687.58 and has just drawn out the sum of \$15,268.84.

DECATUR NEWS.

Decatur, Ind., July 14.—Mrs. Charles Murray and son, Harold, and Gregg Noy spent Sunday at Watloo with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Johnson visited in South Bend with Mrs. Johnson's parents.

Miss Effie Rex returned to Ossian after teaching her class of music students.

The Henry Stevens family has gone to Rome city for a two weeks' stay at the C. L. Meibers cottage. Miss Eda Gentis went for a week's visit with them.

Miss Mary Mason, of Kansas City, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Eda Peters, who also has her home at Peru. Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Edwards, of Leipsic, O., are guests of the John Niblick family. They came to attend the Chautauqua.

Miss Mary Erwin returned to Valparaiso after a visit with her parents. She has recovered from an illness and returns to her studies in the normal school.

Mrs. Don Edwards returned from Fort Wayne, where she visited with relatives. Miss Eda Bultemeier returned to St. Johns after a visit with her cousin, Miss Clara Bultemeier.

Mrs. William Cross, who has been quite ill two weeks of heart trouble, is somewhat better.

Mrs. George Sprout has gone to Plymouth for a visit with friends. Miss Loretta Gilling returned to Tiffin, O. She had been the guest of her cousin, Miss Agnes Gilling, south of the city.

Miss Nell Myers is visiting with friends in Fort Wayne.

Miss Ireta Jackson went to Fort Wayne to visit with friends.

Adams county received \$15,268.84 as her share of the state school funds for the half year. This was more than the county paid in, her payment being \$13,687.58.

The Misses Hazel and Lucile Brock, of Huntington, arrived for a visit with their great-uncle, B. W. Sholtz. Miss Lucile will remain two weeks.

THREE DIE IN TWO WRECKES.

Michigan Central Has Pair of Sunday Accidents Near Jackson.

Jackson, Mich., July 14.—Three men were killed and a dozen persons were injured in two wrecks on the Michigan Central railroad near here yesterday.

Engineer J. Martin, of Detroit, was killed when a train of empty baggage cars running from Chicago to Buffalo left the rails. His fireman, Clayton Cole, of Jackson, was terribly scalded and died later in a hospital.

A few hours later two passenger trains on the Grand Rapids division collided head-on on the Grand river bridge a few miles north of Jackson. W. J. Field, fireman, of Jackson, was fatally crushed; Engineer George Heacock, Jackson, was seriously hurt and several passengers were badly bruised and shaken up. The tender of one engine and a baggage car went into the river and two coaches were wrecked.

The cause of the first accident has not been learned; a misunderstanding of orders is believed to be responsible for the second.

Clearance

Sale

Now On

The Peoples Store

Clearance

Sale

Now On

ECHOES FROM OUR GREAT

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

You always get a square deal and a good deal for your Dollar here, but during Our Great Semi-Annual Clearance Sale your Dollars will do double duty. Values unequalled and impossible at any other store, is the magnet that draws the crowds to this popular, busy store.

This is Your Great Opportunity to Select Wearing Apparel for Summer Social Festivities.

It's a Wonderful Stock Reduction Sale of Our Entire Stock of Women's and Misses' Apparel

No matter what your requirements may be, this sale is an opportunity you should not—will not miss. All our beautiful Summer apparel—the most exquisite garments—the practical, every-day apparel—everything is offered at great reductions.

\$5.00
For Ladies' and Misses' New Model Spring Coats that formerly sold for \$12.50 up to \$15.00.

\$8.98
For Ladies' and Misses' New Model Spring Coats, including White Serges, that formerly sold for \$15 to \$22.50.

\$10.98
For Ladies' and Misses' New Model Spring Coats, the very same of styles that formerly sold for \$22.50 to \$25.00.

89c
For \$1.25 and \$1.50 House Dresses, in Fancy Percales, Lawns, etc., a whole dress for less than the material costs.

\$1.25
For \$1.75 to \$2.00 One-piece Dresses, in Fancy Percales, Gingham, etc.

\$3.98
For \$5.00 to \$10.00 One-piece Dresses, in Ratine, Linen, Lawns, Voiles, Bedford Cords, Piques, Zephyr Gingham, etc.

\$7.50
For New Spring Style Tailored Suits, in a variety of the best materials, that formerly sold for \$15.00 to \$18.00.

\$10.00
For Stylish Models in New Spring Suits, in the best of Manish materials, that sold from \$18.00 to \$25.00.

\$15.00
For very High-class Models in New Spring Suits, that formerly sold for \$27.50 to \$40.00.

\$1.39
For \$2.00 and \$2.50 One-piece Dresses, in Fancy Lawns, Percales, Gingham, etc.

\$2.98
For \$4.00 to \$5.00 One-piece Dresses, in Bedford Cords, Linens, Piques, etc.

Children's Coats
Children's Lightweight Spring Coats, sizes from 3 years to 8 years, all colors and materials, that sold for \$2.50 to \$3.50; Sale Price **98c**

Waists worth from 75c to \$1.00, your choice of the lot; Sale Price **39c**

Lingerie Waists, big assortment, reg. prices \$1.50 to \$2; Sale Price **79c**

Balkan Blouses, the new styles, choice of the best of them during the sale **\$1.25**

Lingerie Waists, Middy Blouses and Norfolk Blouses, values from \$1.00 to \$1.50; Sale Price **69c**

Waists that were \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00, and Balkan Blouses, choice of the lot **98c**

All the better grade of this season's most charming models in Lingerie Sale Prices

Waists will be sold at **98c**



Shoe Bargains Extraordinary

\$3.50 Patent Colt Bluecher Oxfords
\$3.00 Patent Colt One-Strap Pumps
\$3.00 Brown Velvet Two-Strap Pumps
\$3.00 Brown Velvet One-Strap Pumps
\$3.00 Gun Metal One-Strap Pumps
\$2.50 Vici Kid Bluecher Oxfords

Your Choice of the Lot for 98c Pair

LADIES' GLOVES.
Ladies' \$1 Long Silk Gloves, 16-button, length in White, Black and all the best Summer Colors; Sale Price **69c pair**

CALICOES—GINGHAMS
All our best 7c Calicoes, Indigo Blues, Silver Grays, Light and Dark Prints; Sale Price **5c yard**
2,000 yards of 10c Percales, light, dark and medium patterns. Sale Price **8c yard**
Choice of our entire line of best Percales; the 16c goods. Sale Price **11c yard**
4,000 yards of Apron Gingham; regular 7c goods; plain, colors only. Sale Price **5c yard**
All our best Blue and White and Tan and White Apron Check Gingham; the 8c kind. Sale Price **6 1/2c yard**
Our choice lot of Seersucker Gingham; the 12 1/2c goods, in checks, stripes, plaids, etc. Sale Price **8 1/2c yard**
16c Fancy Gingham, 22 inches wide in checks, stripes and plaids. Sale Price **10c yard**
Anderson's best Gingham; regular 25c goods. Sale Price **19c yard**
All other Gingham, Calicoes, Cotton Batting, Feathers, etc., at Sale Prices.

MUSLIN—SALE PRICES

NOTICE—We guarantee every yard and piece of muslin and sheeting to be exactly as represented. Every piece has the factory brand upon it, and they are all full pieces—no short lengths or damaged goods.
7c Brown Muslin. Sale Price **5c yard**
8c Brown Muslin. Sale Price **6 1/2c yard**
9c Brown Muslin. Sale Price **7 1/2c yard**
7 1/2c Bleached Muslin; yard wide. Sale Price **6c yard**
8 1/2c Bleached Muslin. Sale Price **7c yard**
HOPE BLEACHED MUSLIN—Right off the full pieces. Sale Price **7 1/2c yard**
FRUIT OF LOOM, LONSDALE AND HILL'S BLEACHED MUSLINS—Right off the full pieces. Sale Price **8 1/2c yard**
Sheetings—Sale Prices

25c quality Unbleached Sheet; 9-4. Sale Price **17c yard**
LOCKWOOD 9-4 UNBLEACHED SHEETING—Sale Price **22c yard**
LOCKWOOD 9-4 BLEACHED SHEETING—Sale Price **24c yard**
SILK—SALE PRICES
35c and 39c Fancy Foulard Silks; Washable. Sale Price **19c yard**
50c and 55c Plain and Fancy Taffeta Silks. Sale Price **39c yard**
60c and 75c Meersaline and Chiffon Taffeta Silks. Sale Price **49c yard**
75c 39c and 1.00 Shantung and Pongee Silks, 27 inches and 26 inches wide; Sale Price **49c yard**
42-inch 71.00 Silk Popping, in all this season's much wanted shades; Sale Price **79c yard**
Cheer Brocade \$1.00 quality Shower-proof Foulards; Sale Price **69c yard**
Black and colored 71.00 Messalines, 36 inches wide. Sale Price **79c yard**

WANTED, Young Men With Some Store Experience for Good Departments

THE PEOPLES STORE

TWO WOMEN CLAIM BODY OF SUICIDE

Widow and Bell's Companion of Last Few Months Seek Remains.

WIDOW WINS POINT

Chicago, July 14.—Two women contested for the possession of the body of Kenneth H. Bell, former president of the Hammond Packing company, who committed suicide Saturday at East Seventy-ninth street and Stony Island avenue. Each made arrangements for his funeral. One was the widow of the suicide, and the other was Mrs. Anna Evans, with whom Bell had been living for several months at 1319 East Fifty-second street.

Evans made the first claim to the possession of the body, going to Murphy's rooms Saturday afternoon shortly after Bell had fired a bullet into his temple. She learned that the inquest was to be held today at 10 o'clock and immediately asked Mr. Murphy to make arrangements for funeral services Tuesday.

Widow Obtains Body.

Yesterday morning, however, Mrs. Bell arrived in Chicago from Palm Beach, Mich., a summer resort, and went to Murphy's establishment. She viewed the body without showing emotion and with the assistance of her daughter, Mrs. Ira O. Jones, 6355 Woodlawn avenue, persuaded Mr. Murphy to release the body and ordered it moved to Bell's establishment.

Funeral services will be held at the chapel in Oakwoods cemetery tomorrow at 10 o'clock. Mrs. Evans was notified of the change but made no effort to frustrate the plans of Mrs. Bell.

A legal battle for the \$30,000 worth of real estate, stocks and bonds which comprised Bell's estate is expected when the time for settlement comes.

"His Only Friend."

She asserted that Bell had told her she was the only friend he had, after he had become estranged from his family, following their attempts to have him declared insane in 1909. Mrs. Evans had known Bell for several years prior to his entering the Kenilworth sanitarium at Kenilworth, Ill., and when he escaped by jumping from a Chicago and Northwestern train while being taken to a dentist, he was believed to have been assisted by Mrs. Evans.

Mrs. Evans is said to have stated she would receive \$125,000 from Bell's estate. She has also said that under the terms of the will Mrs. Bell would receive only the one-third to which she would be entitled under the laws of Illinois, and that Mrs. Robert D. Brown, a daughter of Bell by his first marriage, would receive a bequest, but that the other daughter, Mrs. Ira O. Jones, would receive nothing.

Members of the family refused to discuss anything in regard to a will, denying all knowledge of such a paper. They said that if a will were in existence it would be discovered after funeral services had been held.

As far as could be learned no motive for the suicide is known to the family. They knew that Bell had been drinking heavily during the past few months and reiterated their statements made during insanity hearings that Bell was constantly in fear of blackmailers and suffered hallucinations.

MR. B. B. BUG.

WHEN OUR BALL TEAM IS WINNING... I'M RIGHT ON HAND YOU SEE... FOR THERE IS NOT A BASE BALL BUG... WHO CAN ROOT AS WELL AS ME...

Summer travel is stimulated in Wales during the summer months one can obtain on the Cambrian railways a ticket which carries one anywhere he likes as many times as he likes within a prescribed area of about seventy miles, and for a fortnight, third class, the cost is less than a sovereign (\$4.87).

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

THE SENTINEL'S DAILY SCRIPTURE READING.

Luke 10: 17-28.

17 And the seventy returned again with joy, saying, Lord, even the devils are subject unto us through thy name.

18 And he said unto them, I beheld Satan as lightning fall from heaven.

19 Behold, I give unto you power to tread on serpents and scorpions, and over all the power of the enemy; and nothing shall by any means hurt you.

20 Notwithstanding in this rejoice not, that the spirits are subject unto you; but rather rejoice, because your names are written in heaven.

21 In that hour Jesus rejoiced in spirit, and said, I thank thee, O Father, Lord of heaven and earth, that thou hast hid these things from the wise and prudent, and hast revealed them unto babes; even so, Father; for so it seemed good in thy sight.

22 All things are delivered to me of my Father; and no man knoweth who the Son is, but the Father; and who the Father is, but the Son, and he to whom the Son will reveal him.

23 And he turned him unto his disciples, and said privately, Blessed are the eyes which see the things that ye see:

24 For I tell you, that many prophets and kings have desired to see those things which ye see, and have not seen them; and to hear those things which ye hear, and have not heard them.

25 And, behold, a certain lawyer stood up, and tempted him, saying, Master, what shall I do to inherit eternal life?

26 He said unto him, What is written in the law? How readest thou?

27 And he answering said, Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and thy neighbor as thyself.

28 And he said unto him, thou has answered right; this do and thou shalt live.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter at the Postoffice at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

Daily, Per Week, 10c. Weekly, Per Year, \$1.00.

(Daily by Mail, \$5.20 Per Year.)

VOL. LXXIV. No. 277

12

MONDAY, JULY 14, 1913.

Speedy Action on the Tariff

Washington dispatches indicate that speedy action on the tariff bill may be reasonably expected in the senate, a fact that will be extremely gratifying to the business public. Despite the lobby inquiry and other spectacular incidents that have tended to belound the situation at the national capital, the country at large has not lost sight of the tariff revision, and it has possessed itself with admirable patience. The response from Washington should be definite action that will remove uncertainty and supply a basis upon which the country may proceed safely without a day of unnecessary delay.

That there will be perfunctory objections to the bill as it is before the senate is certain, but high tariff advocates have plainly read the temper of the people against prolonged debate and parliamentary jockeying, and it is said they will confine themselves to a general contention against the principle of lowered duties without attempting to carry forward a protracted fight. It is generally agreed that the measure in its present form is distinctly improved over the house version of the bill, for a number of apparent inconsistencies and possible "jokers" that crept into it inadvertently, have been eliminated. The evidence is plain, also, that the country as a whole is satisfied. It is taking the view that the effort at tariff revision has been honestly and carefully made. There is no pretension that the bill is perfect, but it is acceptable. If congress will now rush it through and get it off its hands quickly, it will have performed a very creditable bit of public service, the mandate for which was plain.

Most men have long realized that the political party to which they chance to belong has no more legitimate claim upon their fealty in municipal affairs, in which no party principle can possibly be involved, than it has in matters of morals or religion. City government is essentially business, and the movement for independent co-operation by men of all political parties toward better city government is one which time will amply justify. It is a battle for a well-grounded principle, and it has enlisted the active support of men of the highest standing in Fort Wayne. It can fail only if those who have the interests of Fort Wayne rather than the success of a political organization at heart neglect to measure up to the full opportunity of a situation in which the people are ready to emancipate themselves from partisan rule in civic affairs.

Fort Wayne is not alone among Indiana cities in seeking emancipation from political rule. Gary has rebelled against vicious conditions which have prevailed in the steel city and men of all parties have united in the nomination of a citizens' ticket in which partisan lines have been eliminated. The day is coming when the partisan political machine will be rare enough in Indiana city affairs to command a big premium as an exhibit at the county fair.

The commission named by Governor Ralston to investigate the working conditions of women and girls in Indiana, is preparing to take up its work early in August, and its first attention will be devoted to Lafayette. The movement, it will be recalled, is the outcome of the agitation for a shorter working day for women which engaged the attention of the state legislature last winter.

OUR MEAT TRUST IN PARLIAMENT.

(Brooklyn Eagle.)

Our meat trust, which has seldom met with anything like serious governmental opposition in this country, and which shows signs of being able to have its own way in Argentina, is likely to en-

counter rougher going in London.

The prospect that the Chicago combination may monopolize the Argentine meat trade there, and the rumors that it is getting its hooks into the beef export business in Australia, are made subject of parliamentary inquiry. The government is to be asked what steps it

MAKING A PIN COSTS A MAN'S SIGHT EVERY THREE YEARS.



MISS HELEN HENRY and two of her father's many thousands of wards in the South Sea Islands.

livid green, being the most exquisite blue you can imagine—a gleaming, live blue that contrasted richly and harmoniously with the deep yellow of the 14-karat gold upon which the colors were superimposed.

"The feathers of the kingfisher," explained Miss Henry. "Each tiny speck of color there is a feather, but so small are kingfisher's feathers that the aid of a microscope is necessary to see them clearly. The bird is killed, of course, for its plumage, but one bird makes many pins. The human offering to the god of vanity is far greater than the sacrifice of birds. Each feather is hammered into the gold with an instrument no bigger than a hair and as the patient Chinaman hammers the feathers in, he hammers his eyes out. It requires but three years of this work to produce total blindness."

"Why do they do it? How can they be so foolish?" was asked.

"The work brings very high prices and—"

"But to get money at the sacrifice of sight—"

Miss Henry smiled.

"We all get money at the sacrifice of something," she said. "Is it so much worse to sacrifice physical sight for money one needs than to sacrifice moral vision for money one does not need? Americans think little of the latter. It is part of our money madness."

"Hence, the oriental does not dread loss of eyesight as we do; perhaps because there are so many lines of activity open to the blind in the far east. For example, all the message work of Japan is in their hands; the nation gives them a monopoly on it."

A pin that costs a man's sight every three years. What do you think of that?

Miss Helen Osborne Henry owns it and it was given her while on a visit to China and is the most interesting of the many gifts showered upon her and her father, J. Q. A. Henry, Baptist evangelist, while on a business tour of the world—the business being the addition of a few thousand Chinese and Polynesian to the Christian population of the world.

"I should never, never, have bought such a blood-stained thing," said the slender little lady, detaching the dreadful jewel from her gray crepe dress.

It was an evil looking dragon, the scales and claws, legs, horns and other component parts of a well-appointed dragon being more than normally numerous and ferocious looking. In fact it was the general "rambunctiousness" of the beast, added to its remarkable colors, that first attracted notice. Midway of the writhing body was a crimson splotch, the color of a bloodshot eye—all of the other scales, with the exception of half a dozen that were a peculiar

is taking to prevent the monopoly of the Argentine supply by the Chicago firms, and whether it is true that the Chicago men are getting a foothold in Australia. The city corporation, too, has decided to terminate the tenancy of a certain stall in the Central market on the southeast for the benefit of the dreaded Chicago invaders.

The fact is that the English are by no means so well broken to imposition as we are. They have not grown accustomed in London to mortgaging the household furniture when they happen to want to buy a beefsteak, and they have a wholesome horror of the American prices. Apparently they have taken the matter in hand early enough to prevent the American monopoly from establishing itself among them. But, if London succeeds in retaining the present moderate prices for Argentine and Australian beef, the last excuse for charging higher prices in New York for the same goods will disappear with the withdrawal of the tariff. There is going to be a fight for cheaper meat here, presently. The success or failure of the London fight for the same end will have a special significance for that reason.

DEFECT OF THE ERDMAN ACT.

(Grand Rapids Press.)

Once more the defects of the Erdman act come into public notice through the threatened strike of 100,000 employees of eastern railroads. This act provides for arbitration by three men, one appointed by the road or roads involved, one by the men, and another selected by these two. As it is certain that each of the partisan representatives will vote for his particular side the settlement of the whole controversy is thrust upon the third man.

The railroads contend—and there is good sense back of their argument—that this is too much responsibility to place on any one man. They want the board of arbitration made larger and more representative of the public. This was the point involved in the recent negotiations with the engineers.

The long deadlock in this former dispute threw the faults of the Erdman act so prominently before the public that steps were immediately taken to amend it by providing for an enlarged board headed by a special arbitration commissioner. These amendments now are pending in congress. It is to secure early action on them with the hope of averting a strike that railroads and men bring the question to the attention of President Wilson with a request that he urge congress to take up and pass the amendments.

What a calamity a strike would be from the public's point of view can be realized from a few salient statistics. The roads involved are forty-one trunk lines with 48,000 miles of trackage, upon which 50,000,000 persons depend for transportation facilities. The conductors and trainmen directly involved approximate 100,000; other employees who would be affected by the strike total 550,000.

WORK OF COLORED INVENTORS.

Editor Sentinel: The patent office of the United States is endeavoring to obtain information concerning patents issued to colored inventors, in accordance with a request from the Emancipation Proclamation Commission of the State of Pennsylvania, authorized by the legislature of that state to prepare an exhibit showing the progress of the colored people of the United States during the fifty years following the emancipation proclamation in 1863, the exhibit to be held in Philadelphia, Pa., in September, 1913.

To aid in this work, patent attorneys

of the various localities have been requested to send in the names of any colored inventors who have obtained patents during that period, together with any other information concerning the same that is available, so that a list without errors can be prepared.

There has been no requirements imposed upon applicants for patents to disclose the race to which they belong and it is, therefore, very difficult at this time to single out from the many patents that have been issued, those that have been issued to colored people or to those of other races. It is, however, very desirable, and especially to the colored people of this country, that a substantial showing be made in this exhibit to indicate the development of the negro race along the lines of industrial work.

The negro population of this vicinity is very small, and inventions produced by negroes living here have been extremely few, but there may be some with which local patent attorneys are not familiar, and should this be the case it will be of interest to those concerned in the matter to forward the names of any colored inventors together with the date of grant, title of invention and patent number to the commissioner of patents, Washington, D. C., or to any registered patent attorney. Very respectfully,

W. G. BURNS.

PENNSYLVANIA'S LATEST.

(New York World.)

The coal railroads have lost no time in transferring to the shoulders of the dealers the burden of the new tax of 2½ per cent. levied by the state of Pennsylvania on all anthracite exported from that state. With equal self-denial the dealers will shift the load, with additions, to the consumers.

In levying upon anthracite shipped beyond state lines Pennsylvania is taxing a product of which it has a monopoly of the supply. It has been careful to discriminate in favor of its own people. This method of taxation is vicious and is practically certain to prove unconstitutional when tested in the courts.

The United States supreme court blocked similar attempts of states to interfere with the freedom of commerce in the Oklahoma oil cases and in the Indiana gas case.

If the principle upheld by the court in those cases is found to apply to Pennsylvania in its present policy, that state will be balked in its scheme to tax all consumers of anthracite outside Pennsylvania through the coal railroads.

AT THE PICNIC.



She (after they have wandered away from the other couple): I wonder if Joe and Bessie know where to find us. He (who has been at picnics before): I think they do—they went the other

Look! Listen! Wait!
ROSE-STRASBURG CO.

CLOSED

Monday & Tuesday

July 14th and 15th

PREPARING FOR THE GREATEST
SALE SENSATION

EVER SPRUNG IN FORT WAYNE

READ FULL DETAILS

IN TUESDAY PAPERS

An Event of Deepest Interest to Every
Man, Woman and Child

By Order of Central West Adjustment Co. (Not Inc.)

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO

What the Sentinel Had to Say About Persons
and Events Twenty-Five Years Ago.

Mrs. George H. Loesch is at Plymouth, Ind., for a few days.

Rabbi Tobias Schonefarber is at Cleveland for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ogden have returned from their bridal tour.

Charles Holkemeyer, of Louis Wolf & Co., is enjoying a trip.

Dr. H. S. Myers will operate on a Mr. Schaffer next week at St. Joseph's hospital.

Peter Notestine has as his guests Harry and Josie Bearinger, of Upper Sandusky.

A new stone sidewalk is being laid today on West Berry street between Calhoun and Harrison streets.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Neiss, of East Wayne street, have as their guest Miss May Miller, of Indianapolis.

Col. Frank Leonard left this afternoon for Montana, his old home, to be gone several weeks.

The Misses Georgie and Connie Lumbard and Mrs. Barnes and son left today for Bear Lake.

Councilman J. C. Kennell was at Warsaw yesterday being examined for an increase in pension.

Joseph Heit, the clerk at the Olds Wagon works, has returned from a trip to Tiffin, O.

Charles C. Miller, stenographer at the Electric works, left today for a pleasure trip to Toledo.

Prof. Charles F. Meyer and a number of vocalists will give a concert next Friday evening at the First Presbyterian church.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stanford, of East Wayne street, had one of her limbs badly injured yesterday in a fall.

May Mowrer, daughter of County Treasurer Mowrer, was voted a costly gold watch at St. Paul's church fair last evening.

Hon. R. C. Bell is at Indianapolis, and the newspapers there say that he believes the democrats of old Allen will give something like 6,000 majority for Cleveland and Thurman.

Col. C. A. Zollinger, state pension agent, is in the city. Mr. Zollinger is emphatic in stating that he is not a "dark horse" for congress or any other office just now.

KEPT FIREMEN BUSY.

High Wind and Heat of Sunday Responsible for Several Alarms.

City firemen had a busy day Sunday on account of the intense heat and high wind. Railroad trains contributed the chief cause of the trouble, and the first call of the department was to the northern extremity of Hanover street, where a grass fire was in progress. This was soon extinguished, and the next alarm came an hour later from the West Main street crossing of the G. R. & I. railroad. The Standard Oil company's tanks were endangered by the blaze, but the firemen from No. 7 engine house put out the flames before any damage was done. At 12:10 the department was called to Monroe street and the Pennsylvania railroad, where sparks from an engine set fire to a pile of lumber.

Spontaneous combustion was said to be the cause of a fire in the Bank block at 7 o'clock Sunday night. The blaze started in some boxes of rubbish on the second floor. Officials of the fire department ordered the practice of storing

rubbish there stopped but the notice has been disregarded.

The Best Medicine in the World.

"My little girl had dysentery very bad. I thought she would die. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured her, and I can truthfully say that I think it is the best medicine in the world," writes Mrs. William Orvis, Clare, Mich. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

FELL OFF OF A SWING.

When Mrs. Martin Weidman, of Maumene avenue, fell from a swing at her home Sunday night and broke one of her ribs, she blamed the cause of the accident to the thirteenth day of the month. She fell only a few feet to the ground. The injury is painful, but not serious.

It is cheaper to pay a fair price for a good article, than a low price for a poor one.

FOSTER FURNITURE CO

Take Care of Your
Furs NOW

Store them in our vault constructed especially for the storage of valuables. RATES—Very Moderate. Call or Telephone Us.

First National Bank
Fort Wayne.DANDELION
TABLETS

Some say the Indians taught us the medicinal value of dandelions. Anyway, Dr. Edwards' Dandelion Tablets are the best regulators of the bowels, kidneys and liver. 75c at DREIER DRUG CO.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE

Made By
The Allen County Abstract Co.,
Are Reliable.
We Guarantee All Our Work
725 Court Street.

Ft. Wayne
Trunk and
Leather Co.,
924 CALHOUN ST.
Phone 596.
Trunks and Leather
Goods Made to Order
and Repaired.

Dr. Johnston
OSTEOPATH

4th
FLOOR
SHAFF BUILDING
TAKE ELEVATOR.
Graduate of Kirksville, Mo.
Diseases and Deformities Treated.
EXAMINATION FREE.
Phone—Office, 1520; Residence, 6554.

Safety Talk No. 40

The Stolen Ride

Parents and teachers by uniting their efforts can break up this dangerous practice before the maimed and bleeding form fills a cot in the hospital. If the boys are taught to look upon stealing a ride as highly dangerous, that their legs and arms are liable to be cut off, then can we all hope that this cause for accident will be eliminated.

"WABASH VALLEY LINES"

IN THE CHURCHES

TRAINED TEACHERS

IN DEMAND

Rev. Hauser Defends Giggling Girls in Address to Graduates.

OTHER CHURCH NEWS

While talking of the problems of the Sunday school teacher in an address to the teacher training class, which was graduated at St. John's Reformed church Sunday night, Rev. C. A. Hauser, head of the educational department of the Reformed church, defended girls in their teens, who are prone to giggle, on the ground that they have a right to giggle, because God made them that way. The point of the utterance was that many pupils of Sunday school classes derive no benefit from their training because they are not understood by their teachers. Trained teachers, according to Rev. Hauser, would go a long way in remedying this lack of good results.

The following are the members of the first class of this kind graduated in Fort Wayne: Johanna Friehel, president; Emma Peters, secretary; Elmer Beale, treasurer; Henriette Altkrus, Mrs. John H. Bosch, Olga Brandenburger, Christine Zollinger, Annela Peters, Leslie Jacobs, Lawrence Hockmeyer, Sophia Muehlmann, Elizabeth Genthner, Anna Genthner, Pauline Roth and Meta Brandenburger. A large crowd attended the graduation exercises.

Doings in Church Circles.

The Tuesday evening prayer meeting of the Bethany Presbyterian church will be held at the home of Mrs. Biter, 1902 Spring street.

Living pictures, with readings by Miss Anna Philley, will be shown in an entertainment under the auspices of the Agoda Bible class and the Geneva club, of the First Baptist church, at the Y. W. C. A. tonight. Different pictures from those shown a few weeks ago will be shown. An ice cream social will be given after the entertainment.

RECEIVE NEW MEMBERS.

Communion Service of Bethany Church Well Attended.

Midsummer communion services were conducted at the Bethany Presbyterian church at the morning worship Sunday, and almost every member of the congregation attended. The new members are Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Gillum, of 1921 West Main street; Miss Lillian Hanna Whitehouse, 1823 Howell street, and William Scott, 1635 High street.

An open air meeting will be held at the Richardson and Rinyon avenues. The young people will bring musical instruments and a good social time is looked for. If the weather is inclement the meeting will be held in one of the nearby homes.

To Elect Class Leader.

At the mid-week meeting of the Bethel Evangelical church Wednesday night a class leader will be elected. All members of the Bible class are urged to attend to help in the selection.

HAD TRIED TO GIVE 'EM AWAY

(Continued from Page 1)

communications from Mulhall to various officers and directors of the organization. It was understood that the letters would be used in an effort to establish a motive for Mulhall's present revelations.

John Mitchell, the labor leader, was subpoenaed for today. Former Congressman George A. Pearce, of Maryland, was excused until next Monday and Mitchell was told to come back July 25, when Samuel Gompers has been directed to appear.

Letters from Cushing.

Mulhall's first testimony today related to letters from Marshall Cushing, secretary of the National Association of Manufacturers, suggesting a campaign against Pearce.

Mulhall said he made frequent visits to Pearce's district and conferred with former Senator Willington. George H. Holtzman, postmaster at Cumberland, Md., asked: "Why did you oppose Pearce?"

"On account of his stand on the injunction bill, same as I did," Mulhall said. The plan by which Mulhall and officers of the Philadelphia Typothetae proposed to break down the printers' strike there in 1905 was outlined in a report Mulhall identified as one he had made to John A. McIntyre, secretary of the National Typothetae.

"A great many men had been brought up from the south to take strikers' places but proved no good to the employers," wrote Mulhall. "Our plan was to get them to go out on strike also, so they would become charges of the unions and help up their funds."

The report to McIntyre told of an arrangement with employment agencies by which new men could be secured, who were to be encouraged to go on strike as soon as the labor unions suggested it.

Fight Against Pearce.

Details of the fight against Pearce were brought out through a letter from Mulhall to M. C. Holtzman, of Cumberland, Md., dated April 27, 1906, which outlined a plan to "send you all the labor organizers you wish, and guarantee all of them to be first class men" to organize the fight against Pearce.

In a letter to Cushing in April, 1906, Mulhall wrote of a conference on March 22 between President Roosevelt and Samuel Gompers at which the latter said, Gompers declared that if labor were not favored more in legislation it would carry on a campaign to elect labor men to Congress.

Cushing had that day been in town of large cities that "the threat of Mr. Gompers was being carried out to the best of his ability," and added that the Gompers "labor leaders are doing their utmost to turn their labor organization into the Hearst movement in Philadelphia."

FORTY-EIGHT ARRESTS FOR "BOOT-LEGGING" AT KOKOMO.

Kokomo, Ind., July 14.—Forty-eight arrests for boot-legging have been made here within the last 24 hours, and several others are expected. The arrests were made on information furnished by detectives employed to ferret out unlawful selling of liquor. The Good Citizens' league is back of the movement.

Among the men arrested is Frank Sanders, a councilman, who operated a drug store in South Kokomo.

"I know if you take hold in the right way," he concluded, "no more delegations like the one that called with Gompers on the president will ever be gotten up and I know the splendid organization you have got in the National Association of Manufacturers can easily put these people out of business."

Much "Persuasion" Necessary.

Mulhall told about making personal visits to Cumberland to lend his influence in the campaign to defeat Congressman Pearce, and of one of the letters he received from his employers, which said: "We want to do all we can to defeat that gentleman, so redoubtable your efforts and don't get caught." A letter to Mulhall from C. H. Holtzman, at Cumberland, said the anti-Pearce organization there was costing \$200 a day and much "persuasion" was necessary.

"What do you mean by persuasion?" asked Senator Nelson.

"Money," said the witness crisply. "We had a large colored vote there that needed seeing often," he explained.

"You had to see the colored voters over and over again," suggested Chairman Overman.

Had to See 'Em Over Again.

"Yes sir—the last fellow who got to 'em had 'em on election day."

On June 14, 1906, Cushing wrote Mulhall, telling him that he could point out that Pearce was "playing both ends against the middle." Cushing wrote: "You ought to point out to all such people that those who are naturally ought to be against Pearce—how he is trying to play both ends against the middle; that he, as the attorney for the Baltimore and Ohio, could not excuse himself as a paid employee if he does not oppose legislation when it came to a show down."

"So while Pearce is playing both ends against the middle perhaps you can play both ends against the middle on your own account."

A letter from Holtzman to Mulhall June 24, 1906, urged the latter to help immediately raise funds for the final effort to beat Pearce at the primaries. It said that Pearce was "working the labor racket" with great success and that the "federal office holders are supplying the money."

Nick's Name Brought In.

Senator Reed brought in the name of former Congressman Nicholas Longworth and P. H. Goebel, of Ohio, when he put in the record an article from a Philadelphia paper, August 8, 1909, in which Longworth and Goebel were said to be opposed by the American Federation of Labor.

"Longworth had been a pretty good fellow when you went to see him for the National Association of Manufacturers," it said.

"I had never met Mr. Longworth up to that time," said the witness.

Correspondence submitted dealt at length with Mulhall's efforts in behalf of the National Association of Manufacturers to bring about the retention of Congressman Charles E. Littlefield, of Maine, and to elect the present congressman, Daniel McMillen.

SMOOT SENDS IN HIS SUBSTITUTE

(Continued from Page 1.)

cents on cleaned content in the grease, include all hair of the camel, goat, alpaca and Leicester, Crossbred, Lincolnshire and similar long combing wools of English blood, under of class three, dutiable at 7 cents per pound if imported in their natural state, and if secured include Donskoi, native South American, Cordeva, Valparaiso, native Russian camels hair, Bagdad, China lamb, Castel Branco and all such wools usually imported from Greece and Syria. A drawback of 99 per cent is provided for on wools in class three used in the United States for the manufacture of carpets, druggists, floor rugs, hassocks, art squares, etc., which would make carpet wools practically free of duty. The duty on wools or hair on the skin would be one cent less per pound, in every case, than on the wool content.

Of manufactured goods and wools advanced beyond the natural state, the rates of the Smoot bill are correspondingly lower than present rates.

The schedule contains a provision that the rates on raw wool should be effective November 1, 1913, and on woolen manufacturers Jan. 1, 1914.

ICE CREAM DEALERS HELD.

Richmond Inspector Arrests Two—Drug-gist Charges Unlawfulness.

Richmond, Ind., July 14.—Following the arrest of Dayton Fertiz, manager of an ice cream and manufacturing company, and Charles Esley, manager of a drug store, charged with selling ice cream which did not measure up to the state butter-fat standard, Clerk Thistlethwaite, clerk of the drug store, announced that he would charge in the city court Monday that City Dairy Inspector Flook was in the employ of a rival ice cream company, and the arrests were the result of a "frame-up" because Thistlethwaite had been selling ice cream made at the Fertiz plant out of rates.

Inspector Flook said that the samples from the Fertiz company and the drug store were tested by the state chemist and found below standard quality and the arrests followed.

MUNCIE MAN EXCESSIVELY GOOD WHILE WIFE'S AWAY

Muncie, Ind., July 14.—A young Muncie business man, whose wife is away on a vacation, is causing the police concern, not on account of his bad actions, but rather on account of his excessive goodness.

When his work is completed each day the young man reports at the Central police station and hangs around there until time to go home to bed, all as arranged with his wife, who desires to have accurate knowledge of her husband's doings while she is enjoying herself. When it comes time for him to go home he sounds the alarm in the police station. Five minutes later, for he lives near the station, a policeman calls up to find out whether he is at home.

PERMISSION FOR A SWIMMING POOL

Park Board Concedes the Island in Lake at Reservoir Park.

MEETING OF BOARD

The board of park commissioners today granted permission for the construction of a bathing pool on the island of the lake in Reservoir Park. The matter is not yet formally before the board, but that body knows that the recommendation of Engineer Price to the Commercial club's special committee at a meeting tomorrow will be that a swimming pool be constructed in that location and that there may be no delay with that committee's plans anticipated the report.

The engineers are today making survey of the proposed site. It is designed to be a pool 50 by 100 feet, with water from sixteen inches to eight feet deep. It will be constructed of reinforced concrete and in such wise that should funds later be obtained to enable the construction of an enclosure for the pool no difficulty will be encountered. The pool will be about three feet higher than the mean level of the island is at this time and the island will be raised by earth from the excavation. Drainage will be had into the Crichton avenue sewer. The pool will be reserved two afternoon each week for exclusive use of women and girls. If it is later found possible to enclose the pool it will be equipped for use in winter.

The park board is appropriating no money for this pool. If it is built at this time it will be entirely by funds raised through private contributions and the raising of the fund is now in the hands of the Commercial club's committee. Plans for the pool will be submitted tomorrow. Dual plans will be prepared—one set for an open and another for an enclosed pool.

To Improve Thiem Drive.

At today's meeting the park board instructed the superintendent of parks to make all possible diligence with the improvements on Thiem drive. The triangle to be put into lawn ornamented with center beds of flowers, the park strips are to be graded and sown with grass, and the trees, which are already here, are to be set as soon as the season is sufficiently advanced to be propitious for tree-planting. It was stated that efforts will be undertaken to get the consent of owners of abutting property to the immediate construction of a six-foot sidewalk these improvements will be paid for out of park funds.

Waiting on Water Pipe.

The board took occasion to announce, in reply to newspaper inquiry as to the reason there are no drinking places in Foster park, that the matter had been taken up with the board of works several weeks ago and that the pipe to convey water into the park is ordered and may be en route. As soon as the pipe comes it will be laid and sanitary drinking fountains installed in Foster park.

Other Board Matters.

The board passed boulevard resolution No. 6, for the widening of State boulevard from Florida drive to Anthony boulevard. State boulevard will be sixty-five feet wide when this improvement is completed.

Payments on the Thiem drive assessment must be paid on or before the 15th inst., if penalty is to be avoided.

The board was informed that the contractor has finished the cement sidewalk on Old East Place, along Old Fort park. The board will find a new location for the electric light tower that is to be removed from the Highland school to Reservoir park. It had been proposed to place it on the island in the lake, but the construction of a swimming pool there will prevent.

Members of the park board will be guests of their colleague, E. F. Yarnelle, at dinner tomorrow.

BIG AWARD OF BIDS TUESDAY.

The board of works will meet tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock to award bids for about two and one-half miles of pavement on fifteen streets, for which the estimated cost is \$108,000. The streets to be let are:

Lewis, from Harrison to Ewing; McClellan, from Lewis to Baker; College, from Berry to a point 70 feet north of Jones; Michigan avenue, from alley west of Broadway to Nelson; Poplar, from Highland to Fairfield; Eleventh, from Fox to Miner; Miner, intersection with Eleventh; Wildwood, Calhoun to Webster; Highland, from Teith to Kinnaird; Beaver, from Home to Kinnaird; Clay, from Washington to Holman; Monroe, from Washington to Holman; Barr, from Stittfield to Pontiac; Lawton Place, from Spy Run avenue to St. Joe river.

Bids for these improvements were opened July 3 and the competition is close.

WILL INSPECT RESTAURANTS.

City Sanitary Inspector Gillie will begin another inspection of restaurants tomorrow. Conditions with special reference to dirt and garbage will be the object of Dr. Gillie's vigilance. Some of the eating places in the city are reported delinquent in these respects. Since the last inspection of restaurants, made in April, four or five new places have been opened.

RAIN HALTS PUBLIC WORK.

The heavy rains of this morning seriously interfered with the progress of public work, street paving and sidewalk contractors suffering especially. By afternoon work had been largely resumed.

The sidewalk on East Washington street from Harmer to Glasgow has been completed on the north side, and the new sidewalk has been finished on the west side of Broadway from Wall street to Home avenue.

SEALER INSPECTS MARKETS.

City Sealer C. B. Tolson spent some time while on a trip east inspecting the public markets in Rochester, N. Y., and Cleveland. Mr. Tolson says that in both markets the same measures used as standard in Fort Wayne are employed and that general public satisfaction is found with them. At this time Sealer Tolson has checked up the measures on forty-two of the 112 stands in the market here.

OUR JULY SALE

Is bringing us many customers. Our bargains are bargains in new, up-to-the minute, high-grade wearables. The kind, men like to wear. Come to our store this week and secure some of these values:

40 dozen men's \$1.50 summer pajamas at 69c.

25 dozen men's \$2.50 summer pajamas at \$1.50.

60 dozen "Cheaney" 50c pure silk wash four-in-hand ties at 35c, or three for \$1.00.

"Clothcraft" young men's suits, worth \$15.00 to \$16.50, at \$9.00.

20 dozen Columbia \$1.15 shirts, with reversible cuffs, 90c.

40 dozen 25c Wayne-Knit hose at 12 1/2c.

Men's raincoats discounted 20 per cent.

Children's raincoats discounted 20 per cent.

Children's wash suits discounted 20 per cent.

Children's two-piece bathing suits as low as 19c.

Men's and boys' one-piece bathing suits at 45c that cost you \$1.00 in the other stores.

Men's mohair suits discounted 20 per cent.

And thousands of just such values.

40 pure linen double-breasted auto dusters at \$4.50 that cost you seven dollars in any other store.

Cooper union suits at 90c.

"Manchester" shirts with soft cuffs at 90c.

Royal Mills closed crocheted union suits at 45c this week.

American Nuckasee athletic union suits 45c this week.

PATTERSON-FLETCHER COMPANY

Come to the Store That "Does Things"

APPLICATIONS IN FROM 125 GIRLS

Success of New Study Club Seems to Be Already Assured.

CLASSES START SOON

Success for greater than was expected at so early a date, followed the announcement made a few days ago of a new organization for social and educational purposes, for working girls. The new organization is a branch of the College club, organized especially with a view to admitting others than college graduates, and to afford working girls an opportunity to gather a knowledge of cooking, sewing, literature and other things, and to enjoy social affairs which will be held at regular intervals.

By Saturday night, Miss Minnie Baum, of 1313 W. Wayne street, who is receiving applications for membership, had received applications from approximately 125 girls, wanting to enter study classes.

Eighty-two girls want to enter sewing classes. Many more wanted cooking lessons. Some wanted reading, others gymnasium work, several wanted music, some millinery and stenography, several china painting, and one girl wants a course in Latin. Miss Baum will pay special attention to each individual case, and will make every effort to provide what is desired, if possible. Classes in many subjects will be under way within a short time.

"There were no applications from men," said Miss Baum. "I am glad the girls are showing so much interest, but there will be classes for men also, and they should feel free to send in applications, too. This is to be a co-operative proposition, and the members can have just what they want. They are to decide themselves, and operate the whole affair. Our membership is to be but fifty cents a year, which will form a sum for a working foundation, and this sum will be increased by the money from lessons, which are to cost five cents each, in all classes."

WILL INSPECT RESTAURANTS.

City Sanitary Inspector Gillie will begin another inspection of restaurants tomorrow. Conditions with special reference to dirt and garbage will be the object of Dr. Gillie's vigilance. Some of the eating places in the city are reported delinquent in these respects. Since the last inspection of restaurants, made in April, four or five new places have been opened.

RAIN HALTS PUBLIC WORK.

The heavy rains of this morning seriously interfered with the progress of public work, street paving and sidewalk contractors suffering especially. By afternoon work had been largely resumed.

SEALER INSPECTS MARKETS.

City Sealer C. B. Tolson spent some time while on a trip east inspecting the public markets in Rochester, N. Y., and Cleveland. Mr. Tolson says that in both markets the same measures used as standard in Fort Wayne are employed and that general public satisfaction is found with them. At this time Sealer Tolson has checked up the measures on forty-two of the 112 stands in the market here.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Danville, Ill., July 14.—Stepping out of the way of a northbound freight train near Heppleston this morning, Frank Alton got in the path of an Elgin, Joliet & Eastern train and was killed. A card on his person said, in case of accident to notify the chief of police at Greencastle, Ind.

ELOPEMENT REPORT HEARD.

Cornersville, Ind., July 14.—Anderson Vernon, a laborer, 25, is reported to have eloped yesterday with Viola Davis, 23, residing four miles east of this city. Miss Davis was seen riding to the city with a man on a tandem motorcycle early today and the couple took dinner in a local restaurant. Miss Davis is a daughter of Mrs. Catherine Davis, who inherited \$40,000 from the Jonas School estate two years ago.

A warrant was issued yesterday for Anderson Vernon, who is charged by Thomas Jones, of this city, with eloping with his wife two weeks ago. Mrs. Jones is charged with taking with her \$1,300 belonging to her husband.

REPEATERS CAST VOTES OF ABSENCE

Chicago Grand Jury Investigation Turns Up Big Election Fraud.

HOW IT WAS WORKED

Chicago, July 14.—Names of hundreds of men who were registered but could not vote at the last November election were voted anyway by "repeaters." Details of how the ballot fraud was "worked" were brought to light today in the Cooper grand jury investigation of the election and made public by F. L. Fairbank, assistant to Special State's Attorney John E. Northrup.

"About an hour before the polls closed in many of the precincts," said Mr. Fairbank, "persons who were in polling places checked up the names of those who had not voted. Runners were sent out to see where these men were. If they were out of the city, in the hospital or otherwise pretty sure not to vote 'repeaters' were called in to vote for them."

"These things were found in our investigation and on the strength of them we wrote to men in many parts of the city to ask if they really voted. Answers poured in saying the writers did not vote and are indignant to find that some one voted in their names. With an average of five votes to a precinct it is easily seen that 7,000 illegal votes, ordinarily difficult to detect as such, could have been cast."

DROGGED A SQUARE BY A CAR.

Patrolman Charles Spillner was dragged from Lewis to Jefferson street, this afternoon, when he missed the handhold in endeavoring to get upon a moving northbound car. Fortunately a passenger wanted off at Jefferson street and the car stopped. The officer's clothing was somewhat soiled, but he said he was not hurt.

GET HORSE; MEN ESCAPE.

Sheriff Gladioux sent Deputies Courde-way and Mills to Woodburn today to bring a horse that was taken from the Rock & Watson stables on Harrison street Saturday. It was hired by a man who represented himself as a traveling salesman. He was not returned, and Sunday the sheriff was asked to look for it. It was learned that two young men drove the horse into Woodburn and abandoned it Saturday night.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Last Sale.

Amalg. Copper, 63 1/2; Interboro, 34 1/2; Am. Bt. Sugar, 20 1/2; Int. Harvester, 102 1/2; Am. Cotton Oil, 35 1/2; Louis. & Nash, 122 1/2; Am. Sm. & Ref., 24 1/2; U. S. Steel, 32 1/2; Am. Sugar Ref., 123 1/2; N. Y. C. & H. E. R., 104 1/2; Am. Tel. & Tel., 121 1/2; Lehigh Valley, 145 1/2; Ana. Min. Co., 32 1/2; National Lead, 45 1/2; Col. F. & Iron, 25 1/2; de. Ind., 24 1/2; At. Coast. Line, 115 1/2; N. Y. Central, 96 1/2; Balt. & Ohio, 93 1/2; North. Pacific, 104 1/2; Brook. Rap. Tr., 89 1/2; Pennsylvania, 111 1/2; Can. Pacific, 212 1/2; Peoples Gas, 109 1/2; Chesap. & Ohio, 51 1/2; Pull. Pac. Car., 152 1/2; C. & N. W., 127 1/2; Reading, 155 1/2; C. M. & St. P., 104 1/2; Rock Island, 60 1/2; Col. F. & Iron, 25 1/2; de. Ind., 24 1/2; Col. & South., 30 1/2; South. Pacific, 90 1/2; Del. & Hudson, 152 1/2; Southern Ry., 202 1/2; Den. & Rio G. B., 104 1/2; Union Pacific, 144 1/2; Erie, 18 1/2; U. S. Steel, 32 1/2; Am. Electric, 138 1/2; de. Ind., 24 1/2; Gt. N. W., 121 1/2; Wabash, 104 1/2; Gt. N. Ore. Co., 31 1/2; Western Union, 61 1/2; Illinois Central, 115 1/2.

Toledo, O., July 14.—Clover seed—December cash, \$12.75; October, \$8.40; December, \$8.35; March, \$8.45.

Albino—Prime October, \$9.55; December, \$9.25.

Timothy—Prime cash, \$2.45; August, \$2.50; September and October, \$2.50; December, \$2.62 1/2; March, \$2.50.

Notes of the Courts.

The divorce of Matilda Eix vs. John Eix, with a large claim for alimony, is occupying the attention of the superior court. It has been pending several months.

John Edward Fiesel has filed suit for \$2,500 on note against Elizabeth Fiesel, administrator of the estate of the late John Fiesel.

KILLS FOUR AND HIMSELF.

Connellsville, Pa., July 14.—George Mehallam, a Polish miner, early today shot and killed his wife Martha and their three children, Emma, aged 8; Anthony, aged 3, and Andrew, aged 6, at their home in Trotter, a mining village one mile from here. He then killed himself. Jealousy was assigned by neighbors as the cause of the tragedy.

HARD FIGHT OVER LIQUOR LICENSE

Issue Hinges on Validity of Remonstrance Left With Auditor.

NEWS OF THE COURTS

A hot fight with a retail liquor license as the bone of contention is in progress before the board of county commissioners this afternoon. The applicant is Clarence Roy, who wants a permit to retail liquor in the village of Jackson, Jackson township. Temperance people of the township have remonstrated against the license and upon the validity of a supplementary remonstrance depends the outcome of the contest. The pro-saloon interests got a number of withdrawals from the original remonstrance and the anti-saloon forces went out and strengthened their cause with additional names. These names were left at the auditors' office on the fourth of July, though no one was there authorized to receive it. The position is taken by Elmer Leonard, counsel for the applicant, that merely leaving the remonstrance on a table in the office of the auditor does not constitute a valid filing within the meaning of the law. Attorney C. J. Minton, general counsel for the Indiana Anti-Saloon League, and Attorney Cahill, of Mooreville, counsel for the remonstrants, contend that such filing is valid because the law makes no provision for closing the office on a holiday, and that it was in the view of the law open and the remonstrance filed in it. It is recalled that the office was kept open on Decoration day to permit the filing of a remonstrance from Monroe township. On the fourth of July it was opened by the janitor to permit the remonstrance to be placed in the office and this, it is claimed, was a legal filing. A large number of residents of Jackson township are attending the hearing.

Judgment for \$3,250 was given the plaintiff in the superior court today by Judge Yapple in the case of Abe Ackerman, administrator of the estate of Morgan P. O'Brien, deceased, vs. the Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction company. O'Brien was fatally injured last August on Calhoun street, near the Rock & Watson stables, when he was struck by a street car. It was claimed that the motorman was careless in not having the regard for the fact that obstructions on the street made it necessary for pedestrians to walk near the tracks. O'Brien lived in Illinois. A jury was waived by the defendants and judgment rendered by the court.

Wants a Divorce.

George Driftmeyer files a suit in the superior court for divorce from Laura Driftmeyer, alleging cruel and inhuman treatment, constant display of bed room furniture, failure to perform household duties, physical assault and frequent invitation to pack his duds and leave, "that she had friends that would take better care of her than he did." The couple were married last October and separated Saturday.

Notes of the Courts.

The divorce of Matilda Eix vs. John Eix, with a large claim for alimony, is occupying the attention of the superior court. It has been pending several months.

John Edward Fiesel has filed suit for \$2,500 on note against Elizabeth Fiesel, administrator of the estate of the late John Fiesel.

KILLS FOUR AND HIMSELF.

Connellsville, Pa., July 14.—George Mehallam, a Polish miner, early today shot and killed his wife Martha and their three children, Emma, aged 8; Anthony, aged 3, and Andrew, aged 6, at their home in Trotter, a mining village one mile from here. He then killed himself. Jealousy was assigned by neighbors as the cause of the tragedy.

WOMAN'S BODY RECOVERED.

Second Victim of Auto Accident is Taken from Canal.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 14.—The body of Lucella Belle, who was drowned late last night with Lottie Raymond, who was the carriage in which they were riding with two men, plunged into the canal at Wabash street, was recovered by the police today. W. D. Stewart, owner, and Cordie Nye, restaurant owner, occupied Nye, who was driving, said unfamiliarity with the neighborhood caused the accident.

Notes of the Courts.

The divorce of Matilda Eix vs. John Eix, with a large claim for alimony, is occupying the attention of the superior court. It has been pending several months.

John Edward Fiesel has filed suit for \$2,500 on note against Elizabeth Fiesel, administrator of the estate of the

Society

Mrs. C. Nones Biewend has returned from a visit with Cleveland relatives.

Misses Dorothy and Marjorie Kilgore have returned from an outing at Lake James.

Miss Frieda Winehart, of Masterson avenue, has gone to Rome City for an outing of a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tegmeyer have returned from Detroit, where they were guests of relatives for a few days.

Mrs. E. Sawyer, of Chicago, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. George Bartlett, of West Superior street.

Little Helen Moham, of South Bend, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. G. H. Loesch, of Washington boulevard west.

Mrs. Wherstone, of Delaware, Ohio, is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. Michaels, of West Jefferson street.

Mrs. Herman Pollak and children have gone to Mablewood Beach, Lake Erie, for the rest of the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Rogers have taken a cottage at Lake Wawasee for the month of August.

Richard John started today for Hermon, Ore., to visit his brother and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald John.

Mrs. Thomas Jackson and Mrs. Herbert Long start Wednesday evening for Deland, Mich., to remain about a month.

Mrs. R. C. Wallis, of Cleveland, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Woulfe, of Lakeland.

Mrs. H. J. Keenan and family are at the Hotel Trumpe, Rome City, for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Doud and the Misses Doud are to leave this week for Atlantic City and other eastern points.

Miss Helen Magee comes home today from Deland, Mich., where she has been the guest of Miss Margaret Fisher.

Miss May Jewell Smith, of West Berry street, is planning a trip to the seashore and expects to leave some time next week.

Mrs. Herman J. Fox and daughter, Caroline, have returned to Huron, S. D., after a visit of nearly three months with Mrs. Fox's mother, Mrs. Joseph E. Fox.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Zimmerman and Mr. and Mrs. Butler, of Warsaw, were guests yesterday of Mr. and Mrs. H. U. Byer.

Miss Edith Korte has gone to Sand Lake, Mich., for a two weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. Miller and family, who have a cottage there.

Miss Agnes Coppock has gone to Brewster, N. Y., to visit Miss Martha Lukens and Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Lukens, former Fort Wayne residents.

Miss Julia E. Emanuel, who sailed on June 21 for a five weeks' trip abroad, has been in Scotland for several days and tomorrow is going to Paris.

Miss Isabel Osterman, of Washington boulevard east, and her guest, Miss Glen Hoover, of Oshkosh, have gone on a trip to Lake Manitowish and Rochester for a two weeks' stay with Mrs. Hendricks.

Calvin K. Holman, of East Berry street, has gone to Los Angeles, Cal., to visit his mother and will visit San Francisco and other points of the coast before he returns.

The hostesses at the Country club on Wednesday afternoon will be Mrs. John Hoffman, Mrs. A. W. Heit, Mrs. C. H. Worden, Miss Edna Heit, Miss Helen Harper.

Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Bulson, Miss Geraldine and Eugene Bulson have returned from a trip to Battersea, Canada, and have opened their cottage, "Iwankakum-buck," at Lake Wawasee.

Mrs. Henry R. Freeman and daughters, Rudisill and Isabelle, are at Deland, Mich., to spend the rest of the summer at their cottage. Mr. Freeman will spend his holiday with his family.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Lambert, of Evanston, Ill., are guests of Mr. Lambert's mother, Mrs. S. C. Lambert, and of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Olds, Mrs. Lambert and children will remain for a few weeks.

The Misses Lillian Hitzman, Naomi Pickett, Esther Schmidt, Olive Nussbaum and Messrs. Howard Wilkens, Tremblay Ferguson, Roland Barber and Carl Peterson, with Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Schott, are forming a party of cottagers at Lake James this week.

Fort Wayne friends are interested in the engagement of Miss Ruby Keenan, a former resident of this city, to Dr. F. A. Cummings, of Lagrange. Miss Keenan's home is in Tulsa, Okla. Dr. Cummings also has many friends here who will be interested in this pre-nuptial announcement.

Miss Louise Pixley and Miss Bernadette Monahan have today for a trip to the Thousand Isles by way of Buffalo, Niagara and Toronto and will spend a month with Mrs. Fridge W. Ford, who is remembered here better as Miss Fannie Brown, whose marriage took place in June.

William T. Brackenkridge, of Malden, Mass., is a visitor in the city for a day or two. Mrs. Brackenkridge and two children, Rord Case and William, Jr., are in Indianapolis visiting her mother and her sister, Mrs. James Fry. It is possible that Mrs. Brackenkridge will visit in Fort Wayne before she returns south.

The members of the L. B. H. club have gone to Sand Lake, Mich., to spend two weeks at the Hoover cottage. Mrs. Marian Hushup is chaperoning the club, of whom the members are Misses Lucile Miller, Armonde Breen, Frances McGuire, Helen and Marie Goodfellow, Josephine Hayes, Margaret Strube, Grace Dailey, Mattie Boyce and Irma Rice.

Miss Flo Conklin has returned from a five months' stay in Birmingham, Ala., where she had a position as night supervisor in the Birmingham infirmary. Miss Conklin went to Clear Lake today to join her brother and a party of friends at a cottage for a week. In the party enjoying the outing are Mr. and Mrs. Guy Conklin, Mr. and Mrs. John Stafford and Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Knox.

The marriage cards of Walter Leslie Fandy, who spent some time in this city several years ago, and Miss Elizabeth W. Belleville, of Boston, Mass., have been received by friends. The wedding took place in Boston on July 9. The bride and groom will live in Gardiner, Mass., where they will be at home after the first of September. Mr. Fandy was connected with the Pennsylvania maintenance of way department at the time he lived in this city.

Mrs. William Kager, of West Jefferson street, gave a dinner party on Friday evening at her home, with Miss Gott, of Boston, Mass., who is visiting her sister and her husband, Prof. and Mrs. Feiertag, of Concordia place. Covers were laid for twelve and the table was prettily decorated with garden flowers. Miss Gott is on her way east after a visit in St. Louis, where she attended the golden wedding celebration of her parents.

The members and families of the Social club went to the home of Mrs. George Clark, 448 West DeWald street, on Saturday afternoon with well filled baskets of luncheon to remind Mrs. Clark that it was her natal anniversary. The supper was served at 6 o'clock and at that time the self-invited visitors bestowed several suitable and pretty gifts on their hostess. After supper the time was spent in playing games. Prize winners were Mrs. Peter Collins and Mrs. George Funk. All present enjoyed a good time.

Charles Porter, of Altoona, Pa., spent the week-end with his wife and family.

Some "Do's," "Don'ts" and "How's" for This Year's Bathing Girl.

The smartest 1918 bathing suit is made of black and white, and it follows the narrow lines of the street dresses.

Here is one made with a kimono waist and elbow sleeves of black charmeuse.

Charmeuse, by the way, is a splendid fabric for bathing suits, as it does not cling to the figure when wet, as does satin. The white reverses and collar on this suit are of white Turkish toweling.

The cap worn is of white polka dotted satin over the conventional rubber cap. Be very careful about the length of your bathing suit this summer. It must barely come to the knees and the skirt must be draped a little.

EMPRESS THEATRE

5—DANDY ACTS—5
Of Comedy.
KINEMACOLOR PICTURES
2—Shows Tonight—2

: Majestic Airdome :

TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK
4 New Acts of Vaudeville. In case of Rain Performance Given in Majestic Theatre. Two Shows Every Night at 8 and 9:15.

5c LYRIC 5c
TODAY

Two-Reel Feature
Plot is laid in Ireland
Very Sensational

JEFFERSON'S

Coollest in Town
TONIGHT
The Grit of the Gringo
A Western Dramatic.
Greatest Weekly
Latest News Events
Pictorially Presented.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY
Greatest New England Play Ever
Quincy Adams Sawyer
In Four Parts.
Admission .10 Cents.

SHOES
Greatest values at Lowest Prices.
SCHIEFER'S
H. H. HARTWIG, Mgr.
108 E. Columbia St.
Established 1865.
Fort Wayne's Oldest Shoe Store.

30

THE SEVEN AGES OF WOMAN IN LOVE: CHAPTER FIVE—WHEN SHE IS CRITICAL OF MAN!

BY WINNIE LEE.

If there are any unhappy women of THIRTY in town I hope they will read this.

I have become confident that they have fewer heart troubles in the FIFTY than in any other of the SEVEN AGES OF WOMAN IN LOVE.

Married Thirty does not complain of her husband; she is busy and content with her family, and if husband neglects her she finds full compensation in her young children.

Spinsters Thirty are absorbed in doing some part of the world's work and her ambition conceals for a time the romantic side of her nature.

So I assert that Woman—average woman—is at no time happier in her whole life than she is at Thirty. Can it be that the secret of human happiness lies in evenly balancing the romantic and practical? I have often wondered, because, curiously enough woman is never more PRACTICAL than she is at Thirty.

Whenever she does write of Love, it is to put some question about the business of marrying. For instance:

"I am thirty, and am to be married in June. I have several thousand dollars in government bonds left me by my father. My fiancé wants me to sell them and put the money into his business. I can't see it that way, and it is making trouble, etc.—N."

No, Thirty is not easily swayed just by the flattery of being loved.

And that upsets one of man's most cherished theories, his favorite one of the score of unprovable theories which he has accumulated about women.

Man believes that Thirty is ten times as anxious to marry him as is the girl a decade younger. He hardly dares hand Thirty one of those careless "just-in-passing" compliments which he keeps handy for women of every age—for fear it will land him in a breach of promise court.

He telephones an invitation to the theater instead of committing anything so serious to paper. So wary of Thirty is man.

HE thinks SHE thinks HE is her LAST CHANCE.

But not so, O wary, seamy bachelor! Thirty isn't TAKING ANY CHANCES on a MAN!

Thirty is a very critical person, who thinks Prince Charming ridiculous, and the King impossible. And while Twenty-seven is skeptical of love, Thirty is CRITICAL OF THE LOVER.

Twenty will elope in a taxi with a man who hasn't change enough to tip the chauffeur. But Thirty will not abandon the comfort of father's big car even on the chance that it is her last chance.

Thirty does not marry until she knows the commercial history of a man's great-grandfather; and whether insanity has ever cropped out in the family; and what color was the hair of his maternal great-aunt; and what is his salary; and when he can logically expect his next "raise."

She hopes to have children, and she isn't ashamed of it. But she would be MIGHTILY ANSHAMED of imposing upon her children an UNFIT FATHER. Thirty will break her own heart for the sake of posterity.

But practical and critical as Thirty is, she has NOT lost her dream of an IDEAL LOVE. That is another one of Man's pet theories which is absolutely untrue.

Nothing can kill the longing for love in a woman's soul.

If she cannot have a man and a baby to love, she will substitute a whole orphan asylum, or a cat, or a dog, or a plum, or a philosophy, or a primitive Italian art, or suffragism.

And when she is perfectly honest she admits that none of these is quite satisfying. For there isn't an age in the calendar of woman when she does not PREFER to love a MAN.



THIRTY ISN'T TAKING ANY CHANCES ON A MAN.

who are guests of Dr. and Mrs. M. F. Porter.

AT THE EMPRESS

Jane Dara and company, presenting a laughable skit, "The Telephone Girl," are headlining the new bill at the Empress theater this week. While the character Miss Dara assumes probably does exist somewhere, she is purely mythical, so far as Fort Wayne is concerned, but that doesn't prevent the sketch from being amusing and the character enjoyable. This phone girl is slinky, but as in the old time melodrama, huge hearted. There is a little love story woven into the action of the playlet and for summer time entertainment it does very nicely.

There are four other very interesting acts on the current bill, principal among which is Eddie Foyer, a single handed entertainer, whose dramatic readings are splendid. Foyer dabbles in comedy, then serious recitations and will prove one of the genuine hits of the week. Allene Vaughn is liked in her pianologue, Great Harrah and Co. offer trick and fancy

roller skating, adding comedy now and then and the Ernest Alvo trio perform during stunts on the horizontal bars.

The show is a good one throughout, the Kinemacolor pictures adding a finishing touch to a splendid entertainment.

AT THE JEFFERSON

The offering at the Jefferson for tonight is well balanced. A western comedy drama, "The Grit of the Gringo," is replete with thrills. The Gaumont Weekly is exceptionally good this week, as the illustrated stories are of more than passing interest. Mr. Patterson has a rich, full voice and has a remarkable control of it. Thursday and Friday comes "Quincy Adams Sawyer" in four parts, an absolutely true picture of New England life and character. It is full of action, plenty of good comedy, as well as tears and smiles. Coming soon, a great production of "Salome."

SENTINEL WANT ADS ALWAYS GET RESULTS

IN WASHINGTON SOCIAL LIFE.

Pretty, young, admired
Miss Gorman.

There are few—if any—
—prettier girls in Wash-
ington's official and ex-
clusive social life than
this New York girl—
Miss Alice O'Gorman,
daughter of Senator and
Mrs. James O'Gorman.

She has recently gone
to the national capital
to live.

Mrs. William Kager, of West Jefferson street, gave a dinner party on Friday evening at her home, with Miss Gott, of Boston, Mass., who is visiting her sister and her husband, Prof. and Mrs. Feiertag, of Concordia place. Covers were laid for twelve and the table was prettily decorated with garden flowers. Miss Gott is on her way east after a visit in St. Louis, where she attended the golden wedding celebration of her parents.

The members and families of the Social club went to the home of Mrs. George Clark, 448 West DeWald street, on Saturday afternoon with well filled baskets of luncheon to remind Mrs. Clark that it was her natal anniversary. The supper was served at 6 o'clock and at that time the self-invited visitors bestowed several suitable and pretty gifts on their hostess. After supper the time was spent in playing games. Prize winners were Mrs. Peter Collins and Mrs. George Funk. All present enjoyed a good time.

Charles Porter, of Altoona, Pa., spent the week-end with his wife and family.

Some "Do's," "Don'ts" and "How's" for This Year's Bathing Girl.

The smartest 1918 bathing suit is made of black and white, and it follows the narrow lines of the street dresses.

Here is one made with a kimono waist and elbow sleeves of black charmeuse.

Charmeuse, by the way, is a splendid fabric for bathing suits, as it does not cling to the figure when wet, as does satin. The white reverses and collar on this suit are of white Turkish toweling.

The cap worn is of white polka dotted satin over the conventional rubber cap. Be very careful about the length of your bathing suit this summer. It must barely come to the knees and the skirt must be draped a little.

EMPRESS THEATRE

5—DANDY ACTS—5
Of Comedy.
KINEMACOLOR PICTURES
2—Shows Tonight—2

: Majestic Airdome :

TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK
4 New Acts of Vaudeville. In case of Rain Performance Given in Majestic Theatre. Two Shows Every Night at 8 and 9:15.

5c LYRIC 5c
TODAY

Two-Reel Feature
Plot is laid in Ireland
Very Sensational

JEFFERSON'S

Coollest in Town
TONIGHT
The Grit of the Gringo
A Western Dramatic.
Greatest Weekly
Latest News Events
Pictorially Presented.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY
Greatest New England Play Ever
Quincy Adams Sawyer
In Four Parts.
Admission .10 Cents.

SHOES
Greatest values at Lowest Prices.
SCHIEFER'S
H. H. HARTWIG, Mgr.
108 E. Columbia St.
Established 1865.
Fort Wayne's Oldest Shoe Store.

JUNE FIRES COST STATE \$532,581

Fire Marshal Longley in a
Report on Blazes of
the Month.

LOOKING INTO CAUSES

Indianapolis, July 14.—The state fire marshal's department has issued a report giving the total fire loss in Indiana in June, this being the first full month's statement that has been compiled. The total loss for the month was \$532,581, there having been 689 fires reported.

W. E. Longley, the fire marshal, believes that the figures are practically complete as unusual efforts were made to obtain the co-operation of the deputies throughout the state in reporting fires.

The number of fires and the loss by weeks during June were as follows:

Weeks	Number	Loss
First week	200	\$174,322
Second week	193	136,450
Third week	189	148,279
Fourth week	107	73,530
Total	689	\$532,581

The large decrease during the final week brought down the average for the month, and Mr. Longley is inclined to believe that when several more months have been tabulated, the average monthly loss will be less than that for June.

Estimating the annual loss on a basis of the June loss the figure would be \$6,390,972, which is looked upon as appalling.

Many of the fires in June are looked upon as of the preventable type. These include fires caused by careless handling of matches, sparks, arson and lightning.

Lightning and sparks may not be preventable, but the fire marshal's office declares that buildings may be so constructed and protected as to keep lightning and sparks from causing fires.

Sixty-nine fires were caused by lightning in June with a loss of \$47,517. In forty-six of the cases, reports were made as to whether the buildings that were struck were equipped with lightning rods, and in all the forty-six cases, they were without the protection of rods. It is not known whether the other twenty-three buildings were equipped or not.

Sparks caused a loss of \$80,048, and properly constructed roofs would have prevented much of this damage, the fire marshal says. There were eight fires of incendiary origin causing a loss of \$3,030, including the burning of thirteen houses.

There were thirty-five fires caused by matches, but the loss was small, \$7,292. It is believed that practically all of this might have been saved.

Complete reports on Fourth of July fires have not yet been received, but to date twenty-six such fires have been reported, showing a loss of \$9,391. Not all of this may be charged to fireworks, however.

Madame Catherine's Chats

"I hear you have a July reduction sale on corsets. Is there any hope for a fat lady during the dog days?" besought Madame Catherine's stout visitor as she waited for a fitting on the hottest morning of the summer.

"Not unless she wears one of our mesh corsets and net brassieres," replied Madame promptly and decidedly. "Nothing would induce me to wear the hot stays most people affect in warm weather. I'd melt, I know."

"But will those thin things give me the right lines?" objected her customer, eying the mesh stays dubiously. "If I were not so stout I'd take them in a minute."

"The boning is just as good as that in the corsets you are wearing. It's the boning, not the corset material that counts in giving one correct lines."

"But I like the front lace so well. I dislike to change," she protested, yet eyed the airy-looking stays longingly.

"I was just about to show you a pair of mesh stays in the front lace style," replied Madame, opening the box in her hand.

"I'll try them," said her visitor.

"And with them, let me advise a brassiere of this thin net. I can guarantee that you'll tell me the next time you come into the Corset Shop that you never before knew solid comfort," prophesied Madame Catherine.—Adv.

MENINGITIS BOWS TO THE ACID CURE

Carbolic Solution Injected
Into Muscles Saves
Life of Girl.

SAY THE PHYSICIANS

Baltimore, Md., July 12.—In the cure of Charlotte Walsh, 11 years old, of cerebro spinal meningitis, announced at the Franklin Square hospital, physicians are astounded by the success of the remedy never before used in this city for this disease.

The child was taken to the hospital a week ago. She was in convulsions and suffering extreme agony.

"At that time," Dr. L. S. Horka, resident physician, said, "her temperature was 105 and her condition critical in the extreme. Today she is able to sit up and should be well enough to leave soon."

"Four injections of a solution of carbolic acid saved her life. The needle was run into a muscle and not into the veins or only under the skin, as is usually the case. The treatment has been used by us for tetanus, and successfully, in nine cases at least, but never before, to my knowledge, has it been tried in cerebro spinal meningitis."

"In the case of the little girl, her temperature responded like this," and Dr. Horka's finger traced a diagram on the wall.

"It was up here at 105. After the first use of the needle there was a slight drop. After the second and third injections it fairly tumbled, and at the fourth it sank to about normal."

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank our relatives and friends for their kindness during the sickness and death of our husband and father. Also for the bereaved words of Rev. Paul Miller and Rev. Frederick Wambogans; also for floral offerings.

MRS. MARY NAHRWALD AND CHILDREN.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

JOE WISE SAYS:
In stories,
a amateur
detective
always or-
ders every-
body about,
and they mind him
just as if they
had to."

THE AIRDOME.

There will be a change of the vaudeville bill at the Airdome this evening. Hunter and Ross will head the new bill in an act entitled "500 pounds of Comedy." Other acts on the bill will be Grace Darnley, the athletic girl; Mark Davis, the German comedian; Bardell and Dell, barrel jumpers.

Two performances will be given every evening at 8 and 9:15 and in case of rain the performance will be given in the Majestic theater.

Dr. Worch Made Big Hit at Rochester

One of the stellar features of the showing by Fort Wayne lodge of Elks in the parade at Rochester, N. Y., last week was the appearance of Dr. L. A. Worch in the role of His Satanic Majesty.

Dr. Worch wore the garb that has come to be accepted as the proper presentation of the evil one, and concerning his rendition of the part the Rochester Post-Express says:

"The devil made quite a few friends in Rochester yesterday. And it wasn't the metaphorical devil reputed to be a sump follower of Elks conventions, but the devil in real flesh and blood. The impression he made was vivid, as is usual in such cases, and it was purely a physical impression. The circumstances were something like these. In some manner the Elks of the Fort Wayne lodge got the devil in captivity, and had him marching on his good behavior at the head of their delegation in the parade yesterday morning. But the trouble was that he didn't behave, but went right on making new friends."

"A number of 'hello girls' from the telephone exchange went out in front of the building in State street yesterday morning as the parade passed, and when the devil passed, they proceeded to say 'hello' and give him a rasha from the boxes scattered by the preceding California delegation. This aroused the devil's proverbial interest. Now the devil's hands were put, and when he had shaken hands with them all, they found that the hand of the devil had been layed heavily upon them and each palm bore a clear print of his hand. The crowd gave the merry 'ha ha,' but 'the devil's hand was ineradicably upon them.'"

RETURNS TO FORT WAYNE.

Leo P. Sullivan Takes Position With the People's Store.

Leo P. Sullivan, recently of Marshall Field's, Chicago, has taken the position of buyer and manager of the ready-to-wear departments of the People's Store.

Mr. Sullivan is no stranger to Fort Wayne, he having held a similar position in another mercantile establishment in this city about three years ago, and is a recognized expert in his life.



Our Greatest July Clearance Sale

This Clearance Sale has been a wonderful success from the start. Never such value-giving. Summer goods must be closed out regardless of cost. Big bargains here all this week.

Dresses Again Marked Down.

Ladies' and Misses' Gingham
Dresses values up to \$3.00..... \$1.50

Clearing Coats
Linen Coats,
\$3.00 and \$3.98 values..... \$1.98

Clearance Sale Skirts
50 Black Voile Dress Skirts,
\$12.50 to \$7.00 values..... \$3.98

Waist Clearing
Middy and Bulkan Waists,
\$1.50 values..... 98c

Children's Dresses
Children's Gingham Dresses,
\$1.50 values..... 98c

Golden's Big Sale

== Opens Tomorrow Morning at 9 A. M. ==

The opportunity of buying strictly high grade merchandise at cost, and many broken lots at less, makes this sale particularly attractive to every man in northern Indiana. Our idea in offering you goods at these prices is to make room for our heavy fall purchases, and in this way show you only the latest in men's wear every season. Bring this list with you.

Every Article Listed Below on Display and Sold at Prices Quoted

SHIRTS (Laundered Cuffs)	UNDERWEAR	HOSIERY	NECKWEAR	SHIRTS (Soft Cuffs, Collar to Match)
\$1.50 grade, guaranteed colors, plaited and soft bosoms— 98c \$2.00, \$2.50 grade, including E. & W. make— \$1.55	Poros-Knit Unions; athletic and regulars; \$1.00 grade 69c Broken lines of Knit and Flat Unions; \$1.00 and \$1.50 grade 69c Two-Piece Shirts and Draw- ers; 50c grade 35c	Silks Hose; all colors and size 35c and 50c grade 27c 4 FOR \$1.00. Wayne Knit Sample line Silk Hose. \$1.00 Grade 69c \$1.50 Grade 98c	Wash Ties, 25c quality 17c 3 FOR 50c. 50c Quality 35c 3 FOR \$1.00. Cut Silk Ties; 50c quality 35c 3 FOR \$1.00. \$1.00 quality 69c 3 FOR \$2.00. Pure Silk Knits; \$1.00 grade 65c \$1.50, \$2.00 Grade \$1.15	Soisettes and Flannels; \$1.15 \$1.50 grade Madras and Silk Stripes; \$1.55 \$2.00, \$2.50 grades Silk and Linen Mixtures; \$2.35 \$3.00, \$3.50 grades Pure Silk Shirts; \$4.00, \$3.15 \$5.00 grades

All Straw Hats One-Fourth Off

No Goods
Charged at Sale
Prices

GOLDEN'S QUALITY SHOP

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

No Goods
Charged at Sale
Prices

INSTITUTE HAS A FEW OLD WEAPONS

Armorer's Art of Centuries
is Represented at
Smithsonian.

FIREARMS OF ASIANS

Washington, D. C., July 14.—A remarkable collection of old weapons secured by George Kennan, the celebrated writer and traveler, during one of his trips to Russia, has recently been loaned to the National Museum by Mr. Kennan and installed in the new building of the museum. The greater part of the weapons were originally gathered by Prince Paskievich, of Russia, a noted connoisseur, from whom Mr. Kennan purchased them a good many years ago.

While there are many and diverse examples of armorer's and gunsmith's work in the older museum building with the ordnance exhibits, these pieces are of special interest in relation to their original owners, or as examples of the art development of the periods they represent. The collection comprises about fifty-eight objects and consists mainly of oriental weapons, comprising sabers, daggers, yataghans, pistols and guns, all richly mounted, and some having historic and ethnologic interest on account of the inscriptions they bear in

Russian, Persian, Caucasian, Arabic or Latin.

Before Percussion Caps.

The firearms antedate the use of percussion caps, and belonged to Central Asian tribesmen who were accustomed to lavish the greatest amount of decorative art on their personal weapons, as can be seen from the heavy enrustation in gold and silver, and the jeweled settings on the stocks of the pistols and guns, and the hilts and scabbards of the swords. The barrels of the firearms, and the blades of the swords and knives are of exquisite metal work, carved or damascened, and inlaid with gold and silver characters recounting battles in which the owners engaged.

One sword of particular interest is that of a Russian executioner. It has a long, broad, curved blade bearing on one side an inscription of silver inlaid in steel, "God help me to overcome my enemies in the mountains and on the steppes," while on the other side is the record of campaigns against the Caucasian mountaineers in 1787. The hilt is of plain black wood; the scabbard is decorated in silver gilt and red velvet with repousse ornamentation.

A saber having a remarkable history is one in a plain black scabbard with gold inlaying on the bands and crossbar, bearing an inscription on one side of the blade, "Pro Fide et pro Patria," with the figure of a man brandishing a sword over his head; on the other side is the following: "Soli Deo Gloria," a coat of arms consisting of a double-headed eagle, and a crown, and below, "Laus Deo Semper." The blade is inscribed on the back with the following: "Yohannes Mayrscholler Inlascay Anno 1139." This warlike implement is considered to be the most valuable piece of the entire collection and is greatly prized by its owner on account of the

ancient date and probable historical connection with the crusades.

Another weapon of interest is a Scotch dirk once the property of a member of the Seventy-eighth Highland regiment, evidently captured in the Himalayas and carried into Central Asia, where it was picked up by Prince Paskievich. It is an odd piece of cutlery, having a straight two-edged blade and a short solid grip. The scabbard is of black leather and ornamented like the pommal with large crystal mountings. A case for a knife and fork is to be seen on the side, making the implement available for use both for camp and warlike purposes.

Among the guns and pistols is a short-barreled old Greek arm, the stock of which is ornamented with silver open-work and the butt with several silver coins of ancient Greece. Another interesting weapon is a rifle with gold inlaying on the barrel, a padded stock and an inscription which reads: "I. P. St. Petersburg." It was once owned by Catherine II. of Russia and probably used in the early part of the eighteenth century.

There are several types of pistols in the collection, especially kinds designed for dueling, including models from France, Germany and Italy, all of them richly decorated with delicate work worthy of the jeweler's art, and most of them with old style pompon handle or grip.

Two wheel-lock pistols ornamented with engraved ivory are rare curiosities. The flintlock firing apparatus is so arranged that after winding it up with a key several sparks can be made in succession, thus enabling the soldier or marksman to fire repeatedly without recocking and priming in case the gun missed fire the first time, a great improvement on the earlier simple flintlock mechanisms.

SKIRTS AND HOSE A REAL PROBLEM

High Mathematics Are Not
Really Necessary to Solve
Predicament

CONFRONTING WOMEN

St. Louis, Mo., July 14.—Split skirts are an open question in St. Louis just now, and as the thermometer is rising each day the controversy is growing warmer. The women—yes, this is true—are opposed to them. They are afraid—no, they are not afraid of what you are afraid of. Far be it from that. There wouldn't be any controversy if the cause of their perplexity were as far from—well, not any nearer than you are.

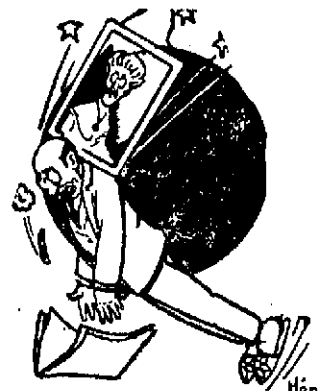
There are supporters for both sides of this question. In fact, the question is entirely one of supporters, and thereby hangs this tale. If you will look in Anthony Comstock's card index at the letter "H," pass by entries on the harem skirt and hobbie, you will come to "Hose—half," and you will find this note:

"Through the confession of a prominent Olive street haberdasher it has been learned that many St. Louis girls and women have adopted for summer wear the short silk socks made primarily for their brothers. The first sale shocked the haberdasher, but as the summer

months wore on so did the—or—half hose. The dealer reports that the custom has found many supporters—though, of course, that comment is unnecessary, supporters being more or less essential in anything of this kind." And now, stupid, don't you see? It is because the women fear you will that the question rose like a—like a, well, like a modern given when its wearer gets aboard a street car.

For a time in the early spring the split skirt was very popular here, but with the coming of hot weather came thoughts of last year's style in comfort and this year's style in skirts. If you don't know what this story's all about, we'll tell you it's merely a little lesson in arithmetic. Half hose are seven inches long, and the opening in split skirts is, as a rule, six inches. Figure it out for yourself.

OUR PRECISE ARTIST



HE WAS STRUCK BY THE
LIKENESS.

NOTICE

EAT
HAFFNER'S
POTATO
LOAF
BREAD

DR. RUSH 49-50-51 Pixley Bldg.
Tel. 589. The Specialist
Practicing the Wonderful New Treat-
ment scientifically, skillfully and hon-
estly, who is noted for CURES of Dis-
eases. If you are deformed, undeveloped
or ill, Dr. Rush will tell FREE what he
can do for you. Especially if others have
failed.
FIFTEEN YEARS IN FORT WAYNE.

Fresh Bread, all kinds
of Rolls and Coffee Cake,
hot out of the ovens at 6
a. m. and 3 p. m., at Gel-
ler's, on Broadway and
our Branch Stores, 212 W.
Berry and 1431 Wells
St.

W.F. Geller



MONEY LOANED AT LEGAL RATE

We have given a bond and have
a license to loan money according
to recent law enacted by the In-
diana legislature of 1912.
We give you a written state-
ment to this effect. All loans will
be made strictly to the require-
ments of the law. No one need
be without money at the rate we
will hereafter loan money. We
pay off loans with other companies
and advance you the extra money
that you need.

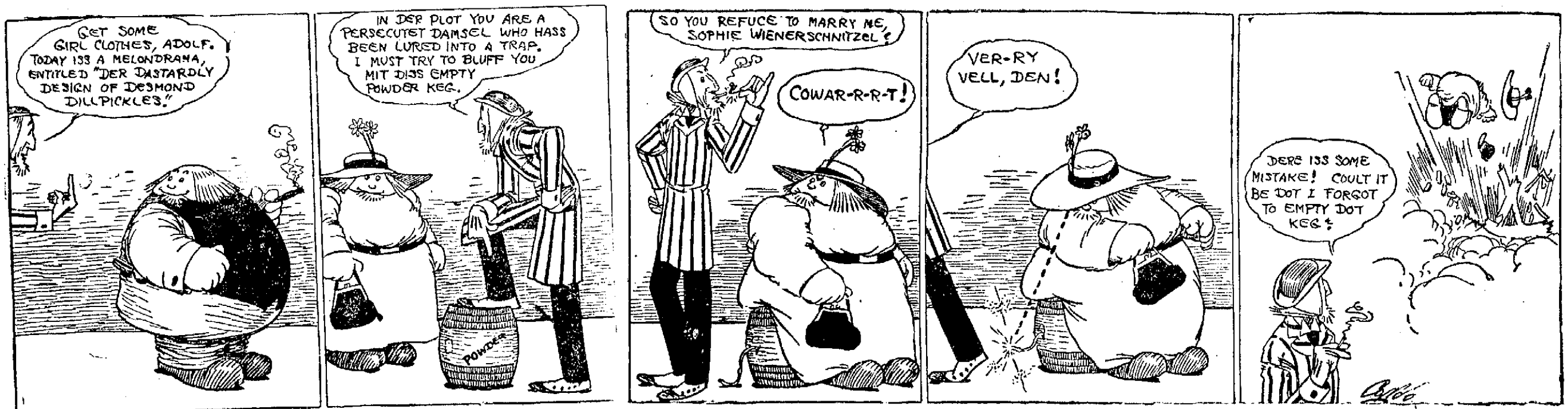
Furniture, pianos, horses, wag-
ons or your positions security.

PEOPLE'S LOAN CO.

715 Calhoun St. Seidel Block.
Room 5, 2nd Floor. Phone 1713.

A Little Oversight by Osgar Puts a Realistic Climax Into This Film

WORDS BY SCHAEFER.
MUSIC BY CONDO.



TOM JOHNSON'S PLAN WORKS WELL

St. Paul is Selling Its Own
Bonds in Fractions to
Home Folks.
DEMAND IS LARGE

St. Paul, Minn., July 14.—St. Paul is selling its citizens an interest in their town.
Up in this Minnesota city they believe they have found the solution for two problems of high importance to every municipality in the country:



TOM JOHNSON.

An absolutely safe investment for the old nicks and dimes of the common people that assures interest at 4 per cent. from the moment the money is invested.

An inexhaustible supply of funds with which to operate all municipal enterprises.

The idea of enabling just common folks to participate in the ownership of their city originated with Tom L. Johnson—the great mayor of Cleveland. It was one of the last schemes he figured out before his death. He had no time to put it into operation in Cleveland. But he told a friend about it. The friend wrote it down and passed it on to the people of St. Paul when the time came for it to be used. And St. Paul is using it. This is the idea as Tom Johnson dictated it to his friend and as the friend passed it to St. Paul officials:

The savings of the common people of this country form the ocean of credit upon which all financial enterprises are based. It builds the railroads and the factories. The people put it in the savings banks in the form of small sums. It is borrowed from the banks in large sums by the financial magnates. As a matter of fact the real money in this country belongs almost entirely to the poor people who save only \$10 or \$15 at a time.

The common people of this country, by combining such cash sums as they have saved up, could raise a bigger sum of ready money than the Rockefellers, Goulds, Vanderbilts and all the rest of the millionaires combined could produce in ten times the time it would take the workingmen to complete their fund.

Now when a city issues bonds, as it does, for almost every public improvement, these bonds are sold to the highest bidder. Sometimes they go at their face value. Mostly the city must pay a premium to get the money right away. The bonds are good for a term of years and bear interest from 3 to 7 per cent. The bonds are usually in large amounts—\$1,000 or something like that. They are seldom less than \$100. This makes it necessary for a wealthy firm or corporation to bid on them. Then when the bond dealers got them they sold them, charging their customers a premium in order to make a profit. Municipal bonds are a safe investment, because they form a first mortgage on every piece of property in the city that issues them. They are a lien on the tax collections. In order to buy these bonds, entire or in large blocks, the capitalist must use the people's money—savings in the banks. And in order to make money on them after they are bought, they must sell them for a price greater than they paid for them.

"Now," said Tom Johnson, "why not

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one grateful citizen that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure ever known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and neutralizing the action of the disease. Send for list of testimonials. We offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, etc.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



ONE DOLLAR

It requires only one dollar to open a savings account with the German-American National Bank.

But that account will grow to thousands of dollars if you add something to it regularly.

Money at 4 per cent. compound interest doubles in seventeen years.

We invite you to start an account with this bank with any sum from \$1.00 upward. We will pay 4 per cent. interest thereon, compounded twice a year.

German-American Nat'l Bank

CLEARANCE SALE

RUGS, CARPETS, LINOLEUMS AND DRAPERIES

Sale of Discontinued Patterns and Odd Lots BEGAN THIS MORNING

These Rugs and Carpets are the product of the foremost manufacturers in these goods, including Whittalls, Bigelow, Hartford and Hardwick and Magee. Rugs of quality at greatly reduced prices. Even if you don't need any until fall, it will pay you to make your selection now.

9x12 Bundhar Wilton rugs, regular price, \$45.00; Now\$37.50
8-3x10-6 Bundhar Wilton rugs, regular price, \$10.00; Now\$35.00
6x9 Bundhar Wilton rugs, regular price, \$30.00; Now\$26.75
4-6x12 Bundhar Wilton rugs, regular price, \$27.00; Now\$22.50
4-6x7-6 Bundhar Wilton rugs, regular price, \$17.50; Now\$15.00

9x12 Bigelow Wilton rugs, regular price, \$45.00; Now\$35.00
9x12 Bigelow High Pile rugs, regular price, \$45.00; Now\$32.50
9x12 Hartford Axminster rugs, regular price, \$32.50; Now\$27.50
9x12 Bigelow Axminster rugs, regular price, \$32.50; Now\$25.00

9x12 body Brussels rugs, regular price, \$32.50; Now\$27.50
8-3x10-6 body Brussels rugs, regular price, \$29.75; Now\$22.50
6x9 body Brussels rugs, regular price, \$21.75; Now\$16.50
9x12 seamless velvet rugs, regular price, \$25.00; Now\$19.75

9x12 seamless Brussels rugs, regular price, \$21.00; Now\$18.00
9x12 heavy Brussels rugs, regular price, \$18.00; Now\$15.00
9x12 heavy Brussels rugs, regular price, \$16.50; Now\$13.75
9x12 Sanford's Brussels rugs, regular price, \$15.00; Now\$12.75

HEAVY REVERSIBLE WOOL FIBRE RUGS FOR BED ROOMS. FAST COLORS.

9x12 size, regular price, \$12.50; Now\$9.75
8-3x10-6 size, reg. price, \$11.00; Now\$9.00
7-6x10-6 size, reg. price, \$10.00; Now\$7.50
6x9 size, regular price, \$9.00; Now\$6.75

SPECIAL SALE OF CREX RUGS
9x12 size; blue, green or brown, regular price, \$12.50; Now\$9.50
8x10 size; blue, green or brown, regular price, \$10.00; Now\$7.75
6x9 size; blue, green or brown, regular price, \$6.50; Now\$5.25
4-6x7-6 size; blue, green or brown, regular price, \$3.75; Now\$2.95

**Royal Axminster
Rugs**
Beautiful Oriental design, pure wool, fast colors, guaranteed; 9x12 size, regular price \$27.50, now\$22.50

**W. & J. STRANES' CELEBRATED
AXMINSTER RUGS**
9x12 size, regular price \$25.00; now\$19.75
11 ft. 3 in. x 12 ft. size Brussels Rugs for large rooms; regular price, \$25.00 now\$19.75

**Matting
Rugs**
For Porches and Bed Rooms.
30x60 size, special 49c each
36x72 size, special 79c each

**All Bath Rugs,
Hearth Rugs, Rag Rugs,
a Beautiful Assortment**
During Our Sale
20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

**EXTRA SPECIAL VALUES IN
LINOLEUM**
2 yd. wide Inlaid; regular price, \$1.25; for 89c per sq. yd.
2 yd. wide Inlaid; regular price, \$1.50; for \$1.12½ per sq. yd.
2 yd. wide Inlaid; regular price, \$1.85; for \$1.30 per sq. yd.
4 yd. wide Inlaid; regular price, \$1.85; for \$1.35 per sq. yd.

Extra Special
12 ft. wide Double Print Linoleum; regular price 75c; now
63c per sq. yd.

**2-YARD-WIDE DOUBLE PRINT
LINOLEUM**
Regular price 65c—
Now 49c per Square Yard.

2-YARD-WIDE HEAVY LIGNUM
Regular price 50c—
Now 39c per Square Yard.

We carry the largest stock of 2, 3 and 4-yard-wide Linoleum in the city.

Special prices will be given in our entire Carpet Department during this sale. If you need anything in floor covering now is the time to buy.

**SPECIAL SALE OF OLD HICKORY
PORCH FURNITURE**
Our entire line reduced from 10 to 30 per cent. We have just a limited amount, so come early.

FOX BROS. & CO.
923-5-7-9-931 CALHOUN STREET—
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS

WALL PAPER
Don't forget about our special discount we are giving in the Wall Paper Department. You can save at least 25 per cent. on a job.

let the people who save a little money buy these bonds themselves direct from the city, cutting out the various manipulations and commissions?"
"Of course, the average workingman does not have enough cash money to buy a \$100 bond. So the Johnson scheme called for the purchase of city bonds by a board or committee of officials authorized by law to deal with such matters. Every Ohio town and county is authorized to select what they call a sinking fund commission.
The Johnson scheme called for the purchase of city bonds by the sinking fund commission or some similar body. In St. Paul it is a committee composed of the mayor, the city treasurer and the city comptroller.
The commission holds the bonds and issues certificates which represent fractions of each big bond. These certificates sell in units of \$10 each. They bear 4 per cent. interest from the minute they are purchased until the minute they are redeemed. They can be redeemed on demand—just like a check on a bank. For instance, a person can purchase a \$10 certificate today and then tomorrow get his \$10 back with interest at 4 per cent. for the twenty-four hours the city has had the use of his money.
The attractive features to the poor man are that he can get his money any time and that while the city has his money it draws interest instantly. A chart in the office of the St. Paul sinking fund commission shows the exact interest on \$100 for every single day. Smaller sums are figured the same way.
It has been charged that in certain cases where cities desired to enter upon municipal ownership enterprises they have been unable to sell bonds to carry the enterprise through. The Tom Johnson idea is to offer such bonds for sale in small certificates to the general public.
St. Paul opened its popular bond certificate selling department July 1. In three days it had sold \$200,000 worth of certificates. The first day's sales amounted to \$80,000. The first hour's sales were \$16,000, representing the sale of seventy-five certificates. Of course the people of St. Paul do not expect to do a business of almost \$100,000 a day every day in the year, but they believe they can reasonably expect an average of \$30,000 per month.
The cost of operating this scheme is practically nothing. The bookkeeping involved amounts to very little and it is believed that one clerk can attend to it all.

"Now," said Tom Johnson, "why not

SHE'S AN HEIRESS CATCHER OF DOGS

Miss Cawker Favors the
Chair to Put to Death
Stray Animals.

FRIEND OF CANINES

Milwaukee, Wis., July 14.—Miss Leonora Cawker, heiress and official dog catcher of the city of Milwaukee, at a salary of \$500 a year, is an advocate of electricity as the most humane method of killing stray and friendless dogs and cats. She has announced her intention of installing an electric chair at the animal house, which she maintains at her own expense, replacing the expensive asphyxiation plant with which she equipped the kennels.
Ever since she was a child, Miss Cawker has been known as the friend of dogs and cats. It was to make her volunteer work in their behalf more effective that she obtained the office of official dog catcher. Except for what small assistance she receives from the Wisconsin Humane society, she bears the expense of these kennels.
Some time ago she purchased an automobile ambulance and employed a man to answer calls to pick up stray dogs and cats. It is in this ambulance that she goes through the city in the performance of her official duties, for Miss Cawker is the city's dog catcher in fact as well as in name.
Her interest in animals, and especially in household pets, dates back almost to her infancy. When other little girls were playing with their dolls she always preferred a dog or a cat. When still in her teens she shocked her young friends by announcing that it was her ambition to conduct a home for dogs and cats and that she intended to do so.
A few years later she fulfilled her prophecy by establishing the kennels in a bar, not some property which she owned in a thickly settled neighborhood. Soon the neighbors began to make vigorous protests, but that did not shake Miss Cawker in her determination. She merely transferred the kennels to her own home on fashionable Grand avenue, locating them at the rear of the spacious grounds, thus making ineffective any protests which the neighbors might make. When protests came, her answer invariably was that the kennels were so far distant from any home except her own that she could not see what valid objection any one could make to her

doing as she pleased with her own property.

The kennels were established in a small way at first and only a few animals were cared for. But the work has grown rapidly. The kennels have been extended and a staff of assistants employed. Last year 3,000 dogs and 1,000 cats were taken into the kennels. Of these the animals that showed good blood or looked as if a home might be obtained for them were kept on an average of three weeks before being chloroformed. The number of waiting dogs has been from fifty to sixty the greater part of the time. Animals that are maimed or otherwise in an undesirable condition to be placed in homes are put to death, and in addition to her public work along this line, Miss Cawker has taken charge of the painless killing of many sick animals whose owners have requested her services.
So rapidly has the work grown that Miss Cawker recently informed the Wisconsin Humane society that it had outgrown her financial ability to maintain it. It is impossible also to further increase the kennels at her home, and a movement already has been started for the erection of a suitable and adequate animal home in the suburbs. By a bill introduced at this session of the legislature the city is authorized to make contracts with the society for the care of all stray animals, and indications are that the work which an girl undertook single handed will become one of the most important philanthropies of the state.

**WANTED—Good bench
hands for assembling pumps.
Apply at once. S. F. Bow-
ser & Co. 12-2t**

INDIANA TEAM CHOSEN.

Twelve Riflemen to Represent State in National Shoot at Camp Perry.

Evansville, Ind., July 14.—Lieutenant Colonel Conliffe, Second regiment, I. N. G., today selected the ten most twelve riflemen to represent Indiana in the national shoot at Camp Perry, Ohio. The men are: Major O. B. Kilmer, Warsaw; Captain A. J. Miller, Mt. Vernon; Captain J. M. Glenn, Vincennes; Captain B. E. Wimer, Terre Haute; Captain Albert Black, Albion; Captain Glen VanAucken, Auburn; Captain Albert Catlin, Terre Haute; Lieutenant Otto Deul, Elkhart; Sergeant Warren Goodwin, Angola; Sergeant Mills Snyder, Albion; Sergeant Eugene Singleton, Evansville, and Captain Franklin Snider, Washington.

**While on your vacation
have The Sentinel mailed to
you. 10c a week. 6-17-tf**

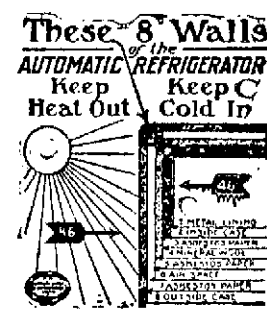
CHILD IS KIDNAPED.

Strange Man Takes Tot of 4 from Home of Grandmother at Vincennes.

Vincennes, Ind., July 14.—Edward Lane, 4, was kidnaped from the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Jennie Lane, here by a strange man yesterday. The grandmother had reared the child from infancy, but had never legally adopted him and this makes the police powerless to act. The police believe the child was taken to his mother, Mrs. Laura Vickie Lane, of Indianapolis. The child's father is in the navy.

The name of Mrs. Laura Vickie Lane is not in the Indianapolis city directory.

**Have The Sentinel follow
you while on your vacation.
Phone 173. We collect.**



The big cost of a Refrigerator is not its first cost, but its ice cost.

The automatic quickly pays for itself and saves its cost time and again because it's so economical of ice. It's well worth coming to see.

Indiana Furniture Co.
121-123 East Main Street

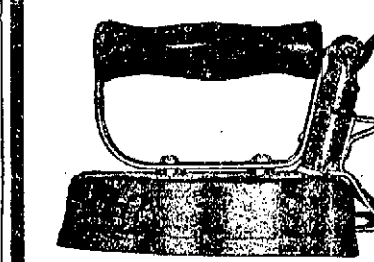


There Is a Constant Wear

and tear on kitchen utensils that keeps the housewife busy replenishing if their quality isn't right. By buying our pure aluminum ware that's right from start to finish, the replenishing is largely obviated, because it lasts longer and costs least in the long run.

It is well worth your time to see.

C. C. SCHLATTER & CO.
Corner Columbia and Clinton Sts.



AT THE Hotpoint STORE

You will find a complete line of HOT POINT Heating and Cooking Appliances.

The Protective Electrical Supply Co.
123 West Columbia St. Phone 1813

Try The Sentinel Want Columns

**You can buy a Diamond on
weekly or monthly payments
on a small payment down.
Wartell, Cut-Rate Jeweler,
1319 Calhoun St. 2-11-42**

REAL ENCOUNTER OVER COLLIE DOG

Two Policemen and Official
of City Settle Dispute
on Ownership

AND END THE BATTLE

Pittsburg, Pa., July 14.—It took the combined efforts of City Treasurer Adolph Edlis and two police officers to settle a bitter dispute between two north side women over the ownership of a fine Scotch collie. Here are the details:

Mrs. Henry Smith, of 5 Mill street, north side, went to the Allegheny market house, accompanied by the collie. She stopped at a stand to make some purchases and the collie stood patiently by her side. Mrs. Charles Wright, of Montrose avenue, north side, came along and saw the dog. With a real feminine shriek of delight Mrs. Wright threw her arms around the canine.

"Why, Trixie, you darling! where have you been so long?" she cried. "Madame," exclaimed Mrs. Smith frigidly, although her blood was boiling with indignation, "I have no idea who you are, and I would be pleased if you would cease embracing my dog without my consent."

"Your dog?" returned Mrs. Wright haughtily. "I would have you understand this is my dog, and I must ask you to explain how it came into your possession."

"The very idea!" fairly shouted Mrs. Smith. "That is my dog—come here, Topsey," and she made a grab for the collie's collar.

Mrs. Wright began to drag the dog along as she started from the market house; but Mrs. Smith also got hold of the collie's collar and there was a few minutes exciting tug-of-war between the claimants of the canine.

The owner of the stand where the trouble took place tried to settle the controversy, which had already attracted a big crowd. Failing to do so, he telephoned the police and Lieut. Charles Faulkner and Special Officer Edward Simon were sent to quell the disturbance. They found the women frantically trying to pull the collie from one another, and being unable to settle the question of ownership, the officers took the trio to Allegheny police station.

The dog's collar bore a 1913 license tag, No. 1578, and Lieutenant Faulkner telephoned to the city treasurer to learn to whom that license had been issued. In a few minutes the phone conveyed the information that "Mrs. Charles Wright, of Melrose avenue, north side," had taken out that numbered license.

"The very idea!" exclaimed Mrs. Wright as she led Trixie triumphantly from the station.

Mrs. Smith claimed she had purchased the collie from a man who said he owned the dog, but was compelled to part with it because he was moving west.

FOUND A USE FOR THE STOVE

French Physician Probably Made Present of "Pernicious Object" to His Mother-in-Law.

A French physician called on one of his patients—a lady—who was complaining of headache and general prostration.

"I'll tell you what's the matter with you, madam," he said, promptly: "It's that stove you have over there. Those coal-burning stoves are reservoirs of poison—the deadliest things in the world."

"But that stove cost me one hundred francs!" protested the lady.

"Never mind that. Better lose any amount of money than your life. I'll tell you what I'll do: I'll give you twenty-five francs for it, and find some way of getting rid of the pernicious object."

The lady consented, and the doctor removed the stove.

A few days later, the patient, who thought of changing her residence, went out to inspect a suite of rooms, and the first thing that met her gaze was the stove.

"Who lives here?" she asked of the servant who was showing her over the rooms.

"Madame A., madame," said the servant respectfully—"Doctor B.'s mother-in-law!"

City of Philosophers.

Lichfield, which has just lost her bishop, never possessed a more patriotic son than that stalwart churchman, Doctor Johnson, declares the London Westminster Gazette. He declared that his fellow citizens spoke the purest English, brewed the best beer, baked the finest oat cakes, and when Boswell observed that there were no manufactures, he retorted: "Sir, we are a city of philosophers; we work with our heads, and make the boobies of Birmingham work for us with their hands." One of these "philosophers," Dr. Erasmus Darwin, grandfather of the great biologist Doctor Johnson cordially disliked, partly for his whig opinions and partly because he was a formidable rival in conversation.

Daily Thought.

The workman who lives in his work and not by it is putting vitality and joy into every hour. He is not grinding at distasteful tasks to the bare limit of the scheduled hours, and then hurrying elsewhere to live. He is consciously living, exerting his powers, enjoying their exercise, in his daily task. This, then, becomes his existence, rather than the marginal hours spent outside the workshops. Until every toiler can be so environed and so conditioned at his task as to feel this joy in it, society will not have solved the human problem. Carlyle's man who sings at his work is exactly this man whose heart rejoiceth to run the daily race.—Mary Stanhope.

HER PET CANARY HALTS A VESSEL

On Way to Sea, Captain
Holds Vessel for Forgotten Bird Cage.

SENDS TAXI FOR IT

New York, July 14.—Mrs. Green is young and very charming. That is why the officers of the Vestris, of the Lamport & Holt line, gave her their fullest attention when she announced in plaintive but positive tones that she had lost her Rickey.

"I forgot to bring Rickey," she exclaimed.

"Who's Rickey?" demanded the second officer.

"Rickey's our pet canary," she said, "and I am taking him to South America to my husband. I mean I was to have taken him, but I left him at home."

"It's too late now to get him," said the officer, "for we leave in thirty minutes."

"But I wouldn't dare go without him. I've brought the seed and the cuttlefish and everything, but I forgot the bird."

"Where do you live?" asked the officer.

"Mrs. G. F. Green, No. 59 West Fifty-third street," was the reply, and the officer solicited the assistance of H. S. Damage, the line's passenger agent. After consultation with the Vestris' captain it was agreed to hold the vessel until ten minutes after 5 o'clock—ten minutes later than her schedule called for—and Mr. Damage and Mrs. Green sought a telephone.

To an agent of a taxicab company the young woman explained that she wanted to go to the Fifty-third street number and get a canary bird.

But no canary-bird hearing taxicab arrived at the pier by ten minutes after 5 o'clock, and Mrs. Green was in a state of hysteria as she watched the sailors haul off the gangplank.

Just as the Vestris was swinging at the end of the pier and before the last spring line was cast off the taxicab arrived. With the bewildered canary in its cage one of Mrs. Green's friends ran to the end of the pier and fastened the cage to a piece of rope. Then, very slowly and with due reverence for Mrs. Green's brimming eyes were upon him—a sailor hauled the line with the cage attached over the side.

BRITONS FIRST TO USE SOAP

Roman Conquerors Said to Have Transferred Custom to Italy, From Whence It Spread.

One of the few inventions that are not ascribed to foreign ingenuity is that common household article soap. It is said that the ancient Britons were the first makers of soap, and that the Romans, when they conquered that island took the invention back with them to Italy.

Most of what we wash with is made from fat, but in foreign lands there are natural soaps. The is the soap root of Spain, the soap-berry of Chili, and the bark of the Peruvian soap-tree. At a little town in Mexico soap actually takes the place of copper coinage! In another part of the same South American republic the inhabitants eat soap, finding much nourishment therein.

The French term for soap, "savon," by the way, owes its origin to the town of Savona, in France, where vast quantities of the material were formerly manufactured.

Spelling Didn't Count.

A Southern negro put up a sign on his place, "For Sale." He was ridiculed, and changed it to "sell," and finally tried a third time, his sign reading "sall."

It had not been up an hour when an old colored man came along and queried: "Does you mean dat dis place am for Sally? What yer gwine to give de place to Sally for?"

"Am you findin' fault wid dat sign?" asked the other.

"Well, I doan' quite cotch on to de spellin'."

"You doan, eh? Hae you got seben hundred dollahs to pay cash down for dis place?"

"No, sah."

"Den you pass on, an' shet up! Maybe I doan' spell just the same as you do, but I ze prospects of handlin' seven hundred dollahs, while you got goat knees out to de weddah. Go 'long, ole man; ye' too dy on jergery."—The Argonaut.

By Mutual Consent.

Mother (anxiously)—I am told that your husband plays cards every night at the club—plays for money, too.

Married Daughter—That's all right. He gives me all his winnings.

Mother—What? Do you—

Married Daughter—And he always plays with Mr. Nextdoor.

Mother—What difference can that make?

Married Daughter—Mrs. Nextdoor makes her husband give her his winnings, too, and then she gives the money to me and I hand her what my husband wins from hers, and so we both have about twice as much money as we could get out of them otherwise.

His Order.

The proprietor of a certain restaurant had leased the reverse side of his bill of fare to a carriage manufacturer, who prints advertisements thereon. The other day a customer in a great hurry ran into the restaurant, sat at the table, was handed a bill wrong side up by the waiter.

The customer on his place, curled his moustache with a left hand, and shouted in a voice of thunder:

"Bring me a filleted fly, a laudau on toast, two victorias devilled, and a fried dog-cart! Got any wheelbarrow stew?"

The poor waiter said:



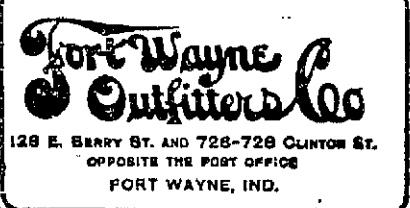
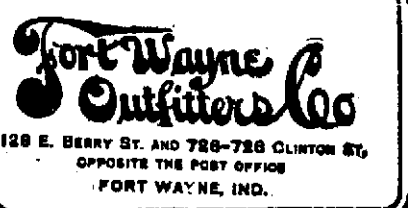
A Contented Home

Is essential to Happiness—surround yourself with the comforts your position and your earnings warrant. You will never make headway if you do not put yourself in debt. You know your credit is good here—we'll trust for all the household goods you need to fit your circumstances and conditions. Marry the girl—don't keep her waiting and don't fret about the Home Furnishings—we'll do the

fretting for you. Of course this isn't a lecture on Contentment, because one must never be contented or satisfied with his work—that checks ambition. But a contented home, that's different—that is absolutely essential to your success in business.

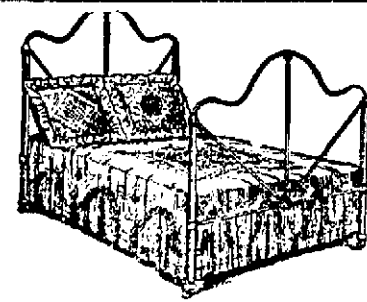
This is the season of the year when many lines are sold at reduced prices—because we are house cleaning—getting rid of patterns that we don't propose to duplicate—and so this is really a golden opportunity to furnish your home for less money than is usually demanded.

Now with credit as free as the air you breathe—and prices an average of 20 or 25 per cent lower than usual—prompts you to take advantage. We cordially invite your patronage with the assurance that whether you purchase for cash or on time, you will fare better here.



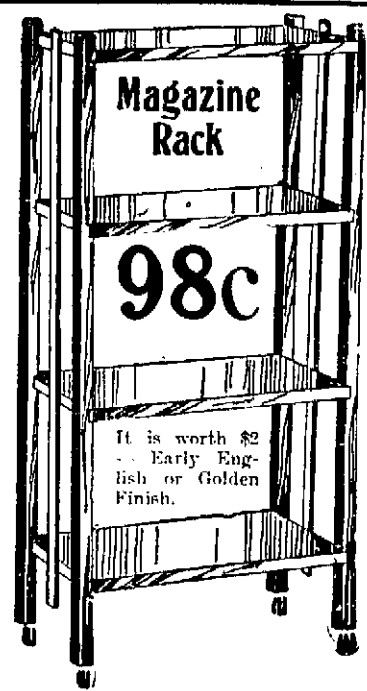
\$1.49 for this **\$3.50**
Porch Swing

A new lot is in—a big lot come now, before they are sold out again.



\$1.85 for this **Iron Bed**

It may or may not be policy to illustrate the cheapest—but whether you get the better or the best, you will find them always at least 1/4 cheaper at the Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.

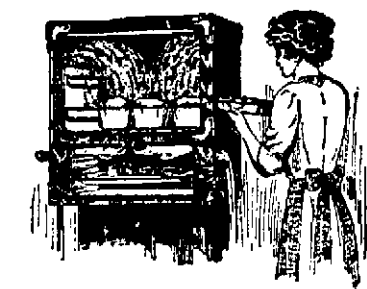


Magazine Rack
98c

It is worth \$2—Early English or Golden Finish.

NEW METHOD GAS RANGES

HAVE MORE EXCLUSIVE PATENTED GAS SAVING AND CONVENIENCE FEATURES THAN ANY GAS RANGE MADE.

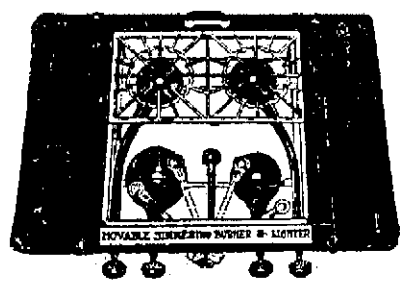
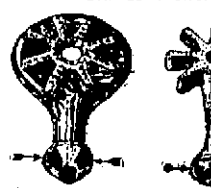


NEW METHOD OVEN CONSTRUCTION. Study the illustration. See how the flame travels along the bottom flame plate. It does not touch the oven bottom. The heat travels up the sides and down on whatever you are baking. (Follow the Arrows.) The same flame used in baking is used in the broiling. The flame travels directly across whatever you are broiling, and yet there is not the slightest possibility of burning.

Compare the New Method with any other gas range at any price and you will be convinced of this more forcibly than we can convey in a printed statement.

There are certain distinctive features about all gas ranges, but try and think of a single one that combines the great number of exclusive features that you will find in the New Method.

In economy of gas consumption the New Method stands alone.



MOVABLE SIMMERING BURNER AND LIGHTER.

With this device you can light one burner from the other without matches. There are no pilot lights to be blown out by gusts of wind, or gas registering on your meter 24 hours in a day. Then, too, you can move this burner underneath the vessel, instead of moving the vessel above the burner. This feature is found only in a New Method range.

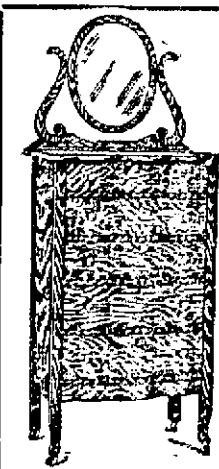
SPLIT OVEN DOORS ENABLE YOU TO SEE BY ONLY PARTIALLY OPENING DOORS.

When you swing open the old style oven, the hot steam rushes into your face. With the split oven doors you are protected by the division in the center.

FAR SUPERIOR TO THE IMPRACTICAL GLASS DOOR. Steam and moisture soon obstruct the glass oven doors, making it impossible to look inside. Then, too, the possibility of breaking is great. With the split oven doors you can see inside by just partially opening the doors. See above picture.

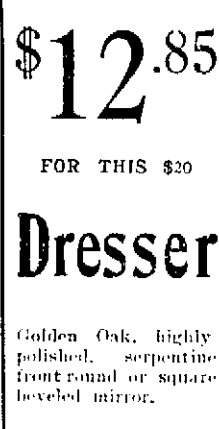
NEW METHOD STOVES ARE ALL STEEL THROUGHOUT. No blackening or polishing is necessary. A damp cloth rubbed over the enameled surface will make it shine with jet black brilliancy.

ENAMELED STEEL BURNERS. The cast iron burner found on every other gas range has drilled flame holes, retarding the flow of gas. New Method burners are of steel, enameled inside as well as out, affording an easy flow of gas and enabling 3 1/2 times more air to enter the air mixer than any other gas range.



\$12.85 FOR A \$20.
CHIFFONIER

Golden Oak, highly polished, serpentine front, round or square French beveled mirror.



\$12.85 FOR THIS \$20
Dresser

Golden Oak, highly polished, serpentine front, round or square beveled mirror.



RUGS
15 to 30 Per Cent. Off

About fifty of them, all sizes, room - size and smaller, one of a kind, odd patterns, to be closed out this week and at discounts ranging from



Is reached in this Kitchen Cabinet. The GREEN-CASTLE CABINET CO. has at last produced a cabinet with PERFECT CONVENIENCES and so SANITARY that it is beyond criticism—even by Dr. Wiley himself. Here pure food finds pure receptacles. Note the interior—WHITE ENAMELED like PORCELAIN. See the FLOUR BIN and SUGAR JAR, made of ANNEALED CRYSTAL GLASS—both removable for cleaning; the Sugar Jar absolutely ant-proof. Just push gently against those DOORS—how they QUICKLY DISAPPEAR inside like in a roll top desk; not as in other cabinets—swinging out over table top, necessitating clearing the table before they will open or close. Full slightly in that sleek sliding table top—Oh! so easily it comes out on its ROLLER BEARINGS. Observe the bright WIRE RACKS for the glass Tea, Coffee and Spice Jars, and for Pans. Look at that large pot cupboard, also the drawers and metal Bread and Cake box.

This highly polished Golden Oak Cabinet is a handsome piece of furniture and the price is reasonable. Step in and examine it.

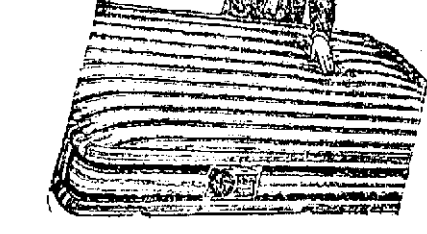
EASY TERMS.

Good People, These Are Bargain Days

Furniture, Rugs, Household goods—throughout the establishment underpriced offerings. But cutting prices does not in the least affect our easy terms. All we want to know is that you are employed. Bricklayer and Banker, Carpenter or Capitalist—the industrious Washwoman, is treated here with the same respect and consideration as the man with the millions. An honest name takes the place of a bank account—our business is established to accommodate all—come participate in the many special offerings this week.

THE "SEALY"

Tuftless
Mattress



At first sight it is hard to make people understand the wonderful qualities of a "SEALY MATTRESS." It looks different and feels different from any other mattress.

It violates all the long-headed mattress traditions. Instead of being straight and dotted with tufts, it is smooth and curved. Instead of being hard to the touch, it yields to pressure with the gentleness of a fine pneumatic cushion—and yet with none of the sluggishness of the old feather bed.

One has to sleep on it to understand why it is that so many who have tried the "SEALY MATTRESS" refuse to use any other kind.

We are willing to let customers prove this mattress out for themselves—to send one to your home and to take it back any time within 60 days if it is not all you hoped it would be.

You are the sole judge of its merits. There will be no quibble about it. Any mattresses returned are sent right back to the factory and not sold again.

P. O. Not one returned up to date. They never come back. "ADVERTISING BY US IS RELIABLE ADVERTISING."

**NO MATTER WHAT YOU WANT
It Will Save You Time and Money If You Use SENTINEL WANTS!**

ELKS MAKE HIT ALL ALONG WAY

Fort Wayne Delegation is
Home from Rochester,
Tired But Happy.

FUN EVERY MINUTE

The last of Fort Wayne's big delegation to the grand lodge convention of the Elks at Rochester, N. Y., straggled in on the return trip last evening, tired but happy and declaring that the pilgrimage had been a complete success from every point of view.

"We were most cordially received at every point," said Nate Readell today, "and we lost no opportunity to put Fort Wayne on the map."

"At Rochester everybody was singing the praise of Fort Wayne for the showing we made in the big parade on Thursday. We had our splendid band ahead of more than sixty members of the lodge attired in Mardi Gras costumes. There was nothing else like it in the long line of more than 10,000 Elks in the parade, and we were cheered all along the route."

Traveling in a special train of five cars, the Fort Wayne delegation made the tour in de luxe fashion. The cars were parked at Rochester, and the Elks lived in them during their stay in that city. On the return trip parades were given at Buffalo and at Niagara Falls, where the Fort Wayne brethren were told that they had "waked the town up for the first time in twenty years." From Buffalo the return trip as far as Cleveland was made by boat, and here again the Fort Wayne band and singers furnished entertainment and diversion for the tourists. At Cleveland the Fort Wayne delegation was compelled to halt long enough to accept the hospitality of the Cleveland Elks at the clubhouse in that city.

THE DEATHS.

MELLOR.

Abraham Mellor, aged 39, died at the home of a brother-in-law, Patrolman Frank Hartzell, 1122 Wells street, at 9 o'clock Saturday night after an extended illness from dropsy. He was employed as a cement worker in this city.

He was born in Warren county, Ohio, and the body will be taken to Middletown, O., today for burial. Surviving relatives include two sisters, Mrs. H. Brecknell, Elwood, O., and Mrs. Frank Hartzell, and four brothers—Frank, of Elwood, O.; Chester, of Middletown, O.; Robert, of Fort Wayne, and William, of Columbus, O.

FRENCH.

Mrs. Margaret Poyner French died Sunday night at 8:30 o'clock at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Carrie Pierce, 718 Rummion avenue, at the age of 79 years and 7 months. Senility was the cause of death, which followed after several months of failing health. She was born in Ohio in 1833. For the last thirteen years Mrs. French had made her home with Mrs. Pierce.

Besides the daughter at whose home she died five grandchildren and two great-grandchildren survive. Three sisters also are living—Mrs. Francis Tullman, Ridgewood, O.; Mrs. Florence McIntire, Shelby, O., and Mrs. Anna Blosser, Lagrange. The body was shipped to Paulding, O., for funeral services and interment.

RHOADES.

Succumbing to the infirmities of age, Alexander Rhoades, of 1001 East Wayne street, died Monday morning at 3:45 o'clock at the age of 81 years. He had been in ill health for some years.

Mr. Rhoades was born in Delaware, O., and spent the earlier part of his life in Ohio, but he had been a resident of Fort Wayne for the last twenty-five years.

Surviving relatives are the widow, two daughters, Mrs. J. C. Gallagher, of this city, and Mrs. Leroy Smith, of Millsboro, Ill., and four sons, Oscar, Richmond; E. R. Rhoades, of South Bend; Frank and Grant, of Fort Wayne.

Funeral services at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at the residence, and will be private.

FUHRMANN.

Mrs. Annie Fuhrmann, 32 years of age, wife of William Fuhrmann, died Sunday morning at the family home, 2407 North Clinton street, from diabetes. Mrs. Fuhrmann had been in failing health for some time, but her condition did not become serious until but a short time before her death. The husband, who is a traveling salesman, was out on the road at the time of her death, and impaired wire service due to storm made it impossible to reach him by telephone. He was unaware of his wife's death until he arrived in the city Monday morning.

Before coming to Fort Wayne Mrs. Fuhrmann was a resident of Terre Haute, where she was a member of the Methodist church. Surviving relatives besides the husband include the mother, Mrs. Rankin, of Terre Haute, and two sisters and a brother—Mrs. Ella Hollowell, of Kokomo; Mrs. Cora Johnson and Miss Susie Rankin, of Terre Haute, and Edward Rankin, of Indianapolis.

Funeral services Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock from the residence. Interment will occur at Terre Haute Wednesday following funeral services from the home of Mrs. Johnson in that city.

YOUNGSTER BADLY BURNED.

Little Henry Gollmer Has Hot Coffee Spilled Upon Leg.

Little Henry Gollmer, age, four years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Gollmer, of 1846 Lindley avenue, was painfully burned this morning at the breakfast table when a younger brother tipped over the boiling hot coffee pot upon him. The lad received severe burns on his left leg. Dr. E. M. VanBuskirk was called to attend the child, and the physician says that the hurts will not prove serious.

SOLD TO WHITE SOCKS.

Chicago, July 14.—Larry Chappelle, the sensational outfielder of the Milwaukee team of the American association, was sold to the White Socks, of this city, today. For him President Comiskey gave Outfielder John Beall, a catcher whose name was not made public, and a "cash consideration." Chappelle is to report at once. He has been batting around .350.

WONDERS STILL TO BE BEAT

California Has Largest Tree; Sahara the Biggest Desert; New York the Longest Tunnel.

The largest trees in the world are undoubtedly the giant redwoods of California. One of these, in Tulare county, has at the base a circumference of 108 feet and at a point 12 feet from the ground a circumference of 76 feet.

The largest desert in the world is the Sahara. This barren waste has a length of 3,000 miles and an average width of 900 miles. Rain falls there at intervals of five, ten and twenty years. It is blistering hot in summer and in winter the temperature frequently falls to zero.

The largest cave is the Mammoth cave in Kentucky. This consists of a succession of irregular chambers, certain of which are traversed by the Echo river.

The highest active volcano is Popocatepetl near Puebla, Mexico. It is 17,500 feet above sea level and has a crater 2,000 feet wide.

The longest railway tunnel aside from the New York subway is that of St. Gothard on the line of the road between Lucerne and Milan. It is 26 1/2 feet wide, 19 feet from floor to roof, and 9 1/2 miles long.

The Chinese wall, now reported to be in process of demolition, is the greatest on earth. It was completed in 204 B. C. as a protection against the Tartars. Two wall traverses a rough stretch of country, passing over the mountains and valleys and across rivers. It is 1,600 miles long, 20 feet high, 25 feet thick at base, and 15 feet at its top.

The greatest pyramid is that of Cheops of the Giza group. It contains 89,000,000 cubic feet of masonry, is 451 feet high, and the total weight of its stone has been estimated at over 6,000,000 tons.

The highest lighthouses are the Bartholdi Statue of Liberty in New York harbor, which is 151 feet, besides a pedestal of 165 feet; one at Genoa, Italy, 210 feet in height, and Cape Hatteras Light, which is 189 feet.

The largest bell is the great bell at Moscow, which is 86 feet in circumference at the bottom, over 21 feet high and 25 inches thick at the top. Its weight has been computed at 217 tons. It has never been rung.

Horse's Instinct Saves Girl.

A horse's sagacity was instanced in a remarkable manner at Aberdeen on many days ago, when a child narrowly escaped being trampled to death. Two horses were pulling a lorry out of a stable, and when about to turn into the street one of the animals stopped dead with its foreleg poised in the air, and despite the exhortations of the driver refused to budge an inch. A woman's scream attracted the driver's attention, and, following her pointed finger with his eye, he clambered down off the vehicle to investigate the cause of the delay. On reaching the ground he noticed a little child lying prone on its face literally under the horse's hoofs. But for the amazing sagacity on the animal's part, the little one must undoubtedly have been killed.

Are Women More Trustworthy?

Several leading business men in London have been interviewed on the question as to whether women are safer handlers of money than men. Mr. Gordon Solfridge says that, taking the average, women were more honest than men. In a cashier's position a woman was at least equal in every respect to a man. Another large employer declared that the average woman could not be trusted. They do not take any interest in their work, and are always impatiently looking at the clock to see when they can leave. A militant suffragette, drawing herself up to her full height, replied, scornfully: "Women are men's superior in everything—honesty, morals, and brains."

The Poet and the Boy.

Dr. Carleton Simon, the well-known New York specialist, told at a dinner the other night a story about James Russell Lowell. "It seems," said Dr. Simon, "that a woman friend had asked the famous poet to write in her autograph album. So Lowell wrote: 'What is so rare as a day in June?' "Some time later the poet had occasion to call at the woman's house. While waiting he picked up the album and glanced through it. Great was his surprise when he came to his own writing and found scrawled beneath it in a schoolboy hand 'A Chinaman with whiskers.' "

Misinterpreted.

"Beg pardon, sir," said the doorman at the Staghorn club. "Haven't you made a mistake?" "I reckon not," replied St. Corntassel. "The sign on the door says 'No Admission,' and if they're no admission, it's free, ain't it?"—Judge.

The Safety Point.

Mrs. Recently-Wed—Did I appear nervous at all during my marriage ceremony, Clara? Friend (enviously)—A little at first, dear, but not after George had said "I will."

Hard Times.

Blinks—Hello, old chap, how's the world treating you? Banks—Very seldom. — Canadian Courier.

Accounted For.

"A bribe is an insult to an honest man." "That is why the other kind pocket it."

Black Hats, mid-summer's latest craze. Have an extra hat. \$2.00 values for 69c.

MALLOY'S,
1018 Calhoun St.

TOUGH SYSTEM IS SUCCESS

Private Known as "Lucky Bill" Tells Comrade How to Secure a Pension From the Government.

Private William McDermott, better known to his comrades as "Lucky Bill," was being examined by the regular army surgeon in order to have his claim for a pension verified. In his right hand he carried a heavy stick which he used as a support. Each step was accompanied with a conspicuous limp, while his face was contorted almost beyond recognition, as with pain.

"What's the matter with your leg?" asked the surgeon.

"Shot, just below the knee," returned "Lucky Bill."

The surgeon examined the injured limb, winked at his assistant, and turned again to the applicant.

"Why, man, there's nothing wrong with your leg," he said. "Your wound is almost entirely healed, and while it may cause you to limp a little it will never hinder you from making a living."

"Oh, yes, it will," argued Bill. "But how?" asked the surgeon.

Bill hesitated a moment. Then his face brightened. "I'm a song-and-dance artist," he said; "maybe you can tell how I'm going to dance with a stiff leg?"

Bill got his pension. When he returned to camp a friend asked him how he made out.

"First rate," answered Bill; "why don't you go over?"

"I would if I had been injured," answered his friend.

"You lost the tip of your index finger, didn't you?" said Bill. "Just tell them you are a typewriter and use the touch system."

Library Etiquette in Kansas.

Don't throw down the quarter or dime as if your real intention was to make holes in the delivery desk, says the Kansas Industrialist. The fine charged on your overdue book is only a reward for your own carelessness, and, contrary to the ideas of some persons, is neither a peace offering to the librarian nor a contribution to her pin money box.

If you must chew gum, seek the privacy of your own room. Do not approach the delivery desk during the operation. Many a librarian has been called a "grouch" because she did not hasten to serve a careless schoolgirl, who accosted her thus (between chews): "Say, I wish you'd get me sumpin' on George Eliot, or, if there ain't anything about him, Dickens 'll do." Any librarian is delighted to help every borrower to get the most good from the library, but, like the gods, she pleases to help those who help themselves by being courteous.

Not Easily Perturbed.

"The American girl," said Mayor Almelle, at a bachelor dinner in Richmond, "is noted for her beauty and intelligence, and she is also noted for her adroitness. Circumstance can never confound her."

"A typical American girl, young and beautiful, sat with her clear eyes fixed ardently on the orbs of a young man who, seated at her side, poured forth his soul in a declaration of love. 'Suddenly the girl's brow darkened. A look of pain overspread her face. With a queenly gesture she silenced the love-stricken youth."

"Wait, wait!" she cried. "The next moment the sneeze came, and at once the ardent and tender glow stole back into her eyes, and, laying her hand on the young man's sleeve, she murmured: "As you were saying, Alfred?"

Pickets Saved Child's Life.

Falling three stories to be unhurt, a two-year-old child named Phillips had a notable escape from death at Weehawken, N. J., the other day. The child had been left alone for a few moments in a room of his parents' house, when he climbed on a chair in front of an open window and gazed out. Later his mother heard a scream and rushed into the room to find the child gone. He had crawled out of the window and had fallen three stories. The frightened mother rushed down the stairs and found the baby unhurt. He had just grazed a picket fence and the pickets had caught his clothing, held him for a moment, and then dropped him gently to the pavement.

His Indefinite Status.

"What brought you to this sad situation?" inquired the jailer. "I got caught between stations," answered the graffer. "I couldn't be on the level and I wasn't strong enough to figure as the man higher up."

Nearly Washed.

Ragged Haggard—You had a mighty close call in dot lodgin' house fire, didn't you? Seldum Fed—Bet yer neck! Dem firemen squirted water within two feet o' me!—Puck.

Turn of Phrase.

The Cigar Smoker (facetiously)—Still studying the sea, professor? You must know it upside down by now. The Professor (feelingly)—Say, rather, inside out!—Sketch.

Reason Enough.

"Mr. Jinks has canceled all social engagements. Has there been a death in the family?" "No, they are hunting for a house."

On the Trolley.

"They say there is always room at the top." "Not always. Sometimes you can't even get a strap."

RAINFALL WAS HEAVY.

Precipitation Is Attended by Much Thunder and Lightning.

Rainfall aggregating 1.56 inches came with the terrific thunderstorm which burst upon Fort Wayne about midnight last night and continued almost without

FATHER ACTS AS HOST

PARENT OF YOUNG WOMAN ENTERTAINS HER BEAU.

Papa at Least Did His Best to Interest Elsie's Friend and Unnecessarily Saved Her the Trouble, Perhaps.

"Speaking of parents and daughters," said Van Patter, "let me remark that parents are pretty dense sometimes."

"Now, there's Elsie, my niece. She's the prettiest thing that ever happened. She has light, fluffy hair and long, curly lash; that make a fellow feel as if he were standing on top of a lightning rod and looking down at the world about a thousand feet below. Elsie is one of those dainty little creatures who would make a gorilla act like a piano salesman, or, at least, wish that he could."

"Elsie's father is as dense as a sack of meal. It has never occurred to him that Elsie is old enough to have a beau."

"The other evening a young fellow dropped in. Young fellows are mighty apt to drop in when there is a girl like Elsie around. Elsie and her father were sitting in the library when the young man appeared. The old man was finishing a cigar and Elsie was just sitting there looking like peaches and cream."

"The old man invited the young fellow to have a cigar and began to be polite and entertaining. He chatted and imparted information and asked polite questions and inquired about his parents and ran the whole gamut of stereotyped conversation."

"The young man took hold and talked back. They went around like a 60-day race without either of them getting fagged and having to drop out. Elsie just sat there, taking no part at all in the talk. Along about ten o'clock, when they had done 40 laps, the old man began to wobble a little. Once or twice he asked questions he had asked before—nice, polite questions. He was reassured as to the health of the young man's mother three times, and was also informed several times as to the young man's father's welfare. Elsie sat there as light and airy and untroubled as a butterfly."

"About the 60th lap, when it was getting along toward eleven o'clock, the old man was all in. He was wabbling all around the track. He was no longer rational. Part of the time he didn't talk at all. The young man also had a sort of baffled, anxious look. But Elsie was as translucent as a purring stream—calm, sweet, serene."

"Very soon after eleven the young man left. Elsie's father stretched himself and sighed: 'My gracious! How in the world do you suppose that young man happened to come here tonight and make such a visit? He is the worst to entertain I ever saw! I like his father, all right, but that fellow is a regular bore! I've been wanting to go to bed for two hours, and there I had to sit up and talk to that young spud!'"

"Elsie never turned a hair. She was as smiling as a summer's morning. She gurgled like a merry brooklet. But she offered no theories as to the visit."

No Discrimination.

A southern statesman, now a member of congress, tells of the negro view of politics still entertained in certain sections of the south.

"Marso Tom," once said an old dandy to this gentleman, "I hears yo gwine to jine in dis race for goven nor."

"Dick," said the statesman, "I have given the matter no thought." "Well," he continued, "ef yo' does run, Marso Tom, and yo' does git elected, don't forgit me. I wants a job." And he grinned broadly.

"What job would you like?" "Well, sah, I'd jest like to black boots roun' de statehouse."

"And what would you expect for that service?" "Oh, 'bout \$4 a day, Marso Tom. Four dollars a day would be reasonable. Dat's what de yuther legislators gits."—From Judge.

Factor in the Calculation.

Politician (arranging for music at political meeting)—Isn't that a big price? You may not have to play half a dozen times during the whole evening.

Brass Band Leader—That's all very well. But, my dear sir, you must always remember we have to sit there and listen to the speeches.—Puck.

His Job.

"How are the plans for your new house coming along?" "Splendidly. My wife has finally laid out all the cupboards she wants, and now all the architect's got to do is to build the house around them."

Leads to Indigestion.

Mrs. Bacon—Don't you think a little knowledge is a dangerous thing, dear? Mr. Bacon—If it is a little knowledge about cooking, I certainly do.

A Pressing Need.

"Why was it necessary for Mrs. All cash to undergo an operation?" "I guess it was because the surgeon's wife wanted to go to Europe."

Shifting the Blame.

Bill—Poets are born, not made, you know. Jill—Of course; blame it all on the poor stork.

cessation until daylight. Fortunately, the wind velocity did not at any time exceed 34 miles per hour, and little or no damage from lightning has been reported. The storm followed an extremely warm day with 93 degrees as the high temperature mark registered.

Sentinel Want Ads Pay.

IF IT'S
HERE IT'S
WORTHY.

RURODE'S

IF IT'S
WORTHY,
IT'S HERE
FIRST.

THE JULY SALE IN ITS SECOND WEEK

Money Saving Opportunities at Every Turn

SILK DRESSES

All of our handsome, stylish Silk Frocks are specially priced for this event. The reductions are drastic, and made without any regard for the real worth. No better Silk Dresses could be made. The regular prices are very low.

Dresses worth from \$35.00 to \$45.00 \$25.00 Dresses worth from \$30.00 to \$32.50 \$20.00	Dresses worth from \$22.50 to \$25.00 \$15.00 Dresses worth from \$12.50 to \$15.00 \$8.75
---	--

Clearing Out Sale of Wool Dresses

Our entire stock of the most stylish dresses; perfectly tailored and handsomely trimmed—

HALF PRICE

Clearing Out Sale of Linen Coats

Four groups, each one the limit of value—

\$1.75, \$3, \$4.50, \$5.85

Clearing Out Sale of Linen Suits

Every one of our pretty Linen Suits of imported linen, in exclusive designs

HALF PRICE

Clearing Out Sale of Wool Skirts

One hundred stylish, strictly Tailored skirts of high quality—

\$2.95

Figured Lawn Kimonos

Beautiful, cool and comfortable, house garments; formerly priced \$1.25 and \$1.75—

75c and \$1.13

Japanese Crepe Kimonos

In Japanese and Persian colors and decorations. Handsome, serviceable garments.

90c to \$2.50

WAYNE KNIT HOSIERY

One hundred dozen of the best product of this famous mill, bought at price concessions that we extend to you. They represent the latest fashionable shades, and are all fresh stock, just opened. During the July Sale—

HALF PRICE

IF TIME Is Money Then Save Time

These want ads are the "original little time savers."

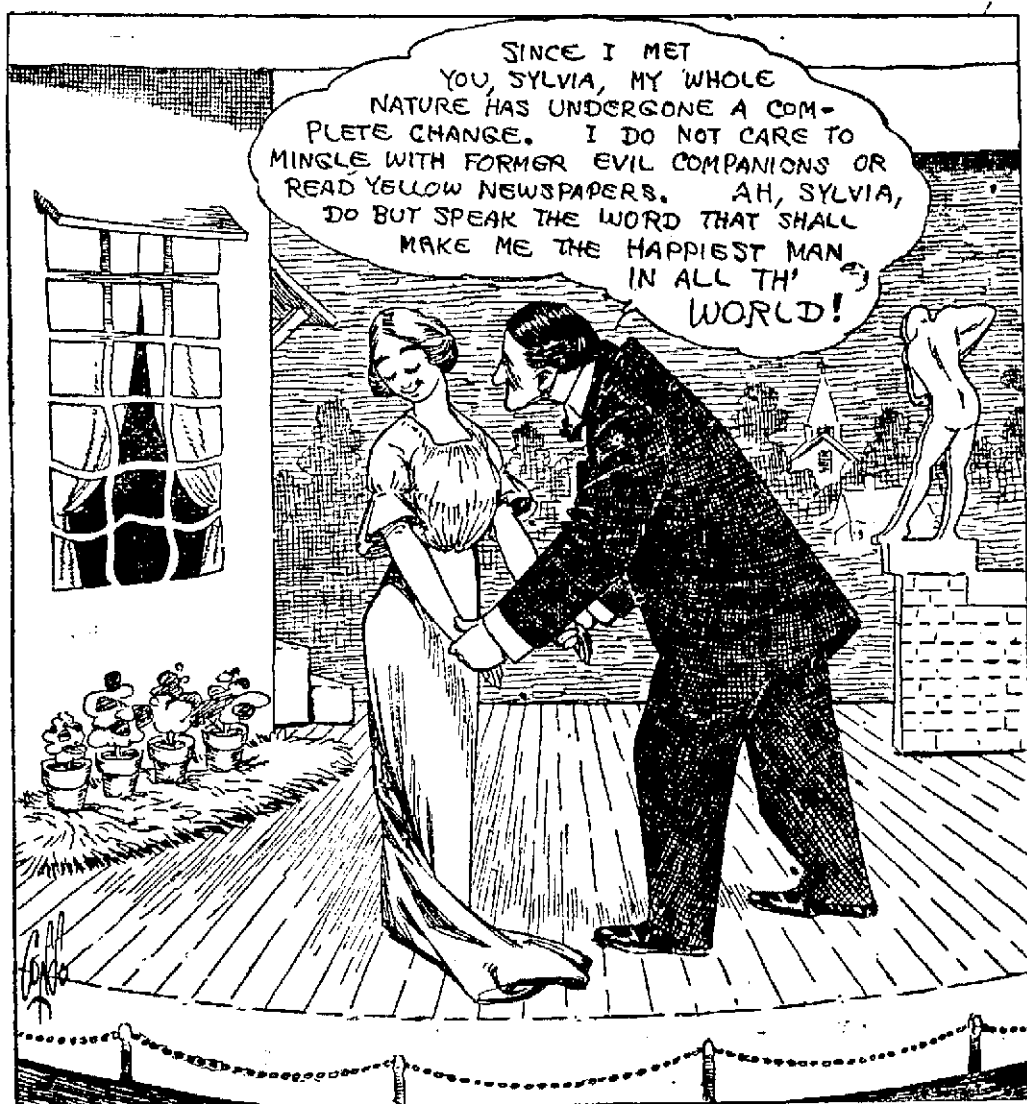
If you have anything for sale—even your services--the Sentinel want ads will save you much time in finding a buyer.

They are a great convenience--use them.

Phone 173

DRAMAGRAPHS

By Condo



730 CALHOUN ST.
FRANK DRY GOODS CO.
 FT. WAYNE, IND.

Our Cost Clearing Sale Continues ALL THIS MONTH

Every Dept.—Every item in stock contained in our entire store subject to decisive clearing prices

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS IT

Tremendous Sale of Ladies' and Misses' DRESSES

A consignment of 200 Imported Ramie Linen Dresses—in all shades—artistically tailored.

\$15.00
Dresses **\$8.75**

Call Early Tomorrow for Your Particular Size and Shade.

WANTS TO SEE HOW POOR LIVE

Miss Lord Leaves Wealth to Study Chances of the Poor Girl.

WHAT SHE CONCLUDES

Los Angeles, Cal., July 14.—Forgetful of great wealth, of high standing in Chicago, New York and Washington, and completely ignoring her club and suffrage affiliations, Miss Florence Lord, graduate of Smith college, in a search after the truth concerning sociological conditions, has recently been engaged in selling chiffon over the counter of a local department store.



MISS FLORENCE LORD, Rich Girl Who Sold Chiffons in Los Angeles Department Store to Study Sociological Conditions.

Miss Lord, whose family is so well known in Chicago that she says she "couldn't get away with it there," came to the far west to try her experiment, and in her obscure position has sold yards and yards of chiffon while she took in with alert eyes what went on around her.

"I will state," declared Miss Lord, "that I am most favorably impressed with the opportunities offered the young working woman if she is willing to work and to use her brains as well as her hands."

"I haven't a standard of comparison because I didn't work in the eastern cities, but I shall do it before I stop, and when I finish my experiments I shall publish them all. I want to say that my employers were awfully 'white' to me, but perhaps I was lucky. I could have earned a really good salary if I had remained."

Library Tables of quality at Foster's.

Airships
 Are Going Up
 Our Prices
 Are
 Going Down

THE SALE OF ALL SALES

OUR JULY CLEARANCE SALE CONTINUES TO BE A WINNER

Not a sale of shoddy remnants, but an offering of crisp, new seasonable merchandise at phenomenally low prices. The knife of reduction has been busy here. Decision is necessary, for time is limited and the best go first.

This Week's Leaders

Embroideries

We offer all our Embroideries, Flouncings, All-Overs, Edgings, Gallons, Etc., at such ridiculously low prices you will just have to buy if you see them.

Flouncings \$1c to \$2.15
 All-Overs 48c to \$1.69

A Voile Flouncing Special

45-in. 75c value at 59c

THE CHANCE YOU'VE LONG WAITED FOR

July Clearance Sale Coats and Suits

AT VERY LOWEST PRICES DASHING STYLES

\$14.00 Coats, now \$ 5.00
 \$22.00 Coats, now \$10.00
 \$35.00 Coats, now \$18.00

ALL CHILDREN'S COATS AT COST

\$16.00 Suits, now \$ 8.00
 \$30.00 Suits, now \$10.00
 \$40.00 Suits, now \$15.00

The Talk of the Trade

Our Dress Sale

UNCOMMON VALUES

FOR LITTLE MONEY OUR PLEASURE TO SHOW THEM

65c Children's Dresses 59c
 \$1.50 Children's Dresses 98c
 \$1.50 Nifty Percale and Gingham Dresses 88c
 \$2.50 Guaranteed fast color Gingham Dresses \$1.59
 \$8.00 Ratine, Voile and Linen Dresses \$5.00

SPECIAL

VELVET AND LEATHER PURSES

Regular 50c and 75c Purses at 39c

Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 Purses at 79c

SPECIAL

LAWNS AND VOILES

12½c and 15c Lawns in all new patterns at 10c

25c Voiles in blue, tan, pink and brown stripe at 21c

SPECIAL

PETTICOAT SALE

85c Gingham Petticoats 47c

\$1.50 Cotton Messaline Petticoats 98c
 \$3.00 Silk Messaline Petticoats \$1.95

SPECIAL

See Our Special Princess Slips, Combination Suits and Gowns at only

98c

The Myers Dry Goods Company —904— Calhoun St.
 WE ARE AGENTS FOR PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS.

LOWLY PRETZEL IS JUDGED FOOD

Missouri Attorney General in Ruling Says That They Must Go.

AS DO FREE LUNCHES

What a pretzel is: A biscuit in the shape of a knotted ring, made of wheat flour and dipped in hot lye and sprinkled with salt. Used as a relish.—Webster's New Cosmopolitan Dictionary.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 14.—The lowly pretzel, with which so many are familiar, is classed as a food and a relish by Assistant Attorney General W. T. Rutherford in an official opinion, and is banished from Missouri saloons along with other free lunch by the Kennedy law, which went into effect June 23.

This opinion was furnished to Patrick Larkin, secretary of the Kansas City police department, who asked the attorney general to say legally whether the pretzel is a food and comes within the scope of the anti-free lunch law.

Attorney General Barker assigned Rutherford to write the opinion, he being the only assistant who professed to know anything about the origin and habitat of the pretzel.

"Only men with good teeth can tackle the pretzel without first soaking it in their beer, and get away with it. The pretzel belongs in the hard, flinty classification along with diamonds, glass, etc.," Mr. Rutherford says unofficially.

Since the law prohibiting free lunches went into effect the saloon men have been pestered, the attorney general is advised, in regard to the pretzel proposition. Pretzels never have been classed as food by saloon men or their customers, either, it seems, so pretzels continued to occupy a position of honor in the Kansas City saloons.

After getting Webster's definition of pretzel, and what he already knew of its edibility, Mr. Rutherford came to the conclusion that the pretzels might lure a good many people to the saloons who otherwise would stay away.

The pretzel opinion in part follows: "The legislature made it unlawful to give free lunches in any place where liquors are sold."

"What being one of the staple articles of food, and pretzels being made from wheat flour, it is certainly food within all the definitions herein given, and, of itself, lunch, within the definitions herein given, and the rules of construction cited. The pretzel being cooked in hot lye, it would evidently require some strong drink for a wash."

"The premises considered, I beg to advise you that it is the opinion of this department that it would be unlawful to serve pretzels free in any place where liquors are sold."

Canada's 1911 herring catch aggregated 2,251,273 hundredweight.

SHE IS ADVOCATE OF NEW MARRIAGE

Longfellow's Daughter is in Sympathy of Eugenic System

AS DAUGHTER DOES

Cambridge, Mass., July 14.—Mrs. Richard Henry Dana, daughter of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, the "golden-haired Edith" of many of that poet's happiest hours, is a firm advocate of the eugenic marriage. Her daughter, now Mrs. Robert H. Hutchinson, was the first bride to be married under a "eugenic" marriage service in Massachusetts, the ceremony being performed at Manchester. Her son, Edmund T. Dana, was married a year ago by an ethical ceremony, a ritual of his own conception.

Richard H. Dana, the father, was chairman of the last Episcopal convention in Boston and Mrs. Dana, the poet's daughter, has always been a devout church member. Therefore, the marriage of their children without church or clergyman or formal vows of any sort has quite amazed the conservative circles of Bay State society. Mrs. Dana said:

"When you have a socialist son and a socialist daughter with very energetic ideas on ethical marriages and eugenic unions, all you can do is to be philosophical."

"Both Mr. Dana and myself would have preferred to have had a church wedding and a clergyman to officiate. But when the young folks get started it's pretty hard to stop them. I don't know as we would want to stop them. I am a firm believer in the rights of the individual. It was my daughter's marriage, and if she preferred to break away from traditions and have a civil contract rather than a religious ceremony, it was for her to decide."

"I could only guide and direct, not command, in a matter of this sort. I suppose it will always be this way—each new succeeding generation evolving new ideas and different ideals. There will always be old people and young people, and the young people will always shock the old people, I imagine, but what are we to do about it? My husband and I were married with the church marriage service."

"I myself believe in socialistic principles to a certain extent, although I haven't gone as deeply into the subject as the children have. I am quite in sympathy with the eugenic portion of my daughter's marriage. I believe all marriages should be on that basis."

A Good Investment.

W. D. Magli, a well known merchant of Whitewater, Wis., bought a stock of Chamberlain's medicine so as to be able to supply them to his customers. After receiving them he himself was taken sick and says that one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was worth more to him than the cost of his entire stock of these medicines. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

COAL AND WOOD.

—Best Grades of Coal—
 COKE, CHARCOAL, WOOD AND KINDLING AT
Fort Wayne Coal Co.
 Phones 1031 and 1903.
 WEIGHTS GUARANTEED.

For best quality Anthracite and Domestic Coal at Lowest Prices. Call

OLDS COAL CO.

Home Phone 6034. Estl. 1881.

City Coal and Supply Co.
 H. C. HEINE, Manager.

Anthracite Coal, all sizes
 Yards, Nickel Plate and Lafayette
 Phone 3022.

Wm. Kaough Coal Co.
 COAL, COKE, WOOD, ETC.

Yards at Lake Shore Tracks, West of Wells St.

—Phone 502—

HARD AND SOFT COAL

Orders Filled Promptly. All Grades

Both Phones 135

GEO. H. KRUDOP

Satisfactory Grades of

Hard and Soft Coal

Prompt Delivery

Phones 550 and 1410.

Yards 1320 Hayden

NIEZER & CO.

Up-To-Date Shoe Repairing Shop

111 West Main St.
 In basement below Charles Shoe Shining Parlors.
 First-class work guaranteed and done while you wait. Give us a trial and be convinced.

UNDERTAKERS

KLAHN & MELCHING

UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS
 221-223 E. Washington Boulevard.
 Office—Home Phone 228.
 Best of Service at Reasonable Prices.
 PRIVATE AMBULANCE.

GETZ & CAHILL

UNDERTAKERS
 1031 Calhoun St.
 Open Day and Night.
 Both Phones 69.

SCHONE & ANKENBRUCK

UNDERTAKERS
 PHONE 1
 HOME 317
 BELL 923
 COR. BERRY & BARN STREETS

C. J. ULMER

Undertaking Parlors
 216 E. MAIN STREET.
 Phone 128.
 Residence Phone 1210.

J. C. Peltier & Son

UNDERTAKERS.
 Both Phones No. 25.
 117 WEST WAYNE ST.

CHALFANT, MANLOVE & BLOOM

Funeral Directors.
 130 W. Washington St.
 Phone 362.

Heston & Ryan

Funeral Directors.
 Professional Embalmers. Private Ambulance.
 1908 SOUTH CALHOUN ST.
 Phone 6549.

Moving?

Don't forget to send us your old and new address, so that you may not miss a single issue of

The Sentinel

Telephone 173.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

STUDIO SYMPTOMS : By Condo

EXPEDITION TO
TEACH INDIANS

Fast Disappearing Red Men
Are Being Made to Feel
Patriotism

IN NATIONAL FLAG

Kansas City, Mo., July 11. Making its way at present among the Kiowa, Comanche, Apache and Wichita Indians in Western Oklahoma is an interesting and unusual expedition. At its head is Dr. Joseph Kossuth Dixon, of Philadelphia, Pa., a close student of Indian affairs for fifteen years, who goes with the authority of President Wilson.

Good Time Now
for Blood Health

Blood Disorders Gone to Stay.
A few doses of that wonderful blood purifier, S. S. S., will start activities in the cellular tissues of the body and soon show decided changes in the skin. The skin is but a fine network of tiny blood vessels, and the specific action of S. S. S. is declared to be a pronounced stimulation of the activity of these cells. Certain it is that in a surprisingly short time any skin eruption shows a most remarkable change; it begins to dry up, the skin scales off in tiny flakes, and soon a layer of clear, healthy and firm tissue results. The reason for this is in the peculiar stimulation of S. S. S., which enables the cells in the skin to select from the blood the nutrient it requires for regeneration.
You can obtain S. S. S. at any well stocked drug store, if you insist upon it, but be sure you are not talked into something "just as good."
S. S. S. is prepared by the Swift Specific Co., 180 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Write for their illustrated book on skin diseases.

and Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior. Dr. Dixon was sent out by Indian Commissioner, who has financed two other expeditions to the North American Indians, and its purpose is to arouse among the various Indian tribes patriotism and loyalty to the flag.

The expedition is composed of Inspector James McLaughlin and other assistants to Dr. Dixon and departed from New York city in a special car June 3. It will be on the road for at least six months and in that time will visit all of the eighty-nine tribes of Indians within the United States at sixty-six reservations. It will swing around a great circuit reaching from New York down through Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona, California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, the Dakota, Wisconsin, New York state and back to New York city. In all the members of the party will travel 20,000 miles by rail, more than 2,000 miles by stage and 315 miles by water, to reach all the reservations and all of the tribes of Indians living thereon.

An Indian Memorial in New York.
The dedication of the Indian memorial, for which ground was broken at Fort Wadsworth, in the lower New York harbor on Washington's birthday anniversary last February, was really the first step. Present at these ceremonies, in which President Taft took part, were thirty-two Indian chiefs from several reservations, who pulled the halcyons that raised an American flag to the top of a staff, following the ground-breaking ceremonies. In so doing they swore allegiance and friendship to the white man and the white man's flag, under which they have dwelt for many years without feeling that it really was their flag, too.

Upon this site, within view of incoming ships laden with visitors to America's shores, will rise a handsome memorial building, designed as a museum. In it Indian lore will repose. Surmounting it will be a lofty pedestal bearing a heroic figure of the American Indian, holding in one hand the stone bow, the other an arrow as a signal of peace. It is a belated attempt to do justice to the historic interest attached to a fast disappearing race of people. The memorial is being erected by Mr. Wanamaker.

An Impressive Flag Ceremony.
At each of the Indian reservations visited by the expedition an American flag will be given to the tribe by Dr. Dixon. This emblem will be raised by the Indians with impressive ceremonies, which Dr. Dixon believes will appeal to the Indian's natural sense of reverence and so awake within him true loyalty. At each of the presentations the Indians will hear a phonographic record of a short address by President Wilson, the great white father, and one by Secretary Lane. They spoke a message to the Indians in Washington and the sound

of their voices will thus be heard on each reservation.
The program at each tribal headquarters will close with the singing by the chiefs of a declaration of allegiance to the United States government, prepared by representatives of eleven tribes who participated in the ground opening for the National American Indian memorial at Fort Wadsworth last February.

Causes of Stomach Troubles.
Sedentary habits, lack of out door exercise, insufficient mastication of food, constipation, torpid liver, worry and anxiety, overeating, partaking of food and drink not suited to your age and occupation. Correct your habits and take Chamberlain's Tablets and you will soon be well again. For sale by all dealers. Adv.



Deadly Weapon.
If Japanese invade our land Carnegie says he'll take a gun. And when he's learned to shoot it straight. He'll put the Jap man on the run. Still Andy could defeat them all By plugging them with Scotch high ball.

Surprising Cure of Stomach Trouble.
When you have trouble with your stomach or chronic constipation, don't imagine that your case is beyond help just because your doctor fails to give you relief. Mrs. G. Stegbe, Plainfield, N. J., writes: "For over a month past I have been troubled with my stomach. Everything I ate upset it terribly. One of Chamberlain's advertising booklets came to me. After reading a few of the letters from people who had been cured by Chamberlain's Tablets, I decided to try them. I have taken nearly three-fourths of a package of them and can now eat almost everything that I want." For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

LEGAL NOTICE—PUBLIC NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that a petition for a stone road in Monroe township, known as the Row stone road, was filed in the auditor's office of Allen county, Indiana, on the 12th day of July, 1913, and the same will be presented to the board of commissioners of Allen county, Indiana, on the 9th day of August, 1913, for a hearing. Which petition is as follows:
State of Indiana, Allen county, ss:
In the Commissioners' Court of Allen county, Indiana.

of the County of Allen and State of Indiana:
We, the undersigned, freeholders and voters of township twenty-nine (29) north, range fifteen (15) east, known as Monroe township, of Allen county, in the state of Indiana, petition your honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, under sections 7711 to 7725, inclusive, Burns Revised Statutes, 1908, and all acts amendatory thereto, for the draining, grading and paving of the following described highway in said Monroe township, of Allen county, Indiana, to-wit:

Commencing at the intersection of section nine (9), township twenty-nine (29) north, range fifteen (15) east, with section seventeen (17), said township and range aforesaid at a county free gravel road, running thence east between sections nine (9) and sixteen (16), ten (10) and fifteen (15), said township and range aforesaid, to the township, county and state line.

Your petitioners recommend that the width of said above described highway shall be and remain the same as it now is, but that the roadbed shall be made to the width of 24 feet. That the north half of said roadbed, from the center thereof, shall be paved with stone to a depth of 14 inches, and to a width of 10 feet, as follows: Six inches of 24-inch stone, as will pass through a 24-inch sieve; 5 inches of 14-inch stone and 3 inches of fine screenings of stone, such as is generally used for macadam stone roads.

That the south half of said road shall be and remain a mud road, and that the gravel upon said road shall be taken from the part which is to be stoned and placed on the part which is to remain a mud road; and that this shall be packed so as to make a good solid road.
That said road shall be drained with the on both sides of road and that the drain shall be placed so as not to interfere with any other public drains now in existence, but no open ditch shall be placed on said road.
That said road, if constructed, will be of public utility and will be a benefit to the people of Monroe township.

Said road, over two-thirds of its length, is a line for the United States rural mail route, and is less than three miles in length and connects a free gravel road of the county with the corporate limits of Monroeville.
Your petitioners further pray of this honorable board of commissioners that for the improvement of said road, bonds be issued by the honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, under the provisions of the above-cited sections, and that such bonds shall be issued in series, payable in not less than ten years, and in the denominations named in the aforesaid act.
Wherefore, your petitioners pray of this honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, to establish a macadam road over said highway, as prayed for in this petition, and under the recommendations made therein, and for all other and further relief in the premises.

Tested A. Row.
Daniel A. Row.
David Martin.
Jacob B. Hart.
Joseph B. Hart.
Henry F. Buehler.
Frank Neudtine.
Charles L. Meyer.
Thomas H. Griffith.
Samuel Scott.
James O. McCormick.
Oliver V. Gilbert.
John A. Schaub.
John A. Schaub.
Guy K. Grubbs.
George E. Guthrie.
John Goodin.
Harry C. Wright.
Charles J. Smith.
John L. Lomiller.
John F. Lomiller.
Joseph D. Morgan.
Oll Taylor.
Edward M. Johnston.
David A. Row.
Eugene M. Walker.
Simon S. Baker.
D. A. Swartz.
Joseph A. Wherry.
Daniel Sheehan.
William Erwin.
Philip Fry.
Alfred Leuenberger.
Henry Carrier.
Thomas J. Sheehan.
Wayne M. Hart.
Oliver Hart.
James Minard.
John Neudtine.
Joseph Clem.
Lewis M. Propbet.
Reuben Miner.
Harry V. Vizard.
James C. Cowan.
H. Claude Weirman.
John W. Edwards.
John W. Edwards.
William O. Sweeney.
John F. Heinfield.

Henry Schlemmer.
Daniel Bottenberg.
Daniel Bottenberg.
Joseph E. Peters.
Daniel E. Kaufman.
Thomas J. Sheehan.
Charles Stimmers.
Samuel Row.
Olynthus J. Trover.
Wm. C. Stimmers.
W. H. Cradell.
Omer H. Hardy.
Oliver P. Marquart.
Gilbert F. Fensler.
Charles D. Stephenson.
L. W. Thompson.
Joe Parin.
Charles Rosswurm.
Henry Rosswurm.
John L. Sheehan.
Frank VanBuskirk.
Attest: CALVIN H. BROWN,
Auditor Allen County, Indiana.

LEGAL NOTICE—PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition for a stone road in Monroe township, known as the Sheehan stone road, was filed in the auditor's office of Allen county, Indiana, on the 12th day of July, 1913, and the same will be presented to the board of commissioners of Allen county, Indiana, on the 9th day of August, 1913, for a hearing. Which petition is as follows:
State of Indiana, Allen county, ss:
In the Commissioners' Court of Allen county, Indiana.

In re-petition for stone road in Monroe township, known as the Sheehan stone road.
To the Honorable Board of Commissioners of the County of Allen and State of Indiana:
We, the undersigned, freeholders and voters of township twenty-nine (29) north, range fifteen (15) east, known as Monroe township, of Allen county, in the state of Indiana, petition your honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, under sections 7711 to 7725, inclusive, Burns Revised Statutes, 1908, and all acts amendatory thereto, for the draining, grading and paving of the following described highway in said Monroe township, of Allen county, Indiana, to-wit:

Commencing at the northeast corner of section four (4), of the northeast corner of section three (3), township twenty-nine (29) north, range fifteen (15) east, running thence east on said section line between said sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) and eight (8) and seventeen (17), township and range aforesaid, to the intersection of the southwest corner of section nine (9) and the northeast corner of section seventeen (17), said township and range aforesaid, and connecting there with a county free gravel and macadam road.

Your petitioners recommend that the width of said above described highway shall be and remain the same as it now is, but that the roadbed shall be made to the width of 24 feet. That the north half of said roadbed, from the center thereof, shall be paved with stone to a depth of 14 inches, and to a width of 10 feet, as follows: Six inches of 24-inch stone, as will pass through a 24-inch sieve; 5 inches of 14-inch stone and 3 inches of fine screenings of stone, such as is generally used for macadam stone roads.
That the south half of said road shall be and remain a mud road, and that the gravel upon said road shall be taken from the part which is to be stoned and placed on the part which is to remain a mud road; and that this shall be packed so as to make a good solid road.
That said road shall be drained with the on both sides of road and that the drain shall be placed so as not to interfere with any other public drains now in existence, but no open ditch shall be placed along said road.
That said road, if constructed, will be of public utility and will be a benefit to the people of Monroe township.

Said road is a line for the United States rural mail route, and is less than three miles in length and connects a free gravel road of the county with the corporate limits of Monroeville.
Your petitioners further pray of this honorable board of commissioners that for the improvement of said road, bonds be issued by the honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, under the provisions of the above-cited sections, and that such bonds shall be issued in series, payable in not less than ten years, and in the denominations named in the aforesaid act.
Wherefore, your petitioners pray of this honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, to establish a macadam road over said highway, as prayed for in this petition, and under the recommendations made therein, and for all other and further relief in the premises.
Tested: Thomas J. Sheehan.
Eugene M. Walker.
Simon S. Baker.
D. A. Swartz.
Joseph A. Wherry.
Daniel Sheehan.

Our Cut Prices Will Compel
You to Buy

WE HAVE THE "DOLLAR ARGUMENT" UP BEFORE YOU WHEN YOU COME TO OUR STORE. FRIENDSHIP CEASES WHEN IT COMES TO MONEY.

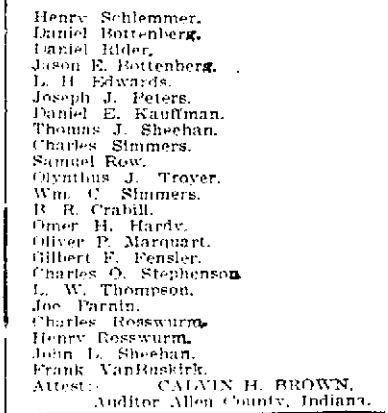
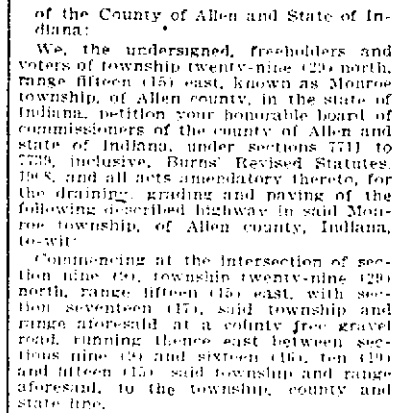
WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS, ONLY BECAUSE IT WILL PAY US TO GET IT. TO GET YOUR BUSINESS WE KNOW WE MUST MAKE IT PAY YOU.

OUR GARMENTS ARE ALL WOOL WHEN WE SAY THEY ARE; IF WE MISREPRESENT ANYTHING WE WILL LOSE YOUR CONFIDENCE, LOSE YOUR TRADE. WE WANT BOTH.

IF WE GET YOUR CONFIDENCE WE WILL GET YOUR TRADE; IF WE GET YOUR TRADE WE WILL GET YOUR CONFIDENCE. BEGIN.

Kratzsch & Schroeder

613 Calhoun St.



William Erwin.
Philip Fry.
Alfred Leuenberger.
Henry Carrier.
L. W. Thompson.
Joe Parin.
Charles Rosswurm.
Elijah Krick.
Wayne M. Hart.
Oliver Hart.
Dan Slattery.
James Minard.
John Neudtine.
Joseph Clem.
Curtis O. Reynolds.
Lewis M. Propbet.
Reuben Miner.
James O. McCormick.
James O. Gilbert.
Oliver V. Gilbert.
H. Claude Weirman.
John W. Edwards.
John W. Edwards.
Henry Krick.
John W. Meeks.
George Ireland.
Louis Wright.
Harry Clem.
Charles J. Smith.
Daniel A. Row.
Charles D. Stephenson.
Samuel Row.
Olynthus J. Trover.
Wm. C. Stimmers.
W. H. Cradell.
Omer H. Hardy.
Oliver P. Marquart.
Gilbert F. Fensler.
Charles D. Stephenson.
L. W. Thompson.
Joe Parin.
Charles Rosswurm.
Henry Rosswurm.
John L. Sheehan.
Frank VanBuskirk.
Attest: CALVIN H. BROWN,
Auditor Allen County, Indiana.

inches of 14-inch stone and 3 inches of fine screenings of stone, such as is generally used for macadam stone roads. That the east part of said road shall be and remain a mud road, and that the gravel upon said road shall be taken from the part which is to be stoned and placed on the part which is to remain a mud road; and that this shall be packed so as to make a good solid road.
That said road shall be drained with the on both sides of road and that the drain shall be placed so as not to interfere with any other public drains now in existence, but no open ditch shall be placed along said road.
That said road, if constructed, will be of public utility and will be a benefit to the people of Monroe township.
That said road is a line for the United States rural mail route, and is less than three miles in length, and connects a free gravel road of the county with the corporate limits of Monroeville.
Your petitioners further pray of this honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, to establish a macadam road over said highway, as prayed for in said petition, and under the recommendations made herein, and for all other and further relief in the premises.

LEGAL NOTICE—PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition for a stone road in Monroe township, known as the Sheehan stone road, was filed in the auditor's office of Allen county, Indiana, on the 12th day of July, 1913, and the same will be presented to the board of commissioners of Allen county, Indiana, on the 9th day of August, 1913, for a hearing. Which petition is as follows:
State of Indiana, Allen county, ss:
In the Commissioners' Court of Allen county, Indiana.

In re-petition for stone road in Monroe township, known as the Sheehan stone road.
To the Honorable Board of Commissioners of the County of Allen and State of Indiana:
We, the undersigned, freeholders and voters of township twenty-nine (29) north, range fifteen (15) east, known as Monroe township, of Allen county, in the state of Indiana, petition your honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, under sections 7711 to 7725, inclusive, Burns Revised Statutes, 1908, and all acts amendatory thereto, for the draining, grading and paving of the following described highway in said Monroe township, of Allen county, Indiana, to-wit:

Commencing at the northeast corner of section four (4), of the northeast corner of section three (3), township twenty-nine (29) north, range fifteen (15) east, running thence east on said section line between said sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) and eight (8) and seventeen (17), township and range aforesaid, to the intersection of the southwest corner of section nine (9) and the northeast corner of section seventeen (17), said township and range aforesaid, and connecting there with a county free gravel and macadam road.

Your petitioners recommend that the width of said above described highway shall be and remain the same as it now is, but that the roadbed shall be made to the width of 24 feet. That the north half of said roadbed, from the center thereof, shall be paved with stone to a depth of 14 inches, and to a width of 10 feet, as follows: Six inches of 24-inch stone, as will pass through a 24-inch sieve; 5 inches of 14-inch stone and 3 inches of fine screenings of stone, such as is generally used for macadam stone roads.
That the south half of said road shall be and remain a mud road, and that the gravel upon said road shall be taken from the part which is to be stoned and placed on the part which is to remain a mud road; and that this shall be packed so as to make a good solid road.
That said road shall be drained with the on both sides of road and that the drain shall be placed so as not to interfere with any other public drains now in existence, but no open ditch shall be placed along said road.
That said road, if constructed, will be of public utility and will be a benefit to the people of Monroe township.

Said road is a line for the United States rural mail route, and is less than three miles in length and connects a free gravel road of the county with the corporate limits of Monroeville.
Your petitioners further pray of this honorable board of commissioners that for the improvement of said road, bonds be issued by the honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, under the provisions of the above-cited sections, and that such bonds shall be issued in series, payable in not less than ten years, and in the denominations named in the aforesaid act.
Wherefore, your petitioners pray of this honorable board of commissioners of the county of Allen and state of Indiana, to establish a macadam road over said highway, as prayed for in this petition, and under the recommendations made therein, and for all other and further relief in the premises.
Tested: Thomas J. Sheehan.
Eugene M. Walker.
Simon S. Baker.
D. A. Swartz.
Joseph A. Wherry.
Daniel Sheehan.

SENTINEL WANT
ADS ALWAYS
GET RESULTSWORDS BY SCHAEFER
MUSIC BY CONDO

Osgar Pirates the Death Scene in "Queen Elizabeth"

